NOTICE OF A REGULAR MEETING
OF THE OLIVENHAIN MUNICIPAL WATER
DISTRICT'S FINANCE COMMITTEE
1966 Olivenhain Road, Encinitas, CA 92024
Tel: (760) 753-6466 • Fax: (760) 753-1578
VIA TELECONFERENCE AND IN PERSON

Pursuant to AB 3035, effective January 1, 2003, any person who requires a disability related modification or accommodation in order to participate in a public meeting shall make such a request in writing to the District for immediate consideration.

DATE: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 2022

TIME: 10:30 A.M.

PLACE: HYBRID REGULAR MEETING VIA TELECONFERENCE AND IN PERSON

Pursuant to the State of California Executive Order, and in the interest of public health, OMWD is temporarily taking actions to mitigate the COVID-19 pandemic by holding Finance Committee meetings electronically or by teleconference. This meeting will be a hybrid of, in person and teleconference. Our Boardroom will be open to the public.

To join this meeting via phone, please dial:

(669) 900-9128 or (253) 215 8782 Meeting ID: 878 2545 7146 and Password: 002494

Note: Items On the Agenda May Be Taken Out Of Sequential Order As Their Priority Is Determined By The Committee

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL (FINANCE COMMITTEE MEMBERS: TREASURER, BOARD MEMBER, AND STAFF APPOINTED BY THE GENERAL MANAGER)
- 3. ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA

- 4. PUBLIC COMMENTS
- 5. CONSIDER APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE OCTOBER 4, 2022 SPECIAL FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING
- 6. REVIEW AND DISCUSS FISCAL YEAR 2021-22 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- 7. REVIEW AND DISCUSS QUARTERLY INVESTMENTS AND CASH REPORTS (3RD QUARTER 2022)
- 8. ANNUAL REVIEW OF INVESTMENT POLICY FOR 2023 AND DISCUSS PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE DISTRICT'S BOARD DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES (RESERVES) POLICY FOR 2023
- 9. REVIEW STAFF'S REPORT ON THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLANS FUNDING STATUS WITH CALPERS AND DISCUSS STAFF'S RECOMMENDED PENSION FUNDING PLANS FOR 2022
- 10. CONSIDER FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS
- 11. ADJOURNMENT

MINUTES OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE OF OLIVENHAIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

October 4, 2022

A special meeting of the Finance Committee of Olivenhain Municipal Water District was held on Tuesday, October 4th, 2022, at the District office, 1966 Olivenhain Road, Encinitas, California via teleconference and in person.

President Watt called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m. In attendance were Lawrence A. Watt, Board President; Director Guerin, Board Treasurer, Kimberly Thorner, General Manager; Rainy Selamat, Finance Manager; Leo Mendez, Accounting Supervisor; and Jared Graffam, Financial Analyst II.

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL (BOARD MEMBERS)

3. ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA

Director Guerin moved to adopt the agenda, seconded by Director Watt and carried unanimously.

4. PUBLIC COMMENTS

There were no public comments.

5. <u>CONSIDER APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE AUGUST 9, 2022, REGULAR FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING</u>

Director Watt moved to approve the August 9, 2022, meeting minutes, seconded by Director Guerin and carried unanimously.

6. CONSIDER AND DISCUSS WATER RATES AND CHARGES FOR 2023

Finance Manager Selamat presented the Staff-proposed 2023 rate increases for potable and recycled water services, and OMWD fire meter charges totaling a 5.9% revenue adjustment, including the Rate Reimbursement Credit approved by the Board early 2022. Finance Manager Selamat noted the 5.9% revenue adjustment is above the original 5% increase planned for 2023. The planned 5% revenue adjustment was

forecasted as part of 2019 Water Cost of Service study and based on historic inflation rates.

Finance Manager Selamat reported the 5.9% revenue increase is primarily to pass-through purchased water wholesale cost increases from San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA) effective January 1, 2023, and a 6.35% inflationary pass-through based on the over-the-year SDCPI-U increase. Finance Manager Selamat further reported that SDCWA's Board of Directors adopted a 3.7% increase to the County's "All-In" untreated cost per acre foot for calendar year 2023. However, since the actual impact of SDCWA water rate increases varies by each member agency from year to year, the SDCWA 3.7% "All-In" untreated cost per acre foot translates to a 7.5% per acre foot increase to the District's untreated supply rate from SDCWA, and a 1.3% increase in fixed charges from SDCWA effective January 1, 2023. Finance Manager Selamat also stated the District's blended recycled water supply rate already increased by 6.7% in July 2022.

Finance Manager Selamat then presented rate options to keep the District's revenue adjustment around 5%, despite the high annual inflation adjustment. The rate options presented were calculated by Raftelis (the District's Rate Consultant) using the \$499,000 available in the District's Water Operating (Revenue) Fund from attorney fee refunds received from SDCWA to offset (1) the District's System Access Charge by \$1.83 per meter per month, or (2) the District's Commodity Rate of 6.8 cents per unit, as a credit on customer's monthly water bill until the \$499,000 is depleted, which would be about one year. One other option discussed with the Committee and recommended by Raftelis was to postpone using the funds available in the District's Operating Reserves to help reduce the 2024 planned revenue adjustments instead. Finance Manager Selamat stated that purchased water wholesale costs from SDCWA will continue to increase in the future. Meanwhile, the District will have a higher inflation adjustment to pass through next year, which is estimated at around 8%.

Director Guerin commented that not all member agencies utilized rebate payments from SDCWA (specific to unlawful fees charged by MET) the same which has impacted rate comparisons among the different districts. General Manager Thorner responded that OMWD is the only district to spread the refund over 6 years to align with the number of years covered in the lawsuit. Therefore, many other districts may see higher rate increases as their rebate credits roll off.

Director Guerin stated she preferred the option of delaying the additional rebate credit until 2024 when pass-through costs are estimated to be even higher than in 2023. Director Watt added that as a Board member he tries to determine which is the best alternative for the rate payers and agreed that delaying the credit to 2024 would be most beneficial.

Both Director Watt and Director Guerin agreed to bring the proposed 2023 rates and alternative options for the rebate credit to the full board for consideration and discussion at the October 19 meeting.

7. <u>CONSIDER FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS</u>

There were no future agenda items requested.

8. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

The meeting was adjourned at 10:48 a.m.





Memo

Date: November 9, 2022

To: Finance Committee

From: Leo Mendez, Accounting Supervisor

Via: Kimberly Thorner, General Manager

Subject: RECEIVE FISCAL YEAR 2021-22 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INCLUDED

IN THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT AND DISCUSS AUDIT

RESULTS

Copies of the fiscal year 2021-22 audited financial statements are included as part of the attached draft Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The auditors' presentation is also attached. Staff and the auditor, Mr. Ken Pun with The Pun Group, will be available to review the attachments and to discuss the audit results with the Committee at the meeting.

Following Committee review and approval, the materials presented will be included in the December 14, 2022 board meeting packet in their final form for the Board's consideration and approval. A final copy of the ACFR will be distributed to the Board prior to the meeting.



4660 La Jolla Drive, Suite 100 San Diego, California 92122



www.pungroup.cp



, 2022

Board of Directors of Directors and Finance Committee Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 1, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

New Accounting Standards

- In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period (GASB Statement No. 89), to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.





Board of Directors of Directors and Finance Committee Olivenhain Municipal Water District Page 2

- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.

We noted no other new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the District's financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the investment fair market value is based on information provided by the State of California for its investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund and by the Union Bank, the trustee for the District's investments in municipal bonds and U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the investment fair market value in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the depreciation on capital assets is based on the industry standard and past experience on actual useful life of the asset groups. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation on capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Board of Directors of Directors and Finance Committee Olivenhain Municipal Water District Page 3

Management's estimate of the net pension liability is based on the actuarial valuation on total
pension liability and based on audited financial statements on fiduciary net position for
CalPERS plans. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension
liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a
whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure(s) affecting the financial statements were:

- Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- Note 4 Leases Receivable
- Note 10 Employee Retirement Systems
- Note 15 Economic Dependency
- Note 16 Commitments and Contingencies
- Note 17 Segment Information
- Note 18 Restatement of Net Position

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated ______, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Board of Directors of Directors and Finance Committee Olivenhain Municipal Water District Page 4

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Modified Approach for Steel Water Storage Tanks Infrastructure Capital Assets, Schedule of Contributions – Defined Benefit Pension Plans, and Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, as listed in the table of contents, which are Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") that supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were not engaged to report on the Introductory and Statistical Sections, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Finance Committee, Board of Directors, and management of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

San Diego, California

Olivenhain Municipal Water District

Encinitas, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Prepared by: Finance Department



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

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Olivenhain Municipal Water District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) (Continued)

November 9, 2022



Members of the Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District 1966 Olivenhain Road Encinitas, CA 92024-5699

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The purpose of the report is to provide citizens, investors, and other interested parties with reliable financial information about the District.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was prepared by the District's Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with District management. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the District, and that all disclosures necessary to enable readers to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial activity have been included.

The District's financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Reporting Entity

The District is a governmental corporation governed by a publicly elected five member Board of Directors. The District was incorporated in 1959 under the provisions of the <u>California Municipal Water District Act of 1911, section</u> 71000 et.seq. of the <u>California Water Code</u> as amended.

In keeping its books and records, the District has established various self-balancing groups of accounts in order to enhance internal control and to further the attainment of other management objectives. These groups of accounts, which are sub-funds of the reporting entity, are identified in the District's books and records as the General Fund, Water Capacity Fee Fund, Reassessment District 96-1 Fund, 4S Ranch Sanitation District Fund, 4S Regional Recycled Water Fund, 2015 Water Revenue Refunding Bond Fund, 2013 Note Payable Fund, 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bond Fund, 2021A Wastewater (Sewer) Revenue Bond Fund and 2021B Wastewater (Sewer) Revenue Refunding Bond Fund. All significant inter sub-fund transactions and accounts are eliminated in the combination of the accounts of the sub-funds at the end of each fiscal year for the consolidated financial statements of the District as presented in the financial section of this report. More detailed information on the District's accounting policies can be found in note 1 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

General District Operations

The District is operated as an enterprise fund. The finances of the District are kept on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

As an enterprise fund, the District maintains a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results that pertain to each activity. The activities of enterprise funds are similar to regular businesses whereby a governmental agency collects sufficient revenues through rates and user charges to pay for on-going operating expenses and maintaining infrastructure in order to sustain operations.

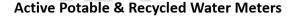
The District's service area is approximately 48.6 square miles. This service area lies within the northern region of San Diego County and includes portions of incorporated areas such as Encinitas, Carlsbad, San Diego, Solana Beach, San Marcos and large portions of unincorporated areas such as 4S Ranch, Rancho Cielo, Rancho Santa Fe, Elfin Forest, and Santa Fe Valley. All these communities are fairly affluent.

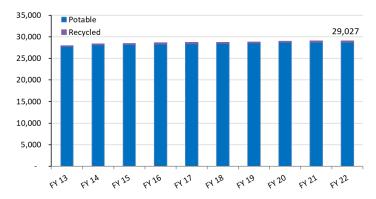
The District is at approximately 95% of its ultimate build-out of approximately 34,400 equivalent dwelling units. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, 69.6% of water delivered was for domestic use, 29.2% for commercial and irrigation use (including construction and recycled water), and 1.2% for agricultural use. The District relies on the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA) as a sole source of untreated water. The District's primary treated water source is the David C. McCollom Water Treatment Plant.

The District provides sewer collection and treatment services to a portion of the District's service area and sells recycled water to golf courses and other customers for irrigation. The District's 4S Ranch Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) collects and treats sewage from two specific areas of the District, Rancho Cielo and 4S Ranch. Sewage is processed in the 4S WRF through various treatment stages to produce California Title 22 tertiary treated recycled water that can be used for unrestricted irrigation purposes. The 4S WRF currently produces approximately 1 million gallons per day (mgd) of its maximum production of 2.0 mgd to meet recycled water demand in the southeast quadrant of the District's service area. In order to meet demand in the southeast, the District also purchases recycled water from Santa Fe Valley Community Services District and City of San Diego.

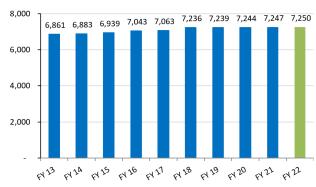
The District also sells recycled water in the northwest of its service area. To meet recycled water demand in the northwest, the District has entered into recycled water purchase agreements with Vallecitos Water District and San Elijo Joint Powers Authority. Recycled water in the northwest is delivered through the utilization of interagency service connections.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District billed 17,417 acre-feet (AF) of potable water through 28,713 active potable water meters and 2,774 AF of recycled water through 314 active recycled meters. The District provided wastewater collection services to 7,250 sewer equivalent dwelling units (EDUs) in 4S Ranch, Rancho Cielo, Santa Luz, and Black Mountain Ranch. Historical information of the District's number of water meters and sewer EDUs is shown in the graphs below.





Active Sewer EDU's



California Drought and Recycled Water Expansion

Drought conditions continue to grip California. The National Weather Service is predicting the continuation of above-average temperatures and below-average precipitation throughout much of the Western United States. A third consecutive La Niña climate pattern predicted by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) could mean critical rain and snowstorms will miss California over the winter. Water supplies from the Colorado River are similarly threatened, with reservoir levels at historic lows. For example, Lake Mead's water level is at its lowest since the lake was first filled in the 1930s. US officials have already cut supplies to Arizona, Nevada, and Mexico in 2022, and have warned that reductions may become necessary in 2023 with even less water available. Metropolitan Water District of Southern California is considering regionwide allocations in 2023.

As a result, Sacramento policymakers are bracing for a fourth consecutive year of drought. In May 2022, California's State Water Resources Control Board adopted an emergency water conservation regulation requiring that all urban water suppliers in California implement Level 2 water use reduction actions outlined in their Water Shortage Contingency Plan. In August, Governor Newsom announced a new water supply strategy focused on accelerating infrastructure projects that would better prepare California for perpetual years of drought. The new plan focuses resources on the development of new water supplies, expanding water storage capacity, increasing water use efficiency, and improving methods to manage water through technology. In September, Governor Newsom signed Senate Bill 1157, which lowers the standard for indoor residential water to 42 gallons per capita daily. If water supply conditions do not improve in the coming months, Governor Newsom has indicated the possibility that mandatory statewide water use prohibitions will be implemented in 2023. San Diego County Water Authority, the county's wholesale water supplier, confirmed that San Diego county has adequate potable water supplies to meet current and future potable water demand. Supplies are available to meet anticipated demands in 2023 and beyond.

To continue to offset its imported water demands, OMWD has worked aggressively to expand the use of recycled water in its service area. This has been achieved largely through interagency coordination with the North San Diego Water Reuse Coalition, a group of water and wastewater agencies for which OMWD provides leadership. To date, the Coalition has received approximately \$5.0 million in Proposition 84 funding, and individual Coalition members have secured additional funds via Proposition 1. These funding sources have contributed \$1.4 million to OMWD's Manchester Avenue Recycled Water Project, which is currently under construction. Further, the Coalition has achieved \$23.9 million in funding from the US Bureau of Reclamation via the Title XVI Water Reclamation and Reuse Program, which has been used to finance qualified Coalition projects.

OMWD is also exploring groundwater as a potable water source, having completed a brackish groundwater desalination feasibility study in the San Dieguito Valley basin. The goal of this facility would be to produce at least one million gallons per day of potable water. OMWD was awarded \$650,000 in grant funding from California's Department of Water Resources and \$175,000 in funding from MWD's Future Supply Funding Program to facilitate the design and construction of a test well in San Dieguito Valley. The results of the one-year pump test were favorable and further confirmed that this project is feasible and will have minimal impact on the greater basin. OMWD also completed an economic analysis with favorable results. OMWD is now conducting project studies intended to inform the decision to potentially move forward with an additional hydrogeologic investigation, siting analysis, and confirmation of water rights.

Meanwhile, OMWD will continue with its conservation outreach and education programs to help its customers conserve water during an on-going drought in order to meet State Water Resource Control Board requirements and water use objectives for retail water agencies.

More information on how the drought could potentially impact the district's finances and future rates can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report.

Internal Controls

District Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to safeguard District assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. When establishing or reviewing controls, management must recognize that the cost to implement a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that in order to assess cost versus benefit, estimates and judgment on the part of management will be required. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. Management believes the current system of internal controls adequately safeguards District assets and provides reasonable assurance that accounting transactions are properly recorded.

Budget Process

The District has a multi-year operating and capital budget that is approved by the board in June of every other year (biennial budget). The District's Budget is used as a management tool for estimating and planning District revenues and expenditures based on historic and current financial information. Having a two-year budget allows the District to redeploy resources to other activities other than budget preparation, such as putting more emphasis into the budget monitoring process, and promotes a longer-term view to see and measure results greater than a 12-month period. The Finance Department prepares estimates for departmental review. Department managers review and revise the estimates. All managers meet several times to discuss the budgets, after which there is a final review by the General Manager prior to submittal to the Board of Directors for their consideration.

The proposed Budget is submitted to the Board within 45 days prior to July 1st of each budget-approval year. The budget does not go into effect until approved by the Board. Once adopted, the budget becomes the parameter for operating and capital expenditures for each fiscal year.

The District has been the proud recipient of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Distinguished Budget Presentation Award and the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) Excellence in Budgeting Award for its budget in previous fiscal years. These awards reflect the commitment of the District's Board of Directors and staff to apply the highest principles of governmental budgeting to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective budget presentation.

The District conducts a mid-term review of its multi-year budget in March of non-budget approval years to analyze actual operating and capital expenditures and compares the numbers to the original budget amounts. The purpose of this review is to present the Board with amended budget amounts when required, due to changes in circumstances that were not anticipated at the time the original budget was developed. Project managers may find after the first half of the budget that some projects need to be accelerated or delayed due to changes in housing development conditions in the District. Progress on status of capital projects is reported to the board during the midterm budget review.

Designated Fund Balances

The District's Designated Fund Balances Policy is adopted by the District's Board of Directors. This policy represents affirmation of the Board's commitment to financial prudence and careful stewardship of community assets. These funds are designated to carry out specific purposes to ensure prudent management of the District's financial resources. The policy specifies minimum and maximum target balances to be established in each Board-designated fund. All fund balances will be subject to review by the Board when the District's annual financial audit is completed to ensure fund balances meet the goals established in the policy.

To ensure adequate funding to meet the District's short-term and long-term planned capital expenditures and its commitment to the community, the maximum target balance of the District's designated fund balance for capital

and equipment for water operations has been adjusted so as not to exceed five fiscal years of approved planned capital expenditures.

Contacting the District's Finance Department

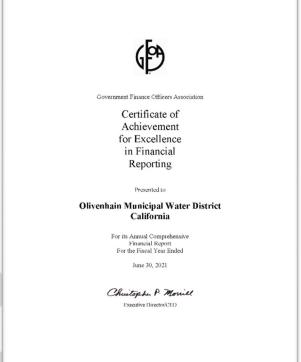
This financial report is designed to provide the Board, customers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the District's financial condition. Should you have any questions regarding the content of this report, please contact Rainy Selamat, OMWD Finance Manager, at (760) 753-6466.

Certificate of Achievement

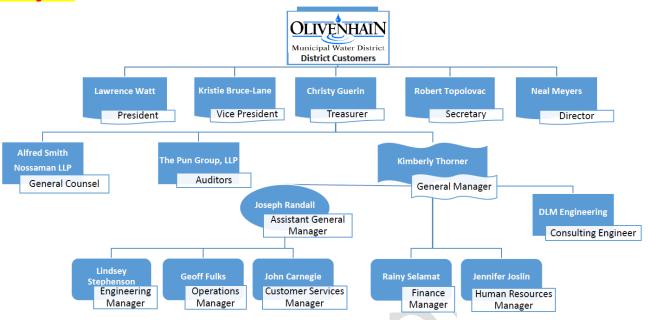
The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Olivenhain Municipal Water District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the 27th consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report

must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



Organization Chart- Replace with Org chart w/ pictures of BOD and GM like last year



The elected five board members delegate management responsibility of the day-to-day operations of the District to an appointed General Manager. The District is an "at will employer." All of the District's employees serve at the pleasure of the General Manager.

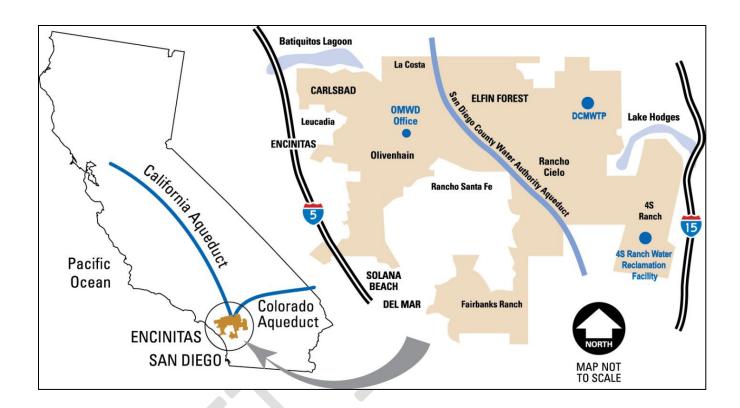
In Memoriam: Director Robert F. Topolovac

Director Robert (Bob) Topolovac, currently the longest tenured board member, serving on the District's board since August 19, 1999, passed away on October 7, 2022.

During his time on the board, Mr. Topolovac, served as Board Secretary and was a past President and past Vice President. He served on the District's Safety, Personnel, Ad Hoc Facilities, Ad Hoc Cybersecurity, and Ad Hoc Public Policy committees. Mr. Topolovac served for over two years as the District's representative to the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA), the District's potable water wholesaler. Mr. Topolovac was Past Chair of SDCWA's Legislative, Conservation, and Outreach Committee, a member of its Administrative and Finance Committee, and a past representative of its Recycled Water Committee. From November 2011 through July 2014, Mr. Topolovac tirelessly represented the District's interests at the regional level. Additionally, Mr. Topolovac impacted regional conservation and outreach efforts, most recently initiating the inclusion of water supply infrastructure lessons in SDCWA's school program.

Mr. Topolovac was a tireless proponent of local government's need to protect the environment while tenaciously pursuing alternative, local water supplies. In Mr. Topolovac's own recent words, "I am honored to have served for the past twenty-three years as a member of Olivenhain Municipal Water District's Board of Directors. During my tenure, we have demonstrated our commitment to improving local water supplies by building a 34 million gallons per day membrane water treatment plant and extensively expanding our recycled water supplies, including bringing a 2 MGD recycled water facility online in the 4S Ranch area of San Diego. We partnered with US Bureau of Land Management and SDCWA on the Emergency Storage Project, which included SDCWA's completion of the Olivenhain Dam and Reservoir, which can hold 24,000 acre-feet of water—enough water for a year for 60,000 typical families of four. We also operate SDCWA's Elfin Forest Recreational Reserve, which surrounds the Emergency Storage Project and was enjoyed by 127,489 visitors in 2021."

District Service Area



Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without support and input from all departments and our independent auditor, The Pun Group, LLP. We would also like to particularly thank the Board of Directors for their continued dedication supporting the highest level of prudent fiscal management.

Respectfully Submitted:

Kimberly A. Thorner, Esq. General Manager

Limberly S. Shorace

Rainy K. Selamat Finance Manager

ainy Kselamat

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District, California (the "District"), which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows, for the years then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of a Matter

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As described in Note 1H and 1V to the financial statements, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 requires the District to record leases receivable and corresponding lease-related deferred inflows of resources for all leases in excess of one year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Modified Approach for Steel Water Storage Tanks Infrastructure Capital Assets, the Schedule of Contributions – Defined Benefit Pension Plans, and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated _______, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District's (District) basic financial statements provides general readers with an overview of the District's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Included in this section are:

- Financial highlights;
- Overview of the accompanying basic financial statements;
- Financial analysis of the District as a whole;
- A discussion of financial restrictions, commitments and limitations.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements. These statements are located in the section following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the following events impacted, or create the potential to impact, the finances of the District:

- On October 27, 2021, the District issued Wastewater (Sewer) Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A in the amount of \$5,042,140 to pay for new wastewater capital improvements. On the same date, the District also issued 2021B Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,932,970 to refund and refinance the existing 2018A Sewer Revenue Bonds at a lower interest rate. 2021A and 2021B bonds were issued through a private placement financing process.
- The District, and its employee association groups negotiated and executed a new Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for 5 years. The new MOU went into effect January 2022.
- On February 16, 2022, the District's Board of Directors approved a 4.3% revenue adjustment
 to water rates and charges to pass through increases in the District's purchased water
 wholesale costs from the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA) and an inflation
 adjustment based on a year-over-year percent change in the San Diego County Consumer
 Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U). The proposed revenue adjustment resulted in
 rate increases to the District's rates and fixed charges that became effective with water
 consumption beginning on March 1, 2022.
- In May of 2022, Fitch reviewed and reconfirmed the District's AAA bond rating on the 2015A and 2016A Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds.

- In June of 2022, the District's Board of Directors adopted a Pension Funding Policy to address the District's pension costs and Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL).
- The District's Board of Directors approved a 3% increase to the District's wastewater (sewer) rates and charges effective July 1, 2022, consistent with the sewer rate ordinance adopted by the board in May 2021.
- Total Revenues decreased in comparison to the prior year due to fluctuations in the District's
 water demand from changes in weather conditions and as a result of large unrealized losses
 on investments compared to prior years. Decreases to Other Non-Operating Revenues
 compared to the prior year are due to large refund payments received from the
 Metropolitan Water District that were recognized in fiscal year 2021, and the selling of a
 district parcel of land in the same year (Gaty).
- Total Expenses increased primarily due to the increased cost to purchase water from the District's potable and recycled water suppliers and increased operational costs related to labor, benefits, and supplies.
- Total Assets increased primarily due to unspent bond proceeds from the issuance of the 2021A Wastewater (Sewer) Revenue Bonds that were issued in fiscal year 2022. The bond proceeds will be used for the District's wastewater (sewer) rehabilitation and betterment projects. See Note 8 to the financial statements for more information on the new debt issuances. The increase in Total Assets was partially offset by a decrease in Net Capital Assets due to depreciation, which decreased the carrying value of the District's Capital Assets.
- Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased from prior year due to amounts from the District's pension that vary from year-to-year based on California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) actuarial assumptions and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 reporting requirements. More information on the District's pension plan can be found in Note 10 of the financial statements.
- Total Liabilities decreased due to a decrease in Net Pension Liability, which fluctuates from year-to-year based on California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) actuarial assumptions and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 reporting requirements.
- Deferred Inflows of Resources increased from the prior year also due to CalPERS actuarial
 assumptions and GASB Statement No. 68 reporting requirements. The District's recognition
 of additional lease receivables for leases of land to comply with GASB Statement No. 87 –
 Leases also attributed to the increase over 2021. The District is a lessor for leases of land,
 primarily cell tower sites, and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources
 related to these leases.

- The District's Net Position as of June 30, 2022 decreased slightly by \$111 thousand compared to fiscal year 2021. The slight decrease was primarily due to a large unrealized loss recognized in 2022 for the District's investments. During fiscal year 2022, short term U.S. treasury yields increased, and the fair market value of existing investments held by the District decreased, resulting in unrealized losses. Since the existing holdings are held to maturity and are highly rated securities, the District does not expect to realize the losses. A decrease in the carrying value of the District's capital assets from year-to-year depreciation also contributed to this slight decrease in net position.
- The District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Statement No. 92 "Omnibus", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 87, and a Suppression of GASB Statement No. 32", and GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences".

More information about the overall analysis of the District's financial position and results of operations is provided in the following sections.

Overview of the Financial Statements

For financial statement purposes, the District combines several internally maintained funds into one enterprise fund. The financial statements present the financial position, results of operation, and changes in cash balances using the accrual basis of accounting. This methodology is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises, where services provided are paid through user charges.

Required Basic Financial Statements

The required financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the District. Each financial statement is identified, defined, and analyzed in the following sections.

The Statement of Net Position includes the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. This statement provides financial information about the nature of investments and ownership (assets), consumption of net position that applies to future periods (deferred outflows), obligations of the District to its bond investors and creditors for all purchases made (liabilities), and acquisition of net position that applies to future periods (deferred inflows). The Statement of Net Position also assesses the liquidity and financial position of the District.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position accounts for all activities during the fiscal year. This statement measures the success of the District's operations during the reporting period and can be used to assess whether or not the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its user fees and other charges. This statement also measures the District's profitability and ability to meet its financial commitments.

The Statement of Cash Flows accounts for the District's cash activities during the reporting period. The primary purpose of this report is to provide information to the general reader about cash inflows and outflows which occurred during the reporting fiscal year. This statement shows cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in cash balances based on operating, capital and related financing, noncapital and related financing, and investing activities. The Statement of Cash Flows helps the reader answer the following questions: Where did cash come from? What was cash used for? And, what was the change in cash during the fiscal year?

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The following statements contain a summary of financial information that was extracted from the basic financial statements to assist general readers in evaluating the District's overall financial position and results of operations as described in this MD&A. Increases or decreases in these statements can be used as performance indicators to assess whether the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated. At the same time, other external factors such as changes in economic conditions, growth, and legislative mandates should also be considered as part of this assessment.

Net Position

Net Position is the difference between assets acquired, owned, and operated by the District plus its deferred outflows of resources, and its amounts owed (liabilities) plus its deferred inflows of resources. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), capital assets acquired through purchase or construction by the District are recorded at historical cost. Capital assets contributed by developers are recorded at developers' bonded cost. Net Position represents the District's net worth including, but not limited to, capital contributions received to date and all investments in capital assets since formation. Net Position helps answer the following question: "Is the District, as a whole, better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?"

Highlights of Statement of Net Position

	Fiscal Year ended June 30					
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>			
Current Assets - unrestricted	\$ 93,308,859	\$ 91,582,199	\$ 83,453,494			
Current Assets - restricted	12,899,002	7,333,291	8,395,922			
Capital Assets, net	375,023,442	381,987,256	386,472,114			
Noncurrent Assets- unrestricted	9,955,712	7,188,378	0			
Other Noncurrent Assets	35,463	82,997	134,183			
Total Assets	491,222,478	488,174,121	478,455,713			
Deferred amounts on refunding	1,016,228	1,191,088	1,381,668			
Deferred amount from pension	2,731,692	3,585,712	3,368,573			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,747,920	4,776,800	4,750,241			
Current Liabilities - unrestricted	14,158,293	13,721,685	14,875,300			
Current Liabilities - restricted	158,941	211,991	1,803,176			
Compensated Absences, long-term	939,187	916,576	719,612			
Net Pension Liability	7,819,768	14,608,845	13,760,679			
Long-term Debt	47,776,080	48,280,027	53,252,734			
Total Liabilities	70,852,269	77,739,124	84,411,501			
Deferred amount on pension	6,995,887	425,243	722,696			
Deferred amount on leases	9,796,852	7,350,346	0			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,792,739	7,775,589	722,696			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	328,824,196	330,855,961	330,720,795			
Restricted Net Position	7,727,859	7,121,300	6,592,746			
Unrestricted Net Position	70,773,335	69,458,948	60,758,217			
Total Net Position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$ 398,071,758			

For a detailed discussion regarding the changes in total net position, please see the section for the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position in the following pages.

Current Assets - unrestricted: an increase in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021, and an increase in 2021 compared to 2020. The increases were due to a combination of fluctuations in water sales from changes in water demand due to weather conditions, changes in sewer revenue collected, unrealized losses on the District's investments and settlement proceeds received from the MWD settlement.

Current Assets - restricted: an increase in fiscal years 2022 compared to 2021 due to an increase in restricted cash from the issuance of the 2021A Water Revenue Refunding bonds to help finance the District's wastewater (sewer) improvement projects. The decrease in 2021 compared to 2020 was due to a 2021 increase in cash spent on the District's significant Construction in Progress (CIP) projects, including the Administration Building Improvement (Building D), the San Elijo Valley Groundwater, and the El Camino Real Pipeline replacement projects.

Capital Assets, net: a decrease between fiscal years 2022 and 2021, and a decrease between fiscal years 2021 and 2020. These decreases are primarily due to increases in accumulated depreciation, which decreased the carrying value of the District's Capital Assets. The decreases were partially offset by increases in capital assets from Construction in Progress (CIP) projects that were put in service. See note 6 of the District's financial statements for more details on the District's capital assets.

Noncurrent Assets- unrestricted: an increase between fiscal years 2022 and 2021, and an increase between fiscal years 2021 and 2020. These increases were due to the District's implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 87 – Leases, which required the District to recognize a noncurrent asset for the lease payments that are expected to be received during the lease term of the District's leases, which are primarily composed of cell tower sites. The District has 16 existing agreements for cell tower sites, which generate other non-operating revenue for the District. The district implemented GASB 87 starting in fiscal year 2021, and the receivable increased in 2022 due to the extension of lease agreements, which increased the recorded noncurrent asset.

Other Noncurrent Assets: a decrease between fiscal years 2022 and 2021, and decrease between fiscal years 2021 and 2020. These decreases were due to payments made on loan receivables issued by the District to qualified Home Owners' Associations (HOA) under the Recycled Water Loan Program. The program, which was implemented in fiscal year 2017, offers financial assistance in the form of low-interest loans to qualified HOAs that retrofit their potable water irrigation system to recycled water.

Deferred Outflows of Resources: In 2022, the District had Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$3.7 million, a decrease of \$1.0 million compared to fiscal year 2021. In 2021, the District had Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$4.7 million, a decrease of \$1.0 million compared to fiscal year 2020. A portion of the change in the District's Deferred Outflows was from pension amounts that vary from year-to-year due to changes in pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date, differences in actual and expected experience, assumption changes, proportion changes, and net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, as required by GASB Statement No. 68. The remaining change in the District's Deferred Outflows is due to a deferred loss on refunding for the Water System Revenue Bonds (\$1.0 million and \$1.2 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively). More information on the District's Longterm debt can be found in Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

Current Liabilities – unrestricted: an increase between fiscal years 2022 and 2021, and a decrease between fiscal years 2021 and 2020. The increase in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021 was due to an increase in the current portion of long-term debt from the issuance of new Wastewater Revenue Bonds during fiscal year 2022. The decrease between fiscal years 2021 and 2020 is due to a decrease in the

District's payables related to large Construction in Progress (CIP) projects and payables related to purchases for District operations.

Current Liabilities – restricted: decreased in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021, and significantly decreased in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020. The decreases were due to the payment of restricted payables related to the District's large construction projects. The significant decrease in 2021 compared to 2020 included payments for payables related to the District's Administration Building Improvement Project (Building D). Construction of the Building D project commenced in fiscal year 2019 and was completed in fiscal year 2021.

Compensated Absences, long-term: increased in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021, and increased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. The increase is primarily due to increases in accrued benefits from new labor MOU. In fiscal year 2022, the District implemented GASB 101 – Compensated Absences and accrued the Social Security and Medicare portion of the District's compensated absences liability, which contributed to the increase in 2022.

Net Pension Liability: a decrease of \$6.8 million in 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021 and an increase of \$848 thousand in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020. Net Pension Liability is reported at \$7.8 million for fiscal year 2022 and is based on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Classic and Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) plans under the CalPERS retirement program. The District's Net Pension Liability was calculated by CalPERS based on CalPERS actuarial assumptions. CalPERS reported a significant return from investments in their fiscal year 2022 actuarial report. The District's Net Pension Liability was \$14.6 million and \$13.7 million for fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Long-term Debt: a slight decrease in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021 and a decrease in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020. The decreases were due to the District's regular payments on outstanding debt. The long-term debt section doesn't contain the "current" amounts; thus, it will always decrease by the following years' payments on outstanding loans. Long-term Debt decreased only slightly between 2022 and 2021 due to the issuance the new 2021A and 2021B bonds during fiscal year 2022. For more information on the Districts outstanding bond debts and payment schedules see Note 8 to the financial statements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources: The District's had Deferred Inflows of Resources of \$16.8 million in fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$9 million compared to 2021. The District had Deferred inflow of resources of \$7.8 million in fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$7.0 million compared to fiscal year 2020. The increase in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021 was due to an increase the deferred inflows on the District's pension plan, which vary from year-to-year due to CalPERS actuarial assumptions and GASB 68, as described in the above Net Pension Liability Section. The increase in 2021 compared to 2020 was primarily due to the District's 2021 implementation of GASB 87 – Leases. GASB 87 requires that the District recognize a deferred inflow of resources for the District's leases, which are primarily composed of cell tower sites.

Total Net Position: decreased slightly between fiscal years 2022 and 2021 by \$111 thousand. Total Net Position increased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. The slight decrease between 2022 and 2021 was primarily due to the large unrealized loss recognized in 2022 for the District's investments as a result of rising treasury yields, which decreased the fair market value of existing investments. A decrease in the carrying value of the District's capital assets from year-to-year depreciation also contributed to this slight decrease in net position. The Net Position increase between 2021 and 2020 was primarily due to an increase in water sales, capacity fee charges, and other non-operating revenues received from the sale of the District's Gaty Parcel and the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) legal settlement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

While the Statement of Net Position focuses on the District's financial position at June 30 of each year, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position summarizes the District's operations during the year. Revenues are recognized (recorded) when water or services are provided, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Operating revenues and expenses are primarily related to the District's core activities (potable water, recycled water, and wastewater service). Non-operating revenues and expenses (investment income, property taxes, and capacity charges) are not directly related to the core activities of the District.

Water Operations

During fiscal year of 2022, the District provided potable water and recycled water services to 29,027 active meters. Water services include reading and billing water meters on a monthly basis, a back-flow prevention program, meter maintenance, water quality services, and other on-site services as requested by District customers, including testing meters for accuracy and checking for water leaks.

The District's five board members have independent rate-setting authority. The District's rate structure for monthly water service fees is comprised of three components: commodity charge, monthly system access charge, and SDCWA Infrastructure Access Charge. The District's rates and charges are set to cover the cost of providing water services, such as system administration costs, operations and maintenance expenses, and capital improvement and replacement needs.

On December 11, 2019, the District's Board of Directors adopted an ordinance that allowed the District to pass through to its water customers, for the following five years: (1) increased costs in Purchased Wholesale Water from the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA), (2) increases to the District's Cost of Operations and Maintenance and Capital Facilities based on over-the-year percent change in the San Diego Consumer Price Index for All Urban Customers (CPI-U); and (3) any increases in water rates or any other charges mandated and imposed by the State of California. A 2019 Water Cost of Service Study was the basis for allocating costs and calculating the proposed adjustments and increases to the District's water services charges, and a Proposition 218 hearing was held on November 13, 2019 to consider public comment. Per the ordinance, the District's total of annual pass-through increases shall not exceed 9%

per year through December 31, 2024.

About 75% of the District's water revenues are collected from commodity charges. The District's commodity charge for domestic customers consists of a tiered rate structure with higher rates per unit of water as the level of consumption increases, a water conservation-based pricing. Commodity revenues vary from month to month depending on water consumption. Commodity rates for domestic customers range from \$3.68 to \$7.09 per unit (one unit equals 748 gallons of water).

About 25% of the District's water revenues are collected from fixed monthly system access charges. The District's fixed monthly system access charge is established on the basis of meter size of the property receiving water service. Average customers with a ¾ inch meter pay a typical bill of \$40.41 per month for their monthly system access charge. SDCWA Infrastructure Access Charge is imposed by SDCWA on District water meters for the purpose of recovering certain SDCWA infrastructure costs. Average customers pay a typical bill of \$4.24 per month for their monthly SDCWA Infrastructure Access Charge.

The District's water pricing remains competitive compared to other water districts in the County.

Wastewater (Sewer) Operations

The District's 4S Ranch Water Reclamation Facility (4S WRF) collects and treats sewage effluent from two areas within its boundaries, 4S Ranch and Rancho Cielo. These service areas, comprised of a wide variety of commercial, industrial, and residential uses, encompass a total of approximately 4,000 acres.

In May of 2021, the District's Board of Directors adopted an ordinance that authorized the District to pass through to its sewer customers, for the next five fiscal years (fiscal year 2022 – fiscal year 2026), cost increases to collect, treat, and dispose of sewage and cost to maintain the 4S Ranch Wastewater and Reclamation Facilities within the 4S Ranch Sanitation District. These increases were also necessary for the planned construction of wastewater capital improvements needed to replace and refurbish the District's aging wastewater facilities. The Board of Directors adopted a 2% revenue increase adjustment effective July 1, 2021 and 3% increases thereafter on July 1st of each fiscal year for fiscal years 2023-2026.

The District's sewer rate consists of two components: a system access charge, which is a fixed charge; and a commodity charge, which reflects each customer's wintertime water use. The wintertime water use (December through March) for each single family residential customer is capped at 10 hundred cubic feet (HCF). The cap of 10 HCF was based on the 90th percentile of minimum wintertime water usage. Other sewer customer types (multi-family and commercial) are billed commodity charges based on their monthly water usage, as these customers have separate irrigation meters. Revenue derived from the rates and charges is used for the recovery of operations and maintenance costs of the District's sewer operations, as well as capital improvement expenditures.

Sewer service fees are billed via the property tax roll and collected by the County of San Diego Property Tax Services Division. Currently, the District bills approximately 7,250 equivalent dwelling units (EDUs)

for wastewater discharged from residential and commercial customers.

Recycled Water Operations

The 4S Ranch Water Reclamation Facility (4S WRF) is capable of treating wastewater effluent to California Administrative Code Title 22 levels so that treated water from this plant can be used for irrigation purposes in the southeast portion of the District's service area. The District also buys recycled water from other agencies to supply its recycled water demand in the southeast as well as the northwest portion of the District's service area. Recycled water sold by the District to its retail customers is either produced at the 4S Ranch Water Reclamation Facility or purchased from Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District, the City of San Diego, San Elijo Joint Powers Authority, and Vallecitos Water District.

Recycled water revenues are collected from commodity rates and a monthly system access charge. The District adopted a uniform rate structure for collecting recycled water user fees based on monthly water consumption. The recycled commodity rate is currently billed at \$3.79 per unit (one unit equals 748 gallons of water).

The District continues to expand its recycled water system in the southeast and northwest recycled water service areas. The board approved the Recycled Water Retrofit Loan Program in 2017. This program offers financial assistance in the form of low-interest loans to qualified Home Owners' Associations' (HOA) that retrofit their potable water irrigation system to recycled water.

Highlights of Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

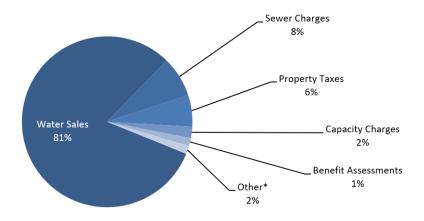
	Fiscal Year ended June 30					
		2022		2021		2020
Revenues						
Operating Revenues:						
Water Sales	\$	57,747,540	\$	58,169,813	\$	50,430,847
Sewer Charges		5,480,926		5,127,136		4,952,194
Other Operating Revenues		1,303,126		1,461,229		2,200,252
Total Operating Revenues		64,531,592	-	64,758,178		57,583,293
Non-Operating Revenues:						
Property Tax Revenues		4,242,794		4,027,357		3,863,252
Capacity Charges		1,530,925		2,754,730		3,200,022
Benefit Assessment Revenues		1,058,241		1,177,302		1,115,704
Investment Income		402,702		454,962		1,227,969
Fair Market Value Adjustment		(2,467,642)		(562,019)		314,639
Other Non-Operating Revenues		2,237,334		6,592,672		91,836
Total Non-Operating Revenues		7,004,354		14,445,004		9,813,422
Total Revenues		71,535,946		79,203,182		67,396,715

Expenses

Operating Expenses:			
Cost of water sold	31,265,804	30,601,983	27,188,350
Depreciation	16,075,980	15,559,523	15,029,936
General and administrative	7,774,311	7,041,160	7,326,820
Pumping and water treatment	4,322,820	4,378,418	4,139,526
Transmission and distribution	4,485,962	4,220,269	4,090,468
Sewer collection and treatment	2,170,341	2,085,237	1,980,603
Customer services	2,067,655	2,348,700	2,404,916
Facilities maintenance	1,387,010	1,363,564	1,456,702
Elfin Forest Recreational Reserves	428,174	415,386	381,540
Other Operating Expenses	304,037	228,939	329,185
Total Operating Expenses	70,282,094	68,243,179	64,328,046
	_		
Non-Operating Expenses:			
Interest Expense, net	1,327,814	1,419,009	1,457,739
Other Non-Operating, net	606,602	1,076,547	1,458,033
Total Non-Operating Expenses	1,934,416	2,495,556	2,915,772
Total Expenses	72,216,510	70,738,735	67,243,909
Income (loss) before Capital Contributions	(000 504)	0.404.447	450.007
Capital Contributions	(680,564)	8,464,447	152,897
·	569,745	899,998	3,236,226
Changes in Net Position	(110,819)	9,364,445	3,389,123
Paginning Not Position			
Beginning Net Position	407,436,209	398,071,764	394,682,641
For the standard Davidson			
Ending Net Position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$ 398,071,764

Revenues

Sources of Revenues Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



^{*}includes Other Operating Revenues, Other Non-operating Revenues, Investment Income, and the fair market value adjustment on the District's investments.

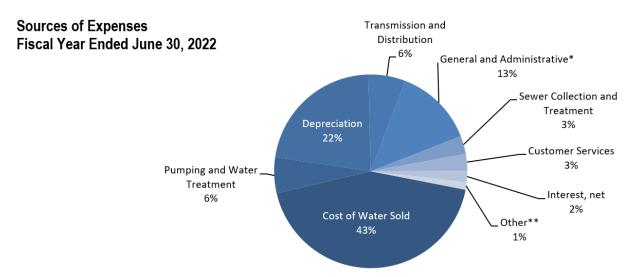
Total Revenues: as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, total revenues were \$71.5 million, a 9.7% decrease compared to fiscal year 2021. Total revenues in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020 were \$79.2 million, a 6% increase compared to fiscal year 2020. The change in 2022 compared to 2021 was due to a decrease in capacity fees collected due to a slowdown in housing activities, large unrealized losses on the District's investments form the fair market value adjustment, and a decrease in other non-operating revenue. This decrease in other non-operating revenue was due to gain on sale from selling of district's parcels to pay a portion of the administrative and building improvement project costs (Building D) and the settlement proceeds from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD). These items were recognized as revenue in fiscal year 2021. The increase in 2021 compared to 2020 was due to the sold parcel and settlement, and an increase in customers' water consumption.

Operating Revenues: Slightly decreased between fiscal years 2022 and 2021 due to lower water consumption. This decrease in water consumption was offset by the 4.3% revenue adjustment to 2022 water rates and charge. Operating revenues increased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020 due to higher water consumption in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020. Fluctuations in water sales are due to year-to-year changes in customers' water consumption behaviors which vary depending on weather conditions. Revenues from sewer charges increased from 2021 and 2020 due to increases in sewer rates and charges by 2% and 3% respectively.

Other Operating Revenues: decreased in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021 and decreased in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2022. The decrease is due to lower sales in treated water services sold from the David C. McCollom Water Treatment Plant (DCMWTP) to other agencies and fluctuations in the revenue recognized during the fiscal year for deposits collected for billable work for others.

Non-operating Revenues: decreased in fiscal year 2022 due to an increase in unrealized losses on investments. As short term U.S. treasury yields increased the fair market value of existing investments held by the District, with lower yields than currently available, decreased resulting in an unrealized loss for the District. The District does not expect to realize the losses because the existing holdings are held to maturity and they are highly rated securities. The decrease is also due to a decrease in capacity fee receipts from a slowing down housing market, and a decrease in other non-operating revenues from the sale of one of the District's parcels of land (Gaty) and Metropolitan Water District settlement proceeds recognized in 2021. The recognition of revenue for these two items are also the primary reason for the increase in Non-operating revenues in 2021 compared to 2020. Fluctuations in the amounts collected from the District's property tax revenues, capacity charges from developers, and benefit assessment revenues from the 96-1 Reassessment District Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds also contributed to the changes in Non-operating revenues over the years.

Expenses



^{*}includes Facilities Maintenance and Elfin Forest Recreational Reserve Expenses.

Total Expenses: fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 reported expenses were \$72.2 million. Included in Total Expenses were \$70.3 million in Operating Expenses and \$1.9 million in Non-operating Expenses. Total Expenses reported in fiscal years 2021 and 2020 were \$70.7 and \$64.3 million, respectively.

Operating Expenses: increased in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021 and increased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. This increase was primarily due to the increased cost to purchase water from the District's potable and recycled water suppliers. The District also experienced increased costs for chemicals and materials related to its operations as a result of rising inflation. The increase in costs across fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020 are also due to an increase in salary and wages based on the 2021 Memorandum of Understanding between the District, its District Employee Association, and the Bargaining Unit Members Associations, and increases in the San Diego CPI.

Other Non-operating Expenses, net: decreased in fiscal years 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021 and decreased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. These differences primarily resulted from the fluctuations in the recorded losses on the disposal of capital assets that were retired earlier than their placed in service date.

Income (loss) before Capital Contributions & Capital Contributions

Income (loss) before Capital Contributions: decreased in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021 and increased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. These fluctuations were primarily due to changes in water sales, and revenue recognized in 2021 due to the sale of the District's parcel of land (Gaty), and the District's portion of the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) legal settlement received in 2021. Fiscal year 2022 income was also decreased due to an increase in unrealized losses on investments and a decrease in capacity fees collected.

Capital Contributions: decreased in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021, and decreased in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020 due to fluctuations in contributed assets received from major developers. At 95% build out, the District had fewer contributed assets in fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021 and 2020.

Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to a decrease of \$110 thousand. The Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, amounted to an increase of \$9.4 million and an increase of \$3.4 million, respectively. The fluctuations over the last three fiscal years were primarily attributed to the aforementioned changes in Total Revenues from water sales, capacity charges collected, the parcel of land sale (Gaty), and the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) legal settlement recognized in 2021. Fair market value adjustments to the District's investments and depreciation expense on the District's capital assets also contributed to the change in Net Position.

Restrictions, Commitments, and Limitations

Capital Assets and Improvement Program

Condensed Schedule of Capital Assets

	As of June 30, 2022			
Description				
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	\$ 336,597,401	\$ 340,390,744	\$ 329,339,416	
Land and Steel Tanks	30,866,760	30,866,760	31,000,564	
Construction In Progress	7,559,275	10,729,766	26,132,135	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 375,023,436	\$ 381,987,270	\$ 386,472,115	

The District's capital assets were financed through a combination of cash and debt financing. Construction in Progress (CIP) is currently being funded using cash accumulated in unrestricted funds and restricted cash for construction. The District's CIP fluctuated from year-to-year depending on the construction cost of infrastructure projects that are currently under construction or are in the planning stages. The District has a Ten (10) Year Capital Spending Plan for its Water and Sewer Capital Improvement Program to address its water and sewer infrastructure needs. The District is currently estimated at 95% build out. The District's ten-year financial projections for water and sewer are included in the Long-Term Financial section of the General Manager's Recommended Biennial Budget document which is available on the District's website, www.olivenhain.com.

The District's Net Capital Assets in service as of June 30, 2022, were \$375.0 million, net of \$230.7 million in accumulated depreciation and amortization. Included in the total Net Capital Assets is \$7.6 million in Construction in Progress (CIP), which includes: the San Elijo Valley Groundwater Project, the El Camino

Real Pipeline Replacement, and other capital improvement projects that are in various stages of construction. More information on the District's Capital Assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

The District elected to use the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting for its Steel Water Storage Tanks System starting in September 2007. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital is not required to be depreciated if all requirements are met.

The Tank Assessment Index (TAI) minimum established by the District is 5.0. The average TAI for fiscal year 2022 is 9.0, well above the established index. The average TAI for fiscal years 2021 and 2020 was 9.0 and 8.5 respectively. The current lowest TAI is 8.2, and the highest is 9.6. There is no significant difference between the estimated and actual amounts to maintain and preserve infrastructure assets at target conditions during the current period.

More detailed information regarding the modified approach can be found in note 1 of the Required Supplementary Information.

Debt Administration

The District has one (1) note payable and four (5) bond issues outstanding: the 2013 State Revolving Fund, the 2019 Reassessment 96-1 Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, the 2015 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable, the 2016 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable, and the 2021A and 2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds Payable. The District's outstanding bonded indebtedness as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Schedule of Bond Indebtedness For fiscal year ended 2022

	Year	Total	Final Maturity	Interest Rang			Bonds Outstanding As of June 30, 2022						
Description	Issued	Sold	Date	From	То	Current	Long Term	Total					
2019 Reassessment 96-1 Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds	2019	\$ 7,130,000	9/2/2027	2.09%	2.09%	\$ 863,064	\$ 4,594,691	\$ 5,457,755					
2013 State Revolving Fund	2013	17,069,309	7/1/2035	2.30%	2.30%	406,452	10,756,474	11,162,926					
2015 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable	2015	23,455,000	6/1/2028	2.00%	5.00%	1,845,000	10,680,000	12,525,000					
2016 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable	2016	15,990,000	6/1/2039	2.13%	5.00%	560,000	12,330,000	12,890,000					
2021A Wastewater Revenue Bonds Payable	2021	5,042,140	6/1/2041	2.14%	2.14%	207,240	4,589,160	4,796,400					
2021B Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable	2021	3,932,970	6/1/2028	1.14%	1.14%	569,840	2,944,060	3,513,900					

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the ratio of 2019 Reassessment 96-1 Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds to assessed value was 0.02% and the net bonded debt per capita was \$62.

In May of 2022, Fitch Ratings reviewed and reconfirmed the District's 2015A Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds and 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds "AAA" rating. These revenue bonds are secured by the District's net water system revenues after payment of water operations and maintenance (O&M) expenses.

For more details regarding the District's existing long-term debt, please see Note 7 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The US economy has proven itself resilient throughout the coronavirus pandemic. Economic stimulus packages issued by the Federal government aimed to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 on the U.S. economy helped state and local governments, including the District, offset increased COVID-19 related costs. To date, the District received reimbursement in the amount of \$43,561 for its COVID-19 related expenses. The District experienced more than a one (1) year delay (from April 2, 2020 to December 31, 2021) in collecting certain water service revenues during COVID-19 due to the Governor's Executive Order in protecting home owners and small businesses from water shut-offs for non-payment of water services. The District's financial condition was not significantly impacted by COVID-19 despite collection delays due to its sufficient allowance for doubtful accounts in water and sewer operations.

As COVID restrictions eased in fiscal year 2022, supply chain issues, tight labor market conditions, and high oil prices had led to a prolonged high inflation environment, at around 8%. The impact of high oil prices on cost of goods that rely on transportation have put pressure on the District's budget. The District has seen significant increases in its operating expenses from supplies and services as well as its capital expenditures. Several bids received for public work contracts for water and wastewater projects have been higher than original estimates. To help mitigate the impact of rising costs on its fiscal year 2023 budget, the District pushed out non-critical water and wastewater capital improvement projects to future years. The District anticipates operating and capital expenditures will continue to rise in the next few months until inflation and fluctuations in oil prices are tamed.

The District's service area is mature at 95% built-out. 70% of the District's customer base is domestic or residential and the remainder is a mix of commercial and irrigation (29%) and agricultural (1%). The District collects approximately 73% of its water service revenues from commodity rates (based on consumption) and 27% from fixed monthly service fees collected from each customer's water meter. The District bills each customer monthly for water services.

The District's Board of Directors have adopted a pass-through ordinance on potable and recycled water rate increases. The Pass-Through ordinance authorized the District to pass through any increases in water supply costs, any increases in the District's water operations and maintenance costs based on

annual percentage change in the San Diego County Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (SDCPI-U), and any increases in water rates and or any other charges mandated by the State of California and imposed on the District, not to exceed 9% each year for the next five years until December 31, 2024. A 5% planned revenue adjustment each year for the next five years (until December 31, 2024) was included in the 2019 rate projections using a historic annual inflation adjustment of 2-3% each year. Due to the higher year-to-year change in SDCPI in 2022 and 2023, the District is anticipating more than a 5% revenue adjustment starting in 2023.

The State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) adopted an emergency water conservation regulation following Governor's Newsome Executive Order N-7-22 requiring all urban water suppliers in California implement Level 2 water use reduction actions by June 10, 2022. Current SWRCB emergency regulations do not mandate retail water suppliers, such as the District, to comply with SWRCB's water use efficiency standards. Consequently, the District is still in Level 1 of its water shortage contingency plan and has been aggressively encouraging its water customers, thorough water conservation programs, to reduce their water consumption. Current emergency water conservation regulations adopted by SWRCB are valid for one year through May, 2023. If the California drought continues, SWRCB will require retail water suppliers to report compliance with these regulations starting January 1, 2024. Fines could be issued to retail water agencies that do not meet water-use objectives stated in SWRCB's emergency water conservation regulations.

The District addressed a potential financial downside to comply with state mandates on water use efficiency through its Demand Reduction Rate Adjustments. The District's Demand Reduction Rate Adjustments will increase potable water rates, when implemented, so that the District would continue to collect the cost of providing water service in order to sustain operations during locally declared water shortages, mandatory potable water use cutbacks, or other natural disasters. Demand Reduction Rates would only be implemented by General Manager or Board action under the terms of the District's Water Supply Shortage Condition Ordinance. Such action by the District is generally triggered by the San Diego County Water Authority and/or Metropolitan Water District of Southern California declaration of a specific level of water shortage.

The District's wastewater (sewer) rate structure consists of a commodity charge and fixed monthly service fees. About 31% of the Districts wastewater (sewer) revenues are collected from fixed monthly sewer service fees and 69% are collected based on the estimated quality and amount of sewage generated by each user in hundred cubic feet (commodity charge).

The District's Board of Directors have adopted an ordinance that authorized the District to pass through to its sewer customers, for the next five fiscal years (fiscal year 2022 – fiscal year 2026), cost increases to collect, treat, and dispose of sewage and the cost to maintain the 4S Ranch Wastewater and Reclamation Facilities within the 4S Ranch Sanitation District. The Board of Directors adopted a 3% revenue increase adjustment effective July 1, 2022 (fiscal year 2023) and 3% increases thereafter on July 1st of each fiscal year for fiscal years 2024-2026. Annual sewer service fees are collected by the District on each property owner's property tax bill. Sewer service fees are due and payable at the same time when a property owner's tax bill is due to the San Diego County Tax Assessor's Office in April, and December of each year.

The District continues to overcome operating challenges by maintaining a strong financial position and by planning ahead for future needs. Financial risks are assessed and reviewed with the Board of Directors annually as part of the District's budget process.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's rate payers, bond investors and other interested parties with a general overview of the District's finances, and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Olivenhain Municipal Water District's Finance Department at 1966 Olivenhain Road, Encinitas, California 92024, call the District at (760) 753-6466, or send inquires to our website at www.olivenhain.com.

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	(/	2021 As Restated)
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Unrestricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,761,554	\$	45,048,195
Investments		34,421,737		31,598,271
Accounts receivable - water and sewer, net		9,453,946		10,717,152
Interest receivable		144,127		82,081
Taxes receivable		184,365		154,318
Leases receivable, due within one year		394,170		352,032
Other receivables		245,308		1,880,711
Inventories		1,514,905 1,188,747		1,065,380
Prepaid expenses Total unrestricted assets		93,308,859		684,059 91,582,199
		75,500,057		71,302,177
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	· /	10,185,471		4,641,041
Investments		2,331,719		2,262,949
Taxes receivable	•	39,292		39,981
Grants receivable		342,520		389,320
Total restricted assets		12,899,002		7,333,291
Total current assets		106,207,861		98,915,490
Noncurrent assets:		<u> </u>		
Capital assets, nondepreciable		38,426,035		41,596,526
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		336,597,407		340,390,730
Capital assets, net		375,023,442		381,987,256
Leases receivable, due in more than one year		9,955,712		7,188,378
Other receivables		14,742		58,774
Prepaid bond insurance		20,721		24,223
Total noncurrent assets		385,014,617		389,258,631
Total assets		491,222,478		488,174,121
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding		1,016,228		1,191,088
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		2,731,692		3,585,712
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,747,920		4,776,800

(Continued)

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Statements of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021 (As Restated)
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Liabilities payable from unrestricted assets:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,725,598	\$ 7,518,055
Accrued payroll	442,835	369,392
Customer deposits	355,058	358,313
Payable related to work in progress	186,367	662,569
Compensated absences, current portion	996,839	771,000
Current portion of long-term debt:		
Wastewater revenue bonds	777,080	522,000
Water revenue refunding bonds	2,405,000	2,280,000
Special assessment debt with government commitment	863,064	843,108
Notes payable	406,452	397,248
Total liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	14,158,293	13,721,685
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Accounts payable	26,732	65,933
Interest payable	132,209	146,058
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	158,941	211,991
Total current liabilities	14,317,234	13,933,676
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	939,187	916,576
Net pension liability	7,819,768	14,608,844
Long-term debt, excluding current portion:		
Wastewater revenue bonds	7,533,220	3,491,000
Water revenue refunding bonds	24,891,695	27,766,523
Special assessment debt with government commitment	4,594,691	5,457,755
Notes Payable	10,756,474	11,564,749
Total noncurrent liabilities	56,535,035	63,805,447
Total liabilities	70,852,269	77,739,123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	6,995,887	425,243
Lease-related deferred inflows of resources	9,796,852	7,350,346
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,792,739	7,775,589
	10,172,137	,,,,,,,,,,
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	328,824,196	330,855,961
Restricted for:		
Debt service	2,106,867	1,938,321
Construction	5,620,992	5,182,979
Total restricted	7,727,859	7,121,300
Unrestricted	70,773,335	69,458,948
Total net position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209

(Concluded)

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	(2021 As Restated)
OPERATING REVENUES			
Water sales	\$ 57,747,541	\$	58,169,813
Sewer charges	5,480,925		5,127,136
Other water operating revenues	1,303,126		1,461,229
Total operating revenues	64,531,592		64,758,178
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of purchased water sold	31,265,804		30,601,983
Pumping and water treatment	4,322,820		4,378,418
Transmission and distribution	4,485,962		4,220,269
Sewer collection and treatment	2,170,341		2,085,237
Elfin Forest recreation reserve operations	428,174		415,386
Facilities maintenance	1,387,010		1,363,564
Customer services	2,067,655		2,348,700
General and administrative	7,774,311		7,041,160
Other operating expenses	304,037		228,939
Depreciation and amortization	16,075,980		15,559,523
Total operating expenses	70,282,094		68,243,179
Operating (loss)	(5,750,502)		(3,485,001)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Fair market value adjustment	(2,467,642)		(562,019)
Investment income (loss)	402,702		454,962
Property taxes	4,242,794		4,027,357
Capacity charges	1,530,925		2,754,730
Benefit assessments	1,058,241		1,177,302
Other nonoperating revenues	2,237,334		6,592,672
Interest expense, net	(1,327,814)		(1,419,009)
Other nonoperating expenses	(606,602)		(1,076,547)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5,069,938		11,949,448
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(680,564)		8,464,447
Capital Contributions	569,745		899,998
Changes in net position	(110,819)		9,364,445
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	407,436,209		398,071,764
Net position, end of year	\$ 407,325,390	\$	407,436,209

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021 (As Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from water and sewer customers Payments for water Payments for services and supplies	\$ 65,848,393 (30,910,730) (11,012,912)	\$ 64,151,113 (30,375,537) (10,544,997)
Payments for employee wages, benefits, and related costs	(12,569,780)	(12,477,619)
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,354,971	10,752,960
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\cap	
Property taxes and benefit assessments received SDCWA water rebate payment	5,271,677 2,102,804	5,219,865 2,039,332
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	7,374,481	7,259,197
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITY	ΓIES	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from grants and capital contributions Principal paid on long-term debt Proceeds from debt issuance	(9,025,441) 260,005 (8,599,989) 8,975,110	(11,289,144) (186,137) (4,287,117)
Interest paid on long-term debt Capacity charges received Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(1,636,631) 1,552,833 595,875	(1,768,054) 2,777,662 2,033,750
Other capital financing receipts	1,125,345	881,819
Other capital financing expenses paid	(699,549)	(133,443)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(7,452,442)	(11,970,664)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchases of investments Investment income received	4,000,000 (9,061,033) 41,812	24,740,950 (37,279,742) 488,020
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(5,019,221)	(12,050,772)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,257,789	(6,009,279)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	49,689,236	55,698,515
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 55,947,025	\$ 49,689,236
FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted assets	\$ 45,761,554 10,185,471	\$ 45,048,195 4,641,041
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 55,947,025	\$ 49,689,236

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	<u> </u>	2021 As Restated)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating (loss)	\$ (5,750,502)	\$	(3,485,001)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	16,075,980		15,559,523
GASB 68 adjustment to pension expense	635,588		333,583
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Receivables	1,320,055		(552,071)
Inventories	(449,525)		53,281
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(504,688)		(14,671)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable	(290,575)		(1,261,351)
Accrued payroll and compensated absences	321,893		174,661
Customer deposits	(3,255)		(54,994)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 11,354,971	\$	10,752,960
NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 569,745	\$	899,998
Amortization of premiums	\$ (469,828)	\$	(523,488)
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments	\$ (2,467,642)	\$	(562,019)

(Concluded)

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Olivenhain Municipal Water District (the "District") is a governmental corporation governed by an elected five-member board of directors. The District was incorporated in 1959 under the provisions of the California Municipal Water District Act of 1911. The District's 48 square mile service area lies in northern San Diego County and the majority of its sales are to domestic and business users. The District's offices are located in Encinitas, California.

The basic financial statements of the District include the blended financial activities of the District and the Olivenhain Municipal Water District Financing Corporation (Corporation).

The Corporation was formed in 1997 under the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law. Its sole purpose is to assist the District in acquiring and financing various public facilities.

The criteria used in determining the inclusion of a component unit in the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes are: (1) appointment of voting majority of the component unit board, (2) ability to impose its will, (3) financial benefit or burden, and (4) fiscal dependency.

In keeping its books and records, the District has established various self-balancing groups of accounts in order to enhance internal control and to further the attainment of other management objectives. These groups of accounts, which are sub funds of the reporting entity, are identified in the District's books and records as the General Fund, Recycled Water Capacity Fee Fund, Treated Water Capacity Fee Fund, Reassessment District 96-1 Fund, 4S Sanitation District Fund, Rancho Cielo Sanitation District Fund, 2015 Water System Revenue Refunding Bond Fund, 2016 Water System Revenue Refunding Bond Fund, 2018 Wastewater Revenue Bond Fund, 2021A Revenue Bond Fund, 2021B Revenue Bond Fund, and 2013 State Revolving Fund Note Payable. All significant inter sub-fund transactions and accounts are eliminated in the combination of the accounts of the sub-funds for the basic financial statements of the District.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting financial reporting purposes. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Statements

The financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of the District. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

The financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as all eligibility requirements have been met. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as revenue until that time.

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering water in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Capital contributions are reported as a separate line item in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

C. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Assets

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, demand deposits with financial institutions, deposits in money market mutual funds (SEC registered), and deposits in external investment pools, and marketable securities that mature within 90 days of purchase. Such marketable securities and deposits in money market funds are carried at fair value.

<u>Risk Disclosures</u> – Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable for deposit and investment risk, are specified for the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - o Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

<u>Investment Valuation</u> – GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position, are categorized based upon the level of judgement associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

E. Restricted Assets

Amounts shown as restricted assets have been restricted by debt agreements, by law or regulations, or by contractual obligations to be used for specified purposes, such as service of debt and construction of capital assets.

F. Water and Wastewater (Sewer) Sales

Water sales revenue is recorded when water is delivered and service is rendered, including an estimated amount for unbilled service. Wastewater (sewer) service fees are collected on each property owner's property tax bill on an annual basis. Sewer bills are due and payable at the same time when a property owner's tax bill is due to the San Diego County Tax Assessor's Office, April and December of each year.

G. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District recognizes bad debt expense relating to water and sewer receivables when it is probable that the accounts will be uncollectible. Collections from water and sewer customers for services rendered have been closely monitored since the coronavirus pandemic. Management is of the opinion that the District's financial position has not been significantly impacted by the coronavirus pandemic. During fiscal year 2021, the District increased its allowance for doubtful accounts as a response to the pandemic. Water and sewer accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 have been reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$210,000 and \$210,000, respectively.

H. Leases Receivable

Lessor

The District is a lessor for leases of land, primarily cell tower sites, and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources related to leases in the financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*. At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a straight-line method.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Leases Receivable (Continued)

Lessor (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District used U.S. Treasury rates at the time of GASB Statement No. 87 implementation for its existing leases. The District will use the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

I. Inventories

Materials inventory is stated at current average cost. Water inventory is stated at its purchase cost using the first-in, first-out method.

J. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

K. Capital Assets, Depreciation and Amortization

Capital assets are valued at cost when constructed or purchased. Contributed capital assets are recorded at developer bonded cost. The District capitalizes all assets with a historical cost of at least \$10,000 and a useful life of more than one year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation or amortization on capital assets in service, excluding land, is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of such assets and is reported as an operating expense. Capital projects are subject to depreciation or amortization when completed and placed in service. The ranges of estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Treatment and distribution system 10-75 years Non-steel tanks 10-60 years General plant 3- 40 years Capacity Rights 17 years

The District is amortizing Capacity Rights and is reviewing it annually for impairment, and any impairment losses are recognized in the period in which the impairment is determined.

In September 2007, the District elected to use the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for reporting the steel water storage tanks subsystem of infrastructure capital assets.

The detail of the subsystems is not presented in these basic financial statements. However, the operating departments maintain information regarding the subsystems.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Capital Assets, Depreciation and Amortization (Continued)

Per GASB Statement No. 34, a condition assessment will be performed every three years on the steel tanks. The condition of the District's steel water storage tanks is determined using the USCI AMRS via their maintenance program. The tank condition rating, which is a weighted average of an assessment of the ability of individual steel water storage tanks to function structurally, such that water is stored safely and securely, uses a numerical condition scale ranging from 1.0 (unacceptable) to 10.0 (very good).

It is the District's policy to keep all the steel water storage tanks at a condition level of not less than 5.0 (satisfactory). All steel water storage tanks are inspected every two years and washed out every other year. Repairs are done on an as needed basis.

L. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are recorded when the District receives cash contributions or accepts contributions of capital assets in kind or when governmental construction grants are earned. Capital contributions are reported as a separate line item in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave time up to a maximum of 992 hours, which includes both vacation and sick pay benefits. Sick time may be accumulated up to a maximum of 640 hours. The vacation accumulation maximum is based on number of years of continuous service and ranges from 192 hours to 352 hours. All personal leave time is accrued when incurred. In fiscal year 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, and accrued the Social Security and Medicare portions of the District's compensated absences liability on the financial statements.

N. Long-Term Obligation

Debt premiums and discounts, if any, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

O. Refunding of Debt

Gains or losses occurring from current or advance refunding of debt are reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources and are being amortized over the original remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is less.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") plans ("Plans") and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The District is participating in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Q. Property Taxes

The County of San Diego (the "County") bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District. The County's tax calendar year is July 1 to June 30. Property taxes attach as a lien on property on January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Capacity Charges

Capacity charges are water and wastewater (sewer) capacity fees paid by new property owners prior to connecting to the District's system. Such charges are periodically adjusted based upon changes in construction cost index and/or other factors. Owner capacity charges are, except in rare circumstances, nonrefundable and are recorded as nonoperating revenues when collected.

S. Net Position

Net position of the District is classified into three components: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. These classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of notes or borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition of the asset, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This component of net position consists of net position with constrained use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets," or "restricted net position."

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. Reclassification

For the year ended June 30, 2022, certain classifications may have been changed to improve financial statement presentation. For comparative purposes, prior year balances may have been reclassified to conform with the current fiscal year 2022 presentation.

V. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District has implemented the following new GASB Pronouncements:

• In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022. See Note 4.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

V. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

- In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period (GASB Statement No. 89), to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.
- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for 2022.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

W. Upcoming Governmental Accounting Standards Implementation

The District is currently evaluating its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

- In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB Statement No. 91), to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 91 is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	2022	2021
Statement of Net Position:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,761,554	\$ 45,048,195
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	10,185,471	4,641,041
Investments	34,421,737	31,598,271
Restricted investments	 2,331,719	 2,262,949
Total cash and investments	\$ 92,700,481	\$ 83,550,456
Cash and investments consist of the following:		
Cash on hand	\$ 1,491	\$ 1,496
Deposits with financial institutions	4,358,962	13,989,550
Investments	 88,340,028	69,559,410
Total cash and investments	\$ 92,700,481	\$ 83,550,456

A. Demand Deposits

As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of demand deposits was \$4,358,962 and the bank balance was \$4,981,417 compared to \$13,989,550 and \$14,373,813 at June 30, 2021, of which the total amount was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the District's name as discussed below under *Disclosures Relating Custodial Credit Risk*.

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy:

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	M aturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	5 years	50%	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	20%	3%
Commercial Paper	270 days	20%	5%
Certificates of Deposit	3 years	30%	\$250,000
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	20%	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	90 days	10%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds, Depository Account	N/A	20%	5%
Municipal Obligations	N/A	30%	5%
Local Government Investment Pool	N/A	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	50%	\$40,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

D. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity at June 30, 2022.

			Remai	ning N	ning Maturity (in Months)				
		12	2 Months or						
Investment Type	 Total		Less	13 t	o 24 Months	25	to 60 Months		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 22,921,923	\$	22,921,923	\$	-	\$	-		
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	17,570,703		17,570,703		-		-		
Commercial Paper	2,491,795		1,995,010		496,785		-		
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,136,917		2,136,917		-		-		
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	31,328,841		985,080		6,237,054		24,106,707		
Municipal Obligations	1,052,370		-		-		1,052,370		
U.S. Treasury Obligations	 10,837,479		8,958,690		-		1,878,789		
Total	\$ 88,340,028	\$	54,568,323	\$	6,733,839	\$	27,037,866		

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity at June 30, 2021.

Ť		Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
		12	2 Months or					
Investment Type	 Total	Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 27,148,609	\$	27,148,609	\$	-	\$	-	
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	7,032,934		7,032,934		-		-	
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,516,646		1,516,646		-		-	
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	30,670,791		-		2,993,870		27,676,921	
Municipal Obligations	1,173,910		-		-		1,173,910	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	2,016,520		-		-		2,016,520	
Total	\$ 69,559,410	\$	35,698,189	\$	2,993,870	\$	30,867,351	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

D. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's Investment Policy, or debt agreements, and the Moody's rating for each investment type at June 30, 2022. (CAMP is rated by Standard and Poor's and has a rating of AAA).

			Rating as of Year End						
Investment Type	 Total	Minimum Legal Rating		AAA	AA			A/1+	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 22,921,923	N/A	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 22,921,923
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	17,570,703	AAA		17,570,703		/ -		-	-
Commercial Paper	2,491,795	A-1		496,785		-		1,995,010	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,136,917	N/A				-		-	2,136,917
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	31,328,841	AAA		31,328,841		-		-	-
Municipal Obligations	1,052,370	A1/A+		1,052,370		-		-	-
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10,837,479	N/A		10,837,479		-		-	
Total	\$ 88,340,028		\$	61,286,178	\$	-	\$	1,995,010	\$ 25,058,840

Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's Investment Policy, or debt agreements, and the Moody's rating for each investment type at June 30, 2021.

			Rating as of Year End			
		Minimum Legal				
Investment Type	Total	Rating	AAA	AA	A/1+	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 27,148,609	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,148,609
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	7,032,934	AAA	7,032,934	-	-	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,516,646	N/A	-	-	-	1,516,646
U.S. Government Sponsored Entities	30,670,791	AAA	30,670,791	-	-	-
Municipal Obligations	1,173,910	A1/A+	1,173,910	-	-	-
U.S. Treasury Obligations	2,016,520	N/A	2,016,520			
Total	\$ 69,559,410		\$ 40,894,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,665,255

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District is in accordance with limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than for U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments is as follows:

Issuer Investment Type		2022	2021
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Govt Sponsored Entities	\$ 28,215,691	\$ 24,432,958
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	U.S. Govt Sponsored Entities	n/a	\$ 3,989,850

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

E. Disclosures Relating Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$4,731,417 and \$14,123,813 of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of the Federal insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

F. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The District's investments with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) include a portion of the pool funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. These investments include the following:

Structured Notes - debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options. They are issued by corporations and by government-sponsored enterprises.

Asset-Backed Securities - entitle their purchaser to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's), small business loans or credit card receivables.

LAIF is overseen by the Local Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The fair value of our position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$22,921,923 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities compared to \$27,148,609 and 1.10% at June 30, 2021. LAIF is part of the State's Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). The District valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30 by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate fair value by total aggregate amortized cost resulting in a factor of 0.987125414 and 1.00008297 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

G. California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

The District is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust) and has a rating of AAA. The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest funds. The investments are limited to investments permitted by California Government Code. The total amount invested by all public agencies in CAMP at June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$7.3 billion and \$6.5 billion, respectively. A board of five trustees who are officials or employees of public agencies has oversight responsibility for CAMP. The value of the pool shares in CAMP, which may be withdrawn at any time, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the District's position in the pool. At June 30, 2022 and 2021 the amortized cost approximated is the District's cost.

H. Fair Value Measurements

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of investments held by the District as of June 30, 2022:

•		Fair Value		
k	M	easurement		
	•	Using		
	S	Significant		
		Other		
	C	Observable		
	Inp	uts (Level 2)	Jυ	ine 30, 2022
Investments by Fair Value Level				
U.S. Government Sponsored				
Entity Securities				
FHLB	\$	28,215,691	\$	28,215,691
FHLMC		1,915,350		1,915,350
FNMA		1,197,800		1,197,800
U.S. Treasury Securities		10,837,479		10,837,479
Commercial Paper		2,491,795		2,491,795
Municipal Bonds		1,052,370		1,052,370
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	45,710,485		45,710,485
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy:				
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)				22,921,923
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)				17,570,703
Money Market Mutual Funds				79,351
Held by Fiscal Agent				19,331
Money Market Mutual Funds				2,057,566
Total investments not subject to fair value hierar	rchy			42,629,543
Total investments			\$	88,340,028

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

H. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of investments held by the District as of June 30, 2021:

		Fair Value	
	M	leasurement	
		Using	
		Significant	
		Other	
	(Observable	
	Inp	outs (Level 2)	June 30, 2021
Investments by Fair Value Level			
U.S. Government Sponsored			
Entity Securities			
FHLB	\$	24,432,958	\$ 24,432,958
FHLMC		3,989,850	3,989,850
FNMA		2,247,983	2,247,983
U.S. Treasury Securities		2,016,520	2,016,520
Municipal Bonds		1,173,910	1,173,910
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	33,861,221	33,861,221
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy:			
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)			27,148,609
California Asset Management Program (CAMP))		7,032,934
Money Market Mutual Funds			65,931
Held by Fiscal Agent			
Money Market Mutual Funds			1,450,715
Total investments not subject to fair value hie	rarchy		35,698,189
Total Investments			\$ 69,559,410

Investments securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices determined by the use of matrix pricing techniques maintained by the pricing vendors for these securities. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Note 4 – Leases Receivable

The District leases land, primarily cell tower sites, and recognizes leases receivable. Leases receivable consist of agreements with others for the "right-to-use" the underlying land asset at various locations owned by the District. The remaining terms of the agreements that were used in calculating the leases receivable range from 6 to 33 years, and include options to extend the leases, since the District is reasonably certain that these options will be exercised. The calculated interest rates used to calculate the net present value of the leases receivable vary depending on the length of the lease.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized \$638,090 in lease revenue and \$324,276 in interest revenue, and the outstanding receivable amount was \$10,349,882. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized \$637,546 in lease revenue and \$218,107 in interest revenue, and the outstanding receivable amount was \$7,540,410.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 4 – Leases Receivable (Continued)

A summary of changes in leases receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

				Amounts	Amounts
Balance				due within	due in more
July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions June 30, 2022		one year	than one year
\$ 7,540,410	\$ 3,173,746	\$ (364,274)	\$ 10,349,882	\$ 394,170	\$ 9,955,712

A summary of changes in leases receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

				Amounts	Amounts
Balance				due within	due in more
July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	one year	than one year
\$ 7,987,892	\$ -	\$ (447,482)	\$ 7,540,410	\$ 352,032	\$ 7,188,378

At June 30, 2022, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending		Lease				
June 30]	Receivable	Interest		Total	
2023	\$	394,170	\$	313,265	\$	707,435
2024		425,428		300,974		726,402
2025		458,242		287,716		745,958
2026		496,326		273,409		769,735
2027		535,186		257,893		793,079
2028-2032		2,723,983		1,034,191		3,758,174
2033-2037		1,578,179		692,605		2,270,784
2038-2042		1,031,060		506,177		1,537,237
2043-2047		1,266,448		332,465		1,598,913
2048-2052		1,295,499		111,815		1,407,314
2053-2057		145,361		7,340		152,701
	\$	10,349,882	\$	4,117,850	\$	14,467,732

As of June 30, 2022, the amounts reported as lease-related deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as lease revenue in the upcoming years as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2023	\$ 638,086
2024	638,086
2025	638,086
2026	638,086
2027	638,086
2028-2032	2,792,812
2033-2037	1,451,029
2038-2042	852,420
2043-2047	787,850
2048-2052	629,780
2053-2057	92,531
	\$ 9,796,852

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 5 – Inventories

Inventories at June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021		
Water inventory	\$ 166,676	\$	190,570	
Materials inventory	1,348,229		874,810	
Total	\$ 1,514,905	\$	1,065,380	

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 11,005,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,005,363
Steel water storage tanks	19,861,397		-	-	19,861,397
Construction in progress	10,729,766	9,201,825	(216,507)	(12,155,809)	7,559,275
Total capital assets,				_	
not being depreciated	41,596,526	9,201,825	(216,507)	(12,155,809)	38,426,035
Capital assets, being					
depreciated/amortized:					
Treatment and distribution system	299,032,731	377,412	(1,109,478)	10,078,197	308,378,862
Capacity rights	27,739,008	-	-	-	27,739,008
Non-steel tanks	38,948,261	-	(44,230)	198,579	39,102,610
General plant	191,242,450	15,949	(1,019,051)	1,879,033	192,118,381
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated/amortized	556,962,450	393,361	(2,172,759)	12,155,809	567,338,861
Accumulated					
depreciation/amortization:					
Treatment and distribution system	(109,575,980)	(7,292,922)	905,998	-	(115,962,904)
Capacity rights	(18,375,426)	(1,269,202)	-	-	(19,644,628)
Non-steel tanks	(13,588,441)	(945,558)	21,328	-	(14,512,671)
General plant	(75,031,873)	(6,568,298)	978,920		(80,621,251)
Total accumulated					
depreciation/amortization	(216,571,720)	(16,075,980)	1,906,246	-	(230,741,454)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated/amortized, net	340,390,730	(15,682,619)	(266,513)	12,155,809	336,597,407
Total capital assets, net	\$ 381,987,256	\$ (6,480,794)	\$ (483,020)	\$ -	\$ 375,023,442

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 6 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	June 30, 2021
Land	\$ 11,139,167	\$ -	\$ (133,804)	\$ -	\$ 11,005,363
Steel water storage tanks	19,861,397	Ψ -	(155,001)	Ψ -	19,861,397
Construction in progress	26,132,135	11,335,602	(37,010)	(26,700,961)	10,729,766
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	57,132,699	11,335,602	(170,814)	(26,700,961)	41,596,526
Capital assets, being					
depreciated/amortized:					
Treatment and distribution system	292,493,846	751,592	(757,593)	6,544,886	299,032,731
Capacity rights	27,739,008	-		-	27,739,008
Non-steel tanks	38,576,965	-	(51,980)	423,276	38,948,261
General plant	174,718,997	101,948	(3,311,294)	19,732,799	191,242,450
Total capital assets,			•		
being depreciated/amortized	533,528,816	853,540	(4,120,867)	26,700,961	556,962,450
Accumulated					
depreciation/amortization:			•		
Treatment and distribution system	(103,243,898)	(7,055,016)	722,934	-	(109,575,980)
Capacity rights	(16,743,719)	(1,631,707)	-	-	(18, 375, 426)
Non-steel tanks	(12,697,337)	(915,253)	24,149	-	(13,588,441)
General plant	(71,504,446)	(5,957,547)	2,430,120		(75,031,873)
Total accumulated					
depreciation/amortization	(204,189,400)	(15,559,523)	3,177,203		(216,571,720)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated/amortized, net	329,339,416	(14,705,983)	(943,664)	26,700,961	340,390,730
Total capital assets, net	\$ 386,472,115	\$ (3,370,381)	\$ (1,114,478)	\$ -	\$ 381,987,256

Depreciation expense for depreciable capital assets was \$14,806,778 and \$13,927,817 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Amortization expense for amortizable capital assets was \$1,269,202 and \$1,631,706 for the years ending 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Construction in progress consisted of the following at June 30:

	2022		2021
San Elijo Valley Groundwater	\$	3,976,006	\$ 3,619,151
Manchester Recycled Extension		821,290	-
Replace Neighborhood 1 SPS		725,533	-
Replace El Camino Real Pipeline		-	4,475,818
Other capital projects		2,036,446	2,634,797
Total construction in progress	\$	7,559,275	\$ 10,729,766

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 7 – Accounts Payable

Accounts payable to be paid from unrestricted current assets are as follows at June 30:

	2022	 2021		
Water purchases	\$ 5,780,870	\$ 5,425,795		
Construction in progress	450,332	718,245		
Other	1,494,396	1,374,015		
Total	\$ 7,725,598	\$ 7,518,055		

Accounts payable, to be paid from restricted current assets are as follows at June 30:

	 2022	2021		
Construction in progress	\$ 26,732	\$	55,563	
Other	 	-	10,370	
	\$ 26,732	\$	65,933	

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022		
Notes Payable:						
2013 Note Payable - direct borrowing	\$ 11,961,997	\$ -	\$ (799,071)	\$ 11,162,926	\$ 406,452	\$ 10,756,474
Notes Payable	11,961,997		(799,071)	11,162,926	406,452	10,756,474
Revenue Bonds:						
Publicly-Offered:						
2015 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds	14,275,000	-	(1,750,000)	12,525,000	1,845,000	10,680,000
Plus unamortized bond premiums	1,455,315	-	(372,939)	1,082,376	-	1,082,376
2016 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds	13,420,000	-	(530,000)	12,890,000	560,000	12,330,000
Plus unamortized bond premiums	896,208	-	(96,889)	799,319	-	799,319
Direct Placement/Borrowing:						
2018 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	4,013,000	-	(4,013,000)	-	-	-
2021A Wastewater Revenue Bonds	-	5,042,140	(245,740)	4,796,400	207,240	4,589,160
2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds		3,932,970	(419,070)	3,513,900	569,840	2,944,060
Revenue Bonds, net	34,059,523	8,975,110	(7,427,638)	35,606,995	3,182,080	32,424,915
2019 Special Assessment Debt with Government						
Commitment	6,300,863		(843,108)	5,457,755	863,064	4,594,691
Total	\$ 52,322,383	\$ 8,975,110	\$ (9,069,817)	\$ 52,227,676	\$ 4,451,596	\$ 47,776,080

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year	Due More Than One Year
Notes Payable:						
2013 Note Payable - direct borrowing	\$ 12,742,977	\$ -	\$ (780,980)	\$ 11,961,997	\$ 397,248	\$ 11,564,749
Notes Payable	12,742,977		(780,980)	11,961,997	397,248	11,564,749
Revenue Bonds:						
Publicly Offered:						
2015 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds	15,940,000	-	(1,665,000)	14,275,000	1,750,000	12,525,000
Plus unamortized bond premiums	1,876,383	-	(421,068)	1,455,315	-	1,455,315
2016 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds	13,925,000	-	(505,000)	13,420,000	530,000	12,890,000
Plus unamortized bond premiums	998,628	-	(102,420)	896,208	-	896,208
Direct Placement/Borrowing:						
2018 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	4,520,000		(507,000)	4,013,000	522,000	3,491,000
Revenue Bonds, net	37,260,011		(3,200,488)	34,059,523	2,802,000	31,257,523
2019 Special Assessment Debt with Government			- 1			
Commitment	7,130,000		(829,137)	6,300,863	843,108	5,457,755
Total	\$ 57,132,988	\$ -	\$ (4,810,605)	\$ 52,322,383	\$ 4,042,356	\$ 48,280,027

2013 Note Payable

On February 24, 2012, the District entered into an agreement with the State of California Department of Public Health for a loan not to exceed \$17,812,998 (2013 Note Payable), under and pursuant to Part 12, Chapter 4 of Division 104 of the Health and Safety Code and California Code of Regulations Title 22 to assist in financing construction of a project which will enable the District to meet safe drinking water standards. The loan repayment term commenced on the due date of the first principal and interest invoice, which was on January 19, 2015, and expires twenty years after the due date of the first principal and interest invoice. The rate of interest to be paid on the principal amount of the loan is 2.3035% annually. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding loan balance was \$11,162,926.

Future debt service requirements for the above note payable based on the initial loan rate is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Total	
2023	\$	406,452	\$ 128,569	\$ 535,021
2024		827,001	243,040	1,070,041
2025		846,161	223,880	1,070,041
2026		865,765	204,277	1,070,042
2027		885,822	184,220	1,070,042
2028-2032		4,746,625	603,584	5,350,209
2033-2035		2,585,100	90,004	 2,675,104
Total	\$	11,162,926	\$ 1,677,574	\$ 12,840,500

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2015 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable

On August 27, 2015, the District issued Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A in the amount of \$23,455,000 for the purpose of refunding \$26,290,000 of the outstanding balance of the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A. The 2015A bonds are limited obligation bonds maturing annually from December 1, 2015 to June 1, 2028 bearing various interest rates between 2.0% and 5.0%.

The District has pledged all of the Net Water System Revenues for the debt service payments of the bond. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$14,452,500. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds was \$2,405,125. The bonds contain various covenants and restrictions, principally that the District fix, prescribe, collect rates and charges for the Water Service, which are reasonably expected to be at least sufficient to yield, during each fiscal year net service revenues equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the debt service on senior obligations for such fiscal year, and one hundred percent (100%) of debt service on all obligations for such fiscal year.

The original deferred loss on refunding of \$610,166 is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. Amortization expense totaled \$79,726 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The remaining unamortized balance was \$231,389 at June 30, 2022.

A summary of the refunding bonds is as follows:

Interest	Fiscal year maturities	Balance			Balance
Rates	(varying amounts)	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
2%-5%	2023-2027	\$ 11,930,000	\$ -	\$ (1,750,000)	\$ 10,180,000
3%	2028	2,345,000			2,345,000
		\$ 14,275,000	\$ -	\$ (1,750,000)	\$ 12,525,000

Total bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including unamortized bond premiums were as follows:

Principal outstanding at June 30, 2022	\$ 12,525,000
Plus unamortized bond premium	1,082,376
Total bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022	\$ 13,607,376

Future debt service requirements for the above bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest		Total		
2023	\$ 1,845,000	\$ 567,625	\$	2,412,625		
2024	1,935,000	475,375		2,410,375		
2025	2,035,000	378,625		2,413,625		
2026	2,130,000	276,875		2,406,875		
2027	2,235,000	170,375		2,405,375		
2028	2,345,000	 58,625		2,403,625		
Total	\$ 12,525,000	\$ 1,927,500	\$	14,452,500		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2016 Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds Payable

On October 19, 2016, the District issued Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A in the amount of \$15,990,000 for the purpose of refunding \$16,610,000 of the outstanding balance of the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009. The 2016A bonds are limited obligation bonds maturing annually from December 1, 2016 to June 1, 2039 bearing various interest rates between 2.125% and 5.0%.

The District has pledged all of the Net Water System Revenues for the debt service payment of the bond. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$16,589,603. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds was \$976,413. The bonds contain various covenants and restrictions, principally that the District fix, prescribe, collect rates and charges for the Water Service, which are reasonably expected to be at least sufficient to yield, during each fiscal year net service revenues equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the debt service on senior obligations for such fiscal year, and one hundred percent (100%) of debt service on all obligations for such fiscal year.

The District refunded the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 to reduce its total debt service payments over 22 years by \$3,683,827 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,753,343.

The original deferred loss on refunding of \$1,196,934 is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. Amortization expense totaled \$95,134 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The remaining unamortized balance was \$784,839 at June 30, 2022.

A summary of the refunding bonds is as follows:

	Fiscal year								
Interest	maturities		Balance						Balance
Rates	(varying amounts)	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Ad	ditions	I	Deletions	Ju	ine 30, 2022
2%-5%	2023-2036	\$	10,665,000	\$	-	\$	(530,000)	\$	10,135,000
2.5%	2037-2039		2,755,000		-		-		2,755,000
		\$	13,420,000	\$	-	\$	(530,000)	\$	12,890,000

Total bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including unamortized bond premiums were as follows:

Principal outstanding at June 30, 2022	\$ 12,890,000
Plus unamortized bond premium	799,319
Total bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022	\$ 13,689,319

Future debt service requirements for the above bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Princip	al	Interest		Total		
2023	\$ 560	0,000 \$	419,913	\$	979,913		
2024	583	5,000	391,913		976,913		
2025	61:	5,000	362,663		977,663		
2026	64:	5,000	331,913		976,913		
2027	67:	5,000	299,663		974,663		
2028-2032	3,72:	5,000	1,153,238		4,878,238		
2033-2037	4,225	5,000	656,150		4,881,150		
2038-2039	1,860	0,000	84,150		1,944,150		
Total	\$ 12,890	0,000 \$	3,699,603	\$	16,589,603		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2018 Wastewater Revenue Bonds Payable

On June 26, 2018, the District issued Wastewater (Sewer) Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A in the amount of \$5,500,000 to finance improvements to the administrative and operations building at 1966 Olivenhain Road, Encinitas, CA. The administration and operations buildings provide support for all of the District's activities related to potable water, recycled water, and wastewater throughout the District's service area.

The District has pledged Net Wastewater (Sewer) System Revenues for debt service payments of the 2018 bonds. The bonds contain various covenants and restrictions, principally that the District collect sewer charges for the Wastewater Service, which are reasonably expected to be at least sufficient to yield, during each fiscal year net service revenues equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the debt service on senior obligations for such fiscal year, and one hundred percent (100%) of debt service on all obligations for such fiscal year.

The 2018 bonds are limited obligation bonds maturing annually from June 1, 2019 to June 1, 2028 bearing an interest rate of 3.1%. The remaining balance of the bonds was paid off in fiscal year 2022 with proceeds from the 2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds.

2019 Reassessment District 96-1 Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds

In July 2019 the District issued Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds Reassessment District No. 2019-96-1 (OMWD Water Storage Project) in the amount of \$7,130,000. The Reassessment District 2019-96-1 bonds are limited obligations of the District payable solely from Special Assessments that were previously assessed pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Municipal Improvement Act of 1913 (Division 12 of the Streets and Highways Code of the State of California) to form Assessment District No. 96-1 (OMWD Storage Project). The Reassessment District 2019-96-1 bonds were issued to provide funds to refund and refinance the outstanding principal amount of the District's 2007 Reassessment District No. 96-1 (OMWD Water Storage Project), and to pay for the costs of issuance incurred. The bonds were refinanced at an interest rate of 2.09% and mature in September 2027. The aggregate debt service payments of the new debt are \$2.84 million less than the old debt. The issuance of the new debt and the refunding of the old debt resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the net present value of the old debt and new debt service payments) of approximately \$2.59 million.

Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their beneficial ownership in the Bonds but will receive credit balances on the books of their respective nominees. Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable by the trustee, and such principal and interest payments, and premium, if any, are to be disbursed to the beneficial owners of the Bonds through their nominees. Installments of principal and interest sufficient to meet annual Bond debt service are included on the regular county tax bills sent to owners of property against which there are unpaid reassessments.

Future debt service requirements for the above bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2023	\$ 863,064	\$	105,048	\$	968,112
2024	883,019		86,801		969,820
2025	897,985		68,190		966,175
2026	917,940		49,214		967,154
2027	937,896		29,820		967,716
2028	 957,851		10,010		967,861
Total	\$ 5,457,755	\$	349,083	\$	5,806,838

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2021A Wastewater Revenue Bonds

On October 27, 2021 the District issued Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A in the amount of \$5,042,140 to finance wastewater (sewer) improvements at the 4S Wastewater Treatment Plant, including rehabilitations, replacements, and modifications to the existing Neighborhood One Sewer Pump Station and the Headworks Screening System at the 4S Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Series 2021A bonds mature on June 1, 2041 and carry an interest rate of 2.14%. The District's annual debt service cost for the 2021A bonds is approximately \$310,000. The 2021A Bonds were tax-exempt bonds issued by the OMWD Financing Authority. The District and the OMWD Financing Authority entered into installment purchase agreements to repay the 2021A Bonds from net wastewater revenues. The 2021A Bonds were directly purchased by Sterling National Bank through a private placement financing process.

The District has pledged all of the Net Sewer System Revenues for the debt service payment of the bond. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$5,887,856. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds was \$309,882. The bonds contain various covenants and restrictions, principally that the District fix, prescribe, collect rates and charges for wastewater service, which are reasonably expected to be at least sufficient to yield, during each fiscal year net service revenues equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the debt service on senior obligations for such fiscal year, and one hundred percent (100%) of debt service on all obligations for such fiscal year.

Future debt service requirements for the above bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 207,240		\$ \$ 102,643		309,883
2024		211,680	98,208		309,888
2025		216,210	93,678		309,888
2026		220,840	89,051		309,891
2027		225,560	84,325		309,885
2028-2032		1,202,310	347,122		1,549,432
2033-2037		1,336,600	212,849		1,549,449
2038-2041		1,175,960	 63,580		1,239,540
Total	\$	4,796,400	\$ 1,091,456	\$	5,887,856

2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds

On October 27, 2021, the District also issued 2021B Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,932,970 to refund and refinance the existing 2018A Sewer Revenue Bonds, which were issued in fiscal year 2018 to finance improvements to the District's administrative and operations building at 1966 Olivenhain Road, Encinitas, CA. The District received an interest rate of 1.14% for the 2021B Refunding Revenue Bonds, which resulted in an estimated net present value savings of \$243,942 after the cost of issuance. The 2021B bonds mature on June 1, 2028. The 2021B Bonds were tax-exempt bonds issued by the OMWD Financing Authority. The District and the OMWD Financing Authority entered into installment purchase agreements to repay the 2021B Bonds from net wastewater revenues. The 2021B Bonds were directly purchased by Sterling National Bank through a private placement financing process.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The District has pledged all of the Net Wastewater System Revenues for the debt service payment of the bond. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,655,404. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds was \$445,722. The bonds contain various covenants and restrictions, principally that the District fix, prescribe, collect rates and charges for wastewater service, which are reasonably expected to be at least sufficient to yield, during each fiscal year net wastewater service revenues equal to one hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the debt service on senior obligations for such fiscal year, and one hundred percent (100%) of debt service on all obligations for such fiscal year.

The District refunded the 2018 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments by \$259,233 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$243,942.

Future debt service requirements for the above bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	569,840	\$	40,058	\$	609,898
2024		575,630		33,562		609,192
2025		581,980		27,000		608,980
2026		588,890		20,366		609,256
2027		595,310		13,652		608,962
2028		602,250		6,866		609,116
Total	\$	3,513,900	\$	141,504	\$	3,655,404

Note 9 – Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave is recorded as an expense and liability as benefits accrue to employees. Summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

	1	Beginning Balance	 Additions	I	Deletions	Ending Balance	ue within One Year	e in More n One Year
June 30, 2022	\$	1,687,576	\$ 1,240,740	\$	(992,290)	\$ 1,936,026	\$ 996,839	\$ 939,187
June 30, 2021	\$	1.518.611	\$ 937.398	\$	(768.433)	\$ 1.687.576	\$ 771.000	\$ 916.576

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - All qualified full-time District employees are required to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Plan with California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS). Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 participate in the Miscellaneous Classic plan while employees hired January 1, 2013 and after participate in the Miscellaneous PEPRA (Public Employees' Reform Act) plan. Both plans, Classic and PEPRA, are considered a single pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement, disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. The District selects certain benefit provisions from the CalPERS' menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through the Board's approval. Benefits provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute, the District's resolutions, and the memorandum of understanding between the Olivenhain Municipal Water District and the Olivenhain Municipal Water District Employees Association and the Bargaining Unit Members Association. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 or 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after five (5) years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: Basic Death Benefit, 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
		PEPRA (Public Employees' Pension			
	Classic	Reform Act)			
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013 and after			
Benefit Formula	2.5% at 55	2% at 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50-55	52-67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rate	8%	6.25%			
Required employer contribution rate	11.590%	7.590%			

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. District contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Deferred outflow from pensions resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plans determined as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability as follows:

	2022	2021
Classic & PEPRA Plans	\$ 7,819,768	\$ 14,608,844
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,819,768	\$ 14,608,844

The District Plans' net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool:

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2020). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2021). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2021 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (fiscal year 2021).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP, and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from step (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the measurement date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in step (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in step (4). The plan's FNP as of the measurement date is equal to the FNP generated in step (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in step (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the measurement date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in step (5).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the measurement date ended June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

	Classic &
	PEPRA Plans
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.34363%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.34634%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00271%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.34634%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.41183%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.06549%

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,490,376 and \$2,516,601, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2022				2021			
	I	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred]	Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows
	of Resources		0	f Resources	of Resources		of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,854,789	\$	-	\$	2,183,027	\$	
Differences between actual and expected experience		876,903		-		752,837		-
Change in assumptions		-		-		-		(104,196)
Changes in proportions		-		(112,478)		215,869		-
Differences between the employer's contributions and								
the employer's proportionate share of contributions		-		(57,165)		-		(321,047)
Net differences between projected and actual								
earnings on plan investments				(6,826,244)		433,979		
Total	\$	2,731,692	\$	(6,995,887)	\$	3,585,712	\$	(425,243)

\$1,854,789 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,300,816)
2024	(1,384,906)
2025	(1,546,843)
2026	(1,886,419)
Total	\$ (6,118,984)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$2,183,027 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Ending June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ 78,927
2023	379,671
2024	310,695
2025	208,149
Total	\$ 977,442

Actuarial Assumptions - For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020 total pension liability determined in the June 30, 2020 actuarial accounting valuation. The June 30, 2021 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Classic & PEPRA Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	(1)
Mortality Rate Table	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the April 2014 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2011) available on the CalPERS website.
- (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Change in Assumptions – GASB 68, paragraph 30 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In fiscal year 2022, the actuarial report did not have a change of assumption. In fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan and reflects the long-term expected rate of return for each Plan net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the Plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 10 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS Board effective on July 1, 2014.

	Strategic	Years	Years
Asset Class	Allocation	1 - 10 ^(a)	11+ ^(b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for the Plans, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Classic & PEPRA Plans						
			2021				
1% Decrease		6.15%		6.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	15,848,851	\$	22,290,045			
Current Discount Rate		7.15%		7.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,819,768	\$	14,608,844			
1% Increase		8.15%		8.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,182,239	\$	8,262,110			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan - The District had no outstanding contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 11 - Health Savings Plan

The Voluntary Employee Benefits Association ("VEBA") plan is a medical savings plan establishing a funded health reimbursement plan for eligible employees, former employees, and their dependents and beneficiaries as defined in the Plan pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 501 (c) (9). The District's VEBA plan was implemented on July 1, 2014 following the District's Board of Directors adoption of a resolution approving the VEBA program at the June 18, 2014 board meeting. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District contributed \$21,550 and \$21,450 to the VEBA plan, respectively.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for its exposure to risk other than those under the workers' compensation laws. Commercial insurance expense amounted to \$310,772 and \$270,752 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District's workers' compensation risk exposure is handled by the District's participation in the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA) established by the California Special Districts Association. SDRMA is a risk pooling joint powers authority formed under the California Government Code to provide workers' compensation coverage for SDRMA's member districts. SDRMA purchases excess insurance from commercial carriers to reduce its exposure to large losses. Workers' compensation expense amounted to \$171,223 and \$263,534 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

There were no instances in the past three years where a settlement exceeded the District's coverage provided through SDRMA or through the District's commercial carriers.

Real and Personal Property and Mobile Equipment: For Real and Personal Property, maximum replacement is no more than 100% of value shown in Statement of Value. For Mobile Equipment, maximum replacement of 100% of value shown in Statement of Value, and \$10,000 per item for unscheduled mobile equipment. Limits of insurance vary from \$2,500 per occurrence to the Blanket Limit of Insurance, with deductibles ranging from \$1,000 to \$2,500 per occurrence. Limit of insurance for equipment breakdown is 100% of value shown in Statement of Value.

Employee Dishonesty Coverage: \$250,000 limit with \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.

Forgery or Alteration Coverage: \$250,000 limit with \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.

<u>Theft, Disappearance and Destruction Coverage</u>: \$250,000 limit with \$1,000 deductible per occurrence for both inside and outside.

Computer Fraud Coverage: \$100,000 limit with \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.

Bodily Injury and Property Damage, Personal Injury and Advertising Injury, Professional Liability, Wrongful Acts, Employee Benefits Liability, and Employee Practices Liability Coverage: \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence with a \$3,000,000 aggregate limit. Professional Liability and Wrongful Acts Liability are subject to a \$10,000 deductible per claim. Additionally, the District carries a \$10,000,000 Excess Liability Policy that is in full effect.

<u>Damage to Premises Rented to the District</u>: \$1,000,000 limit for any one premise.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 12 – Risk Management (Continued)

<u>Auto Coverage:</u> \$1,000,000 liability limit, \$5,000 auto medical payment limit and \$1,000,000 uninsured motorist limit per accident with deductibles. Comprehensive and Collision limits are the actual cash value or cost of repair with deductibles of \$500 for comprehensive and collision.

<u>Workers' Compensation Coverage and Employer's Liability:</u> Statutory limits per occurrence for Workers' Compensation and \$5.0 Million for Employer's Liability Coverage, subject to the terms, conditions and exclusions as provided in the Certificate of Coverage, effective July 1, 2021.

Note 13 – Net Position

A. Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2022	2021
Net investment in capital assets	N +	
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$ 38,426,035	\$ 41,596,526
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net	336,597,407	340,390,730
Deferred amount on refunding	1,016,228	1,191,088
Unspent debt proceeds	5,012,202	-
Current portion of long-term debt:		
Wastewater revenue bonds	(777,080)	(522,000)
Water revenue refunding bonds	(2,405,000)	(2,280,000)
Special assessment debt with		
government commitment	(863,064)	(843,108)
Note payable	(406,452)	(397,248)
Long-term debt, excluding current portion:		
Waste water revenue bonds	(7,533,220)	(3,491,000)
Water revenue refunding bonds	(24,891,695)	(27,766,523)
Special assessment debt with		
government commitment	(4,594,691)	(5,457,755)
Note payable	(10,756,474)	(11,564,749)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 328,824,196	\$ 330,855,961

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 13 – Net Position (Continued)

B. Restricted Net Position

Restricted Net Position at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2022	2021		
Net position restricted for debt service:				
Restricted Assets				
Cash	\$ 2,138,897	\$	1,798,632	
Investments	60,887		245,766	
Taxes/assessments receivable	39,292		39,981	
Total restricted assets for debt service	2,239,076		2,084,379	
Less liabilities payable from restricted assets	(132,209)		(146,058)	
Net position restricted for debt service	2,106,867		1,938,321	
Net position restricted for construction: Restricted Assets				
Cash	3,034,372		2,842,409	
Investments	2,270,832		2,017,183	
Grants receivable	342,520		389,320	
Total restricted assets for construction	5,647,724		5,248,912	
Less liabilities from restricted assets	(26,732)		(65,933)	
Net position restricted for construction	5,620,992		5,182,979	
Total restricted net position	\$ 7,727,859	\$	7,121,300	

C. Unrestricted Funds

Unrestricted funds are the District's Designated Fund Balances. These funds are designated by the District's Board of Directors to carry out specific purposes as stated in the Board Designated Fund Balances Policy ("Policy"). Unrestricted funds are reviewed annually with the Board to ensure compliance with the Policy. Changes to the Policy will require Board's approval. Unrestricted funds at June 30 consisted of the following:

	2022	 2021
Capital replacement reserve	\$ 47,486,991	\$ 46,058,252
Rate stabilization reserve	14,631,267	13,090,439
Operating reserve	 8,655,077	 10,310,257
	\$ 70,773,335	\$ 69,458,948

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 14 – Capital Contributions

Capital contributions for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021		
Contributions of capital assets Other	\$ 393,361 176,384	\$	853,539 46,459	
Total	\$ 569,745	\$	899,998	

Note 15 – Economic Dependency

All potable water sold by the District is purchased from the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA). The District purchased 18,446.8 acre-feet (AF) of potable water during fiscal year 2022, and 19,547.6 AF during fiscal year 2021. An acre foot (AF) is a unit of measure equivalent to 325,900 gallons of water, which meets the needs of two average families for one year. The District continues to offset potable water consumption used for irrigation with recycled water through the expansion of its recycled water system. The prospect of future droughts as well as water supply shortages drives the need to diversify water supplies by developing alternative water sources locally to reduce reliance on potable water purchased from SDCWA. Recycled water sold by the District to its retail customers is either produced at the 4S Ranch Water Reclamation Facility or purchased from Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District, the City of San Diego, San Elijo Joint Powers Authority, and Vallecitos Water District.

The District's recycled water system is comprised of two non-contiguous recycled water service areas, the Northwest and Southeast Quadrant. Recycled water sold by the District in the Northwest Quadrant is purchased from Vallecitos Water District and San Elijo Joint Powers Authority. Recycled water sold by the District in the Southeast Quadrant comes from the District's 4S Water Reclamation Facility and purchases from the District's recycled water supplier, the Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District and the City of San Diego.

Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies

A. Contracts

The District has entered into contracts for the engineering and construction of additions to capital assets. Unfulfilled commitments under open contracts as of June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Total open contracts	\$ 15,780,920	\$ 27,658,039
Less costs incurred as of June 30,	(3,370,297)	 (25,141,812)
Remaining contractual commitments	\$ 12,410,623	\$ 2,516,227

B. Litigation

Management is of the opinion that there are no outstanding legal litigations that would have a material effect on the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

C. Grant Awards

Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audit could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the District believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

Note 17 – Segment Information

Although the District's financial statements jointly account for water and wastewater (sewer) services, investors in the 2015 and 2016 Water System Refunding Revenues Bonds rely solely on the revenues of the District's water services for repayment. Similarly, investors in the District's 2018, 2021A and 2021B Wastewater Revenue Bonds rely solely on the revenues of the District's wastewater services for repayment. The following condensed financial statements provide a summary of the District's financial information for water and wastewater services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Water Services	Wastewater Services	Total
ASSETS			·
Current assets	\$ 85,222,038	\$ 20,985,823	\$ 106,207,861
Capital assets	316,459,783	58,563,659	375,023,442
Long-term assets	9,955,712	-	9,955,712
Other assets	35,463		35,463
Total assets	411,672,996	79,549,482	491,222,478
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on refunding	1,016,228	-	1,016,228
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	2,473,959	257,733	2,731,692
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,490,187	257,733	3,747,920
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	13,288,307 47,203,268	1,028,927 9,331,767	14,317,234 56,535,035
Total liabilities	60,491,575	10,360,694	70,852,269
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension-related deferred inflows of resources Lease-related deferred inflows of resources	5,386,833 9,796,852	1,609,054	6,995,887 9,796,852
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,183,685	1,609,054	16,792,739
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	273,558,634 2,106,867	55,265,562	328,824,196 2,106,867
Restricted for construction	5,620,992	-	5,620,992
Unrestricted	58,201,430	12,571,905	70,773,335
Total net position	\$ 339,487,923	\$ 67,837,467	\$ 407,325,390
			-

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 17 – Segment Information (Continued)

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Services		Wastewater Services		Total	
Operating Revenues						
Water sales	\$	57,747,541	\$	-	\$	57,747,541
Sewer charges		-		5,480,925		5,480,925
Other water operating revenues		1,303,126				1,303,126
Total operating revenues		59,050,667		5,480,925		64,531,592
Operating Expenses						
Cost of purchased water sold		31,265,804				31,265,804
Pumping and water treatment		4,322,820				4,322,820
Transmission and distribution		4,485,962				4,485,962
Sewer collection and treatment		-,405,702		2,170,341		2,170,341
Elfin Forest recreation operations		428,174		2,170,311		428,174
Facilities maintenance		1,304,985		82,025		1,387,010
Customer services		2,066,667	•	988		2,067,655
General and administrative		6,325,141		1,449,170		7,774,311
Other operating expenses		304,037		_		304,037
Depreciation and amortization		13,730,990		2,344,990		16,075,980
Total operating expenses		64,234,580		6,047,514		70,282,094
Operating income (loss)		(5,183,913)		(566,589)		(5,750,502)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Fair market value adjustment		(2,081,617)		(386,025)		(2,467,642)
Investment income		339,703		62,999		402,702
Property taxes		4,242,794		-		4,242,794
Capacity charges		616,165		914,760		1,530,925
Benefit assessments		1,058,241		· -		1,058,241
Other nonoperating revenues		2,237,334		-		2,237,334
Interest expense, net		(1,185,043)		(142,771)		(1,327,814)
Other nonoperating expenses		(490,206)		(116,396)		(606,602)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		4,737,371		332,567		5,069,938
Income (loss) before capital contributions		(446,542)		(234,022)		(680,564)
Capital contributions		80,949		488,796		569,745
Change in net position		(365,593)		254,774		(110,819)
Net position, beginning of year		339,853,516		67,582,693		407,436,209
Net position, end of year	\$	339,487,923	\$	67,837,467	\$	407,325,390

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 17 – Segment Information (Continued)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Services		Wastewater Services		Total	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,286,862	\$	2,068,109	\$	11,354,971
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities		5,271,677		2,102,804		7,374,481
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(10,225,482)		2,773,040		(7,452,442)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(3,785,688)		(1,233,533)		(5,019,221)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		547,369		5,710,420		6,257,789
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		41,449,022		8,240,214		49,689,236
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	41,996,391	\$	13,950,634	\$	55,947,025

The following condensed financial statements provide a summary of the District's financial information for water and wastewater services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	7		33 7 4			Tr. 4 1
AGG FYEG	W	Vater Services	Wast	ewater Services		Total
ASSETS	e.	04.510.201	Ф	14 207 100	Ф	00.015.400
Current assets	\$	84,518,291	\$	14,397,199	\$	98,915,490
Capital assets		321,624,368		60,362,888		381,987,256
Long-term assets		7,188,378		-		7,188,378
Other assets		82,997				82,997
Total assets		413,414,034		74,760,087		488,174,121
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount on refunding		1,191,088		-		1,191,088
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		3,131,554		454,158		3,585,712
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,322,642		454,158		4,776,800
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		13,250,963		682,713		13,933,676
Long-term liabilities		56,954,414		6,851,033		63,805,447
Total liabilities		70,205,377		7,533,746		77,739,123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		327,437		97,806		425,243
Lease-related deferred inflows of resources		7,350,346		· -		7,350,346
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,677,783		97,806		7,775,589
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		274,506,060		56,349,901		330,855,961
Restricted for debt service		1,938,321		_		1,938,321
Restricted for construction		5,182,979		-		5,182,979
Unrestricted		58,226,156		11,232,792		69,458,948
Total net position	\$	339,853,516	\$	67,582,693	\$	407,436,209

Olivenhain Municipal Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 17 – Segment Information (Continued)

Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Services		Wastewater Services		Total	
Operating Revenues						_
Water sales	\$	58,169,813	\$	-	\$	58,169,813
Sewer charges		-		5,127,136		5,127,136
Other water operating revenues		1,461,229				1,461,229
Total operating revenues		59,631,042		5,127,136		64,758,178
O						
Operating Expenses Cost of purchased water sold		30,601,983				30,601,983
Pumping and water treatment		4,378,418				4,378,418
Transmission and distribution		4,220,269				4,220,269
Sewer collection and treatment		4,220,207		2,085,237		2,085,237
Elfin Forest recreation operations		415,386		2,003,237		415,386
Facilities maintenance		1,279,544		84,020		1,363,564
Customer services		2,348,700	4	-		2,348,700
General and administrative		5,656,155		1,385,005		7,041,160
Other operating expenses		228,939		-		228,939
Depreciation and amortization		13,328,578		2,230,945		15,559,523
Total operating expenses		62,457,972		5,785,207		68,243,179
Operating income (loss)		(2,826,930)		(658,071)		(3,485,001)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Fair market value adjustment		(482,337)		(79,682)		(562,019)
Investment income		379,893		75,069		454,962
Property taxes		4,027,357		-		4,027,357
Capacity charges		2,754,730		-		2,754,730
Benefit assessments		1,177,302		-		1,177,302
Other nonoperating revenues		6,592,672		-		6,592,672
Interest expense, net		(1,291,875)		(127,134)		(1,419,009)
Other nonoperating expenses		(293,946)		(782,601)		(1,076,547)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		12,863,796		(914,348)		11,949,448
Income (loss) before capital contributions		10,036,866		(1,572,419)		8,464,447
Capital contributions		611,840		288,158		899,998
Change in net position		10,648,706		(1,284,261)		9,364,445
Net position, beginning of year		329,204,810		68,866,954		398,071,764
Net position, end of year	\$	339,853,516	\$	67,582,693	\$	407,436,209

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Note 17 – Segment Information (Continued)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Services		Wastewater Services		Total	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,822,188	\$	2,930,772	\$	10,752,960
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities		7,259,197		-		7,259,197
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(8,381,160)		(3,589,504)		(11,970,664)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(10,627,142)		(1,423,630)		(12,050,772)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,926,917)		(2,082,362)		(6,009,279)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		45,375,939		10,322,576		55,698,515
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	41,449,022	\$	8,240,214	\$	49,689,236

Note 18 – Restatement of Net Position

As a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, net position as of July 1, 2021 has been restated as follows:

Net position at July 1, 2021 as previously reported	\$ 407,246,145
Restatement to implement GASB Statement No. 87	 190,064
Total restatement	190,064
Net position at July 1, 2021 as restated	\$ 407,436,209

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

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Olivenhain Municipal Water District Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Modified Approach for Steel Water Storage Tanks Infrastructure Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the District is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The District defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets including water storage tanks system, used by the District to conduct its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems.

The District has elected to use the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting for its Steel Water Storage Tanks System. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated under the following requirements:

• The District manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an assets management system with characteristics of: (1) an up-to-date inventory; (2) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale; and (3) estimate annual amount to maintain and preserve at the established condition assessment level.

The District documents that the eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established and disclosed condition assessment level.

In September 2007, the District commissioned a study of the physical condition assessment of the steel water storage tanks. Tank assessment components include tank structure, tank exterior coating, tank interior coating, tank dry interior, tank foundations, tank security and tank safety. The condition assessment will be performed at least every three years. Each tank was assigned a physical condition based on potential defects. A Tank Assessment Index (TAI), a nationally recognized index, was assigned to each tank and expressed in a continuous scale from 1.0 to 10.0, where 1.0 is assigned to the least acceptable physical condition and 10.0 is assigned the physical characteristics of a new tank. During fiscal year 2022, inspections on the various tanks ended in July 2022.

The following conditions were defined:

Condition	TAI Range
Very Good	9.0 - 10.0
Good	7.0 - 8.9
Satisfactory	5.0 - 6.9
Sub Standard	3.0 - 4.9
Unacceptable	1.0 - 2.9

According to the District's policy, a minimum average rating of 5.0 for all steel tanks is considered a satisfactory rating. As of June 30, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2018 the District's steel water storage tanks were rated as follows:

						T	ΑI	
Tank#	Name	Size (Gallons)	Туре	FY 21/22	FY 20/21	FY 19/20	FY 18/19	FY 17/18
1	4 S-2 Tank	4,000,000	Ground Storage	9.4	9.4	8.8	8.1	8.6
2	Zorro Tank	1,200,000	Ground Storage	9.5	9.6	7.8	8.4	8.4
3	Wiegand Tank	1,000,000	Ground Storage	9.0	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.4
4	Peay Tank	10,000,000	Ground Storage	9.0	9.1	8.5	8.6	8.8
5	Denk Tank	10,000,000	Ground Storage	8.2	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.2
6	4S Tank	10,000,000	Ground Storage	9.6	8.7	7.3	7.0	7.6
7	Cielo Tank	1,000,000	Ground Storage	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.1
8	Roger Miller Tank	8,000,000	Ground Storage	9.4	9.5	9.7	9.6	9.7
9	Thelma Miller Tank	1,000,000	Ground Storage	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.1	8.9

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Modified Approach for Steel Water Storage Tanks Infrastructure Capital Assets (Continued)

The District expensed \$837,891 and \$786,752 on the steel water storage tanks maintenance for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These expenses delayed deterioration; however, the overall condition of the steel water storage tanks was not improved through these maintenance expenses. The District has estimated that the amount of annual expenses required to maintain the District's steel water storage tanks at the average TAI rating of 5.0 through the year 2022 is a minimum of \$830,023.

A schedule of actual expenses to maintain and preserve the steel water storage tanks at the current level is presented below:

		Maintenance Expenses 2022					Maintenand	e Ex	penses	N	Maintenan	e Ex	penses	1	Maintenand	e Ex	penses]	Maintenand	e E	penses
			20	22			20	21			20	20			20	19			20	18	
Tank#	Name		Budget		Actual]	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
1	4 S-2 Tank	\$	58,290	\$	58,842	\$	55,251	\$	55,251	\$	55,251	\$	55,251	\$	52,513	\$	52,513	\$	49,776	\$	49,776
2	Zorro Tank		34,006	. ,			32,233		32,233		32,233		32,233		30,636		30,636		29,039		29,039
3	Wiegand Tank		25,545				24,213		24,213		24,213		24,213	N.	23,013		23,013		21,814		21,814
4	Peay Tank		165,989				157,336		157,336		157,336		157,336		149,540		149,540		141,744		141,744
5	Denk Tank		175,985		177,654		166,811		166,811		166,811		166,811		158,545		158,545		150,280		150,280
6	4S Tank		166,762		168,343		158,068		158,068		158,068		158,068		150,236		150,236		142,404		142,404
7	Cielo Tank		29,174		29,450		27,653		27,653		27,653		27,653		26,282		26,282		24,912		24,912
8	Roger Miller Tank		147,322		148,718		139,642		139,642		139,642		139,642		132,723		132,723		125,803		125,803
9	Thelma Miller Tank		26,950		27,206		25,545		25,545		25,545		25,545		24,279		24,279		23,014		23,014
	Total	\$	830,023	\$	837,891	\$	786,752	\$	786,752	\$	786,752	\$	786,752	\$	747,767	\$	747,767	\$	708,786	\$	708,786

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Schedule of Contributions - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 1,854,789	\$ 1,733,027	\$ 1,509,929	\$ 1,321,485	\$ 1,144,038	\$ 1,026,323	\$ 898,330	\$ 825,748
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,854,789	2,183,027	1,809,929	1,321,485	1,144,038	1,026,323	898,330	825,748
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (450,000)	\$ (300,000)	\$ -	\$ -	<u>s</u> -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 7,687,861	\$ 7,502,733	\$ 7,168,522	\$ 6,921,133	\$ 6,760,547	\$ 6,392,406	\$ 6,083,865	\$ 5,906,665
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.13%	29.10%	25.25%	19.09%	16.92%	16.06%	14.77%	13.98%
Notes to Schedule:					0			
Valuation Date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Single and agent employers Entry age**

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed**

Asset valuation method Market Value***
Inflation 2.75%**

Salary increases Depending on age, service, and type of employment**

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation**

Retirement age 50 (2.5%@55), 52 years (2%@62)

Mortality

- * Historical information is only presented for periods where GASB 68 is applicable.
- ** The valuation for June 30, 2013, 2014, and 2015 (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2016, and 2017 respectively) included the same actuarial assumptions.
- *** The valuation for June 30, 2013 (applicable to fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) valued assets using a 15 Year Smoothed Market method. The market value of asset valuation method was utilized for the June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 valuations (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022, respectively).

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Miscellaneous & PEPRA Plan Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.41183%	0.34634%	0.34363%	0.33439%	0.32551%	0.12734%	0.12610%	0.10475%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,819,768	\$ 14,608,844	\$ 13,760,678	\$ 12,602,286	\$ 12,831,806	\$ 11,018,852	\$ 8,653,737	\$ 6,517,867
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,502,733	\$ 7,168,522	\$ 6,921,133	\$ 6,760,547	\$ 6,392,406	\$ 6,083,865	\$ 5,906,665	\$ 5,808,158
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	104.23%	203.79%	198.82%	186.41%	200.74%	181.12%	146.51%	112.22%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	87.14%	74.69%	74.59%	75.38%	73.57%	74.06%	79.86%	83.03%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contributions	\$ 2,084,274	\$ 1,926,217	\$ 1,673,663	\$ 1,469,602	\$ 1,351,241	\$ 1,196,711	\$ 1,116,013	\$ 862,289

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018:

The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2022:

There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Historical information is only presented for periods where GASB 68 is applicable.

STATISTICAL SECTION

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section (an amendment of NCGA Statement 1)" requires that statistical information be presented as part of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Table No.</u>

Financial Trends I - I

These tables show the current and historical financial trends regarding the nature of investments and ownership during the reporting period to assess the liquidity and financial strength of the District.

Net Position is the accumulated value of the District's assets minus its liabilities. Changes in Net Position (total revenue less total expenses) measures the success of the District's operations during the reporting period and its ability to meet its financial commitments.

Revenue Capacity III - IX

These tables provide more detailed information about the District's revenues and expenses. Tables presented in this section show the District's activities during the reporting year broken down by sources to provide the reader with more information in assessing the District's financial health over the reporting period. These tables can also be used to assess whether or not the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its users fees and other charges.

The District's user rates and charges are established by the Board of Directors and are not subject to regulation by the California Public Utilities Commission or by any other local, state, or federal agency. The District is in compliance with Article XIIID of the California State Constitution and Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act.

While the District does not assess a special tax rate, it receives a proportionate amount of ad-valorem tax as established by Proposition 13. The District levies and collects, through the San Diego County Tax Assessor office, for the Reassessment District 96-1 bonds. This assessment revenue is collected to repay for bonds issued to finance the construction of the Olivenhain Dam and Reservoir project.

Debt Capacity X - XV

These tables provide information on the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

XVI - XVII

Tables presented in this section will help the reader assess the District's community profile. Since the District's service area overlaps between several major cities and includes an unincorporated area, statistical information included in these tables represent the San Diego County economic data as a whole. Demographic and economic data presented have been collected from reasonably accurate sources, however, they should not be relied on in connection with any issuance of bonds.

Operating Information XVIII - XIX

Tables presented contain internal information about the District's water and sewer operations to measure operational efficiency.

Table I - Combined Net Position by Component (Water and Wastewater)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year en	ded June 30			
	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 328,824,196	\$ 330,855,961	\$ 330,720,794	\$ 321,290,220	\$ 322,232,147	\$ 322,388,785	\$ 322,493,799	\$ 315,240,098	\$ 314,218,584	\$ 318,296,589
Restricted	7,727,859	7,121,300	6,593,159	10,947,134	10,912,202	11,690,890	15,355,420	20,852,200	22,359,148	18,114,492
Unrestricted	70,773,335	69,458,948	60,757,811	62,445,287	57,908,178	53,114,033	48,664,923	50,582,280	53,318,489	45,055,363
Total Net Position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$ 398,071,764	\$ 394,682,641	\$ 391,052,527	\$ 387,193,708	\$ 386,514,142	\$ 386,674,578	\$ 389,896,221	\$ 381,466,444

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

Table II - Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year ended June 30													
	<u>2022</u>	<u> 2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Operating Revenues																		
Water sales	\$57,747,541	\$ 58,169,813	\$	50,430,847	\$	48,238,490	\$	53,444,449	\$	45,433,161	\$	40,936,218	\$	45,145,400	\$	47,875,747	\$	43,098,120
Sewer charges	5,480,925	5,127,136		4,952,194		5,245,015		4,464,710		4,447,426		4,474,853		4,656,781		4,246,033		4,178,503
Other water operating revenues	1,303,126	1,461,229		2,200,252		2,269,665		2,271,495		2,217,932		1,560,779		1,077,003		2,098,535		1,215,714
Total operating revenues	\$ 64,531,592	\$ 64,758,178	\$	57,583,293	\$	55,753,170	\$	60,180,654	\$	52,098,519	\$	46,971,850	\$	50,879,184	\$	54,220,315	\$	48,492,337
Operating Expenses																		
Cost of purchased water sold	\$ 31,265,804	\$ 30,601,983	\$	27,188,350	\$	25,532,687	\$	27,578,413	\$	24,568,729	\$	21,979,036	\$	23,634,844	\$	25,074,331	\$	24,157,374
Pumping and water treatment	4,322,820	4,378,418		4,139,526		4,028,711		4,129,127		3,988,991		3,390,124		3,629,349		3,915,661		2,761,823
Transmission and distribution	4,485,962	4,220,269		4,090,468		3,480,238		3,557,507		3,874,766		3,482,086		3,348,083		3,666,030		3,041,766
Sewer collection and treatment	2,170,341	2,085,237		1,980,603		1,631,657		1,845,906		1,672,289		1,758,907		1,703,761		1,767,162		1,555,363
Elfin Forest Recreational Reserve	428,174	415,386		381,540		376,635		337,557		316,387		287,923		187,525		198,143		161,710
Facilities maintenance	1,387,010	1,363,564		1,456,702		1,224,506		1,083,246		1,154,241		843,456		888,677		821,966		738,018
Customer services	2,067,655	2,348,700		2,404,916		1,817,086		1,734,656		1,789,423		1,757,388		1,205,838		1,057,472		1,003,099
General and administrative	7,774,311	7,041,160		7,326,820		6,926,933		7,252,941		6,265,690		5,388,804		5,141,239		4,513,964		3,957,431
Other operating expenses	304,037	228,939		329,185		407,811		244,817		388,995		-		-		-		-
Depreciation and amortization	16,075,980	15,559,523		15,029,936		14,892,827		14,584,093		15,069,090		13,053,286		13,757,848		13,661,241		12,837,065
Total operating expenses	\$ 70,282,094	\$ 68,243,179	\$	64,328,046	\$	60,319,091	\$	62,348,263	\$	59,088,601	\$	51,941,010	\$	53,497,164	\$	54,675,970	\$	50,213,649
Operating income (loss)	 (5,750,502)	(3,485,001)		(6,744,753)		(4,565,921)		(2,167,609)		(6,990,082)		(4,969,160)		(2,617,980)		(455,655)		(1,721,312)
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Non-operating Revenues (expenses)																		
Investment income, net of market value adjustment (1)	\$ (2,064,940)	\$ (107,057)	\$	1,542,608	\$	2,135,687	\$	658,473	\$	230,271	\$	514,911	\$	457,182	\$	474,651	\$	(22,367)
Property taxes	4,242,794	4,027,357		3,863,252		3,714,060		3,557,919		3,414,858		3,268,438		3,066,946		2,896,741		2,806,377
Capacity charges	1,530,925	2,754,730		3,200,022		2,337,015		645,964		3,624,426		1,482,945		1,792,125		4,944,025		1,960,514
Benefit assessments	1,058,241	1,177,302		1,115,704		1,474,830		1,414,791		1,460,881		1,451,751		1,375,093		1,516,201		1,507,511
Other non-operating revenues (2)	2,237,334	6,592,672		91,836		67,097		2,669		278,589		53,458		137,836		347,610		16,508
Interest expense, net	(1,327,814)	(1,419,009)		(1,457,739)		(1,794,797)		(2,120,456)		(2,342,667)		(2,629,591)		(2,879,588)		(3,037,510)		(2,056,136)
Other non-operating expenses	(606,602)	(1,076,547)		(1,458,033)		(1,036,442)		(561,079)		(1,012,913)		(1,211,973)		(358,178)		(2,448,061)		(950,689)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ 5,069,938	\$ 11,949,448	\$	6,897,650	\$	6,897,450	\$	3,598,281	\$	5,653,445	\$	2,929,939	\$	3,591,416	\$	4,693,657	\$	3,261,718
Income before capital contributions	(680,564)	8,464,447		152,897		2,331,529		1,430,672		(1,336,637)		(2,039,221)		973,436		4,238,002		1,540,406
Capital contributions	569,745	899,998		3,236,226		1,298,585		2,428,147		2,016,203		1,878,785		4,524,509		4,191,775		9,949,608
Change in net position	(110,819)	9,364,445)	3,389,123		3,630,114		3,858,819		679,566		(160,436)		5,497,945		8,429,777		11,490,014
Net Position																		
Beginning of year	\$ 407,436,209	\$ 398,071,764	\$	394,682,641	\$	391,052,527	\$	387,193,708	\$	386,514,142	\$	386,674,578	\$	389,896,221	\$	381,466,444	\$	369,976,430
Prior Year Adjustment/Equity Adjustment	_			-		-		-		-		-		(8,719,588)		-		-
End of year	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$	398,071,764	\$	394,682,641	\$	391,052,527	\$	387,193,708	\$	386,514,142	\$	386,674,578	\$	389,896,221	\$	381,466,444
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Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

⁽¹⁾ Fair market value adjustment of \$(2,467,642) for FY 2022 and \$(562,019) for FY 2021
(2) FY 2022 and FY 2021 include MET lawsuit settlements, sale of District parcels, and rental income (previously categorized under Other water operating revenues).

Table III - Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			OF	PERATING REV	VENUES					NONOPERAT	ING R	EVENUES				
Fiscal Year Ended	Water Sales ⁽¹⁾	Service Charges ⁽¹⁾		Meter Installs	Sewer Charges	Other ⁽²⁾	Total Operating Revenues	Investment Income (3)	op. Taxes & Benefit ssessment	Capacity Charges ⁽⁴⁾		Capital ributions ⁽⁵⁾	Other (2)	C	otal Non- perating Revenues	TOTAL REVENUES
2022	\$ 42,215,756	\$ 15,531,785	\$	1,116	\$ 5,480,925	\$ 1,302,010	\$ 64,531,592	\$ (2,064,940)	\$ 5,301,035	\$ 1,530,925	\$	569,745	\$ 2,237,334	\$	7,574,099	\$ 72,105,691
2021	42,879,845	15,289,968		11,940	5,127,136	1,449,289	64,758,178	(107,057)	5,204,659	2,754,730		899,998	6,592,672		15,345,002	80,103,180
2020	35,794,646	14,636,202		5,279	4,952,194	2,194,972	57,583,293	1,542,608	4,978,956	3,200,022		3,236,226	91,836		13,049,648	70,632,941
2019	33,747,315	14,491,175		5,891	5,245,015	2,263,774	55,753,170	2,135,687	5,188,890	2,337,015		1,298,585	67,097		11,027,274	66,780,444
2018	39,411,902	14,032,547		5,405	4,464,710	2,266,090	60,180,654	658,473	4,972,710	645,964		2,428,147	2,669		8,707,963	68,888,617
2017	32,160,956	13,272,205		8,590	4,447,426	2,209,342	52,098,519	230,271	4,875,739	3,624,426		2,016,203	278,589		11,025,228	63,123,747
2016	28,335,031	12,601,187		(23,890)	4,474,853	1,584,669	46,971,850	514,911	4,720,189	1,482,945		1,878,785	53,458		8,650,288	55,622,138
2015	33,309,929	11,835,471		49,247	4,656,781	1,027,756	50,879,184	457,182	4,442,039	1,792,125		4,524,509	137,836		11,353,691	62,232,875
2014	36,602,714	11,273,033		20,946	4,246,033	2,077,589	54,220,315	474,651	4,412,942	4,944,025		4,191,775	347,610		14,371,003	68,591,318
2013	32,430,072	10,668,048		166,262	4,178,503	1,049,452	48,492,337	(22,367)	4,313,888	1,960,514		9,949,608	16,508		16,218,151	64,710,488

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Includes estimated unbilled water revenue, miscellaneous water sales, recycled commodity sales, and fixed monthly fees.
- (2) Other revenues includes excess treated water capacity revenues, rental income, MWD lawsuit settlements, sale of District parcels, and demand offset fees.
- (3) Net of fair market value adjustment (fair market value adjustment of \$(2,467,642) for FY 2022 and \$(562,019) for FY 2021).
- (4) Fees paid by developers and new customers for water services.
- (5) Cash contributions or contributions of capital assets in kind or when governmental constructions are earned.

Table IV - Expenses by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				OPERATING	EXPENSES				NO	NOPER	RATING EXPE	NSES	TOTAL
Year Ended	Cost of Water Sold	Pumping & Water Treatment	Transmission and Distribution	Sewer Collection & Treatment	Customer Services	Depreciation & Amortization	Other ⁽¹⁾	Total Operating Expenses	Interest Expense		Other ⁽²⁾	Total Non- operating Expenses	EXPENSES
2022	\$ 31,265,804	\$ 4,322,820	\$ 4,485,962	\$ 2,170,341	\$ 2,067,655	\$ 16,075,980	\$ 9,893,532	\$ 70,282,094	\$ 1,327,814	\$	606,602	\$ 1,934,416	\$ 72,216,510
2021	30,601,983	4,378,418	4,220,269	2,085,237	2,348,700	15,559,523	9,049,049	68,243,179	1,419,009		1,076,547	2,495,556	70,738,735
2020	27,188,350	4,139,526	4,090,468	1,980,603	2,404,916	15,029,936	9,494,247	64,328,046	1,457,739		1,458,033	2,915,772	67,243,818
2019	25,532,687	4,028,711	3,480,238	1,631,657	1,817,086	14,892,827	8,935,885	60,319,091	1,794,797		1,036,442	2,831,239	63,150,330
2018	27,578,413	4,129,127	3,557,507	1,845,906	1,734,656	14,584,093	8,918,561	62,348,263	2,120,456		561,079	2,681,535	65,029,798
2017	24,568,729	3,988,991	3,874,766	1,672,289	1,789,423	15,069,090	8,125,313	59,088,601	2,342,667		1,012,913	3,355,580	62,444,181
2016	21,979,036	3,390,124	3,482,086	1,758,907	1,757,388	13,053,286	6,520,183	51,941,010	2,629,591		1,211,973	3,841,564	55,782,574
2015	23,634,844	3,629,349	3,348,083	1,703,761	1,205,838	13,757,848	6,217,441	53,497,164	2,879,588		358,178	3,237,766	56,734,930
2014	25,074,331	3,915,661	3,666,030	1,767,162	1,057,472	13,661,241	5,534,073	54,675,970	3,037,510		2,448,061	5,485,571	60,161,541
2013	24,157,374	2,761,823	3,041,766	1,555,363	1,003,099	12,837,065	4,857,159	50,213,649	2,056,136		950,689	3,006,825	53,220,474

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Includes General and Administrative, Facilities Maintenance, and Elfin Forest Recreational Reserve operations, and miscellaneous operating expenses such as expenses related to Work for Others projects.
- (2) Includes loss on disposal of capital assets, Rate Reimbursement Credit, and miscellaneous other non-operating expenses such as bank fees and bond consultants.

Table V- Water Sales by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Dome	estic/Commer	cial		Agricultural		R	ecycled Wate	•	Tota	nl		nbined t Rate ⁽²⁾		bined Rate ⁽²⁾
Ended	<u>Value</u>	Acre Feet	% of Total	Value	Acre Feet	% of Total	<u>Value</u>	Acre Feet	% of Total	<u>Value</u>	Acre Feet	\$/Ac	re Feet	\$/H	ICF
2022	\$ 38,105,626	17,179.4	88.7%	\$ 373,711	237.5 (3)	0.9%	\$ 4,481,597	2,773.8	10.4%	\$ 42,960,934	20,190.6	\$	2,128	\$	4.88
2021	37,551,897	17,477.5	88.2%	820,954	479.3	1.9%	4,204,817	2,719.3	9.9%	42,577,668	20,676.1		2,059		4.73
2020	30,779,447	15,174.0	87.9%	631,705	420.7	1.8%	3,619,602	2,182.8	10.3%	35,030,754	17,777.5		1,971		4.52
2019	30,025,491	15,221.1	87.5%	629,535	457.6	1.8%	3,655,658	2,227.7	10.7%	34,310,684	17,906.3		1,916		4.40
2018	33,672,603	17,455.7	87.2%	805,794	583.1	2.1%	4,137,994	2,615.3	10.7%	38,616,391	20,654.0		1,870		4.29
2017	27,946,765	15,500.9	87.8%	630,479	475.3	2.0%	3,262,852	2,252.3	10.2%	31,840,096	18,228.5		1,747		4.01
2016	25,085,001	14,310.2	88.3%	787,221	497.0	2.8%	2,533,961	1,856.2	8.9%	28,406,182	16,663.4		1,705		3.91
2015	29,914,133	17,992.9	87.7%	1,092,527	706.8	3.2%	3,112,981	2,323.3	9.1%	34,119,641	21,023.0		1,623		3.73
2014	31,733,764	19,840.5	87.4%	1,269,068	824.2	3.5%	3,317,826	2,561.5	9.1%	36,320,659	23,226.2		1,564		3.59
2013	27,830,418	18,552.9	87.1%	1,119,726	757.3	3.5%	3,016,610	2,467.2	9.4%	31,966,754	21,777.4		1,468		3.37

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Excludes unbilled water sales.
- (2) Calculated based on total water sales divided by total volume. 1 acre-foot = 43,600 cubic feet = 325,900 gallons.
- (3) Decrease in FY 2022 due to reclassing certain Agricultural customers to Domestic/Commercial that did not meet requirements for the PSAWR (Ag) program set forth by SDCWA.

Table VI - Rate by Activity

Last Ten Fiscal Years

											Fiscal Yea	r end	led J	lune	30				
		2022 (6)		2021 ⁽⁶⁾		2020 ⁽⁶⁾	2019 ⁽⁶⁾	<u>20</u>	18 ⁽⁶⁾		2017 ⁽⁶⁾	<u>20</u>	16 ⁽⁷⁾)	<u>2015</u> ⁽⁶⁾		<u>2014</u> ⁽⁶⁾		2013 ⁽⁶⁾
Potable Water (1)																			
Monthly System Access Charge Monthly Commodity Charge Domestic Rate	\$	40.41	\$	39.44	\$	38.46	\$ 37.70 \$	3	7.70	\$	36.08 \$	3	3.88	\$	31.97	\$	30.76	\$	29.87
1 st Tier		3.68		3.39		3.30	2.71		2.64		2.53		2.50		2.25		2.32		2.26
2 nd Tier		5.34		5.02		4.90	4.75		4.62		4.43		4.35		3.93		3.71		3.61
3 rd Tier		5.96		5.63		5.49	5.61		5.46		5.23		5.60		4.65		4.75		4.62
4 th Tier		7.09		6.74		6.58	6.58		6.40		6.13		6.26		5.44		-		-
Commercial Rate																			
1 st Tier		5.02		4.71		4.59	4.07		3.96		3.79		3.64		3.36		3.90		3.79
2 nd Tier ⁽²⁾		-		-		-	-		-				-		-		4.97		4.83
Irrigation ⁽³⁾																			
1 st Tier		5.65		5.33		5.20	4.35		4.23		4.05		3.99		3.60		-		-
2 nd Tier		6.04		5.71		5.57	5.90		5.74		5.50	;	5.61		4.88		-		-
Agricultural Rate		5.88		5.55		5.42	4.75		4.62		4.43		4.26		3.93		3.70		3.60
PSAWR/TSAWR Credit (4)		(1.11)		(0.97)		(0.99)	(0.94)		0.95)		(0.89)		0.90)		(0.77)		(0.47)		(0.40)
Recycled (1)																			
Monthly System Access Charge	\$	40.41	\$	39.44	\$	38.46	\$ 37.70 \$	3	7.70	\$	36.08 \$	3	3.88	\$	31.97	\$	30.76	\$	29.87
Monthly Commodity Charge Uniform Rate	ř	3.79	Ť	3.65	•	3.61	3.85		3.75	•	3.59		3.37	·	3.18	•	3.03	•	2.95
Sewer (1)																			
Annual System Access Charge per EDU (5))				X														
4S Ranch	\$	186.17	\$	181.09	\$	181.09	\$ 175.81 \$	17	0.68	\$	165.70 \$	14	7.00	\$	147.00	\$	147.00	\$	147.00
Rancho Cielo		186.17		181.09		181.09	175.81	17	0.68		165.70	14	7.00		147.00		147.00		147.00
Multi-Family and Commercial		147.33		181.09		181.09	175.81	17	0.68		165.70	14	7.00		147.00		147.00		147.00
Commodity Charge per unit			7																
Domestic Rate		6.81		6.59		6.59	6.39		6.20		6.01		6.00		6.00		6.00		6.00
Multi-Family Rate		6.81		6.59		6.59	6.39		6.20		6.01		6.00		6.00		6.00		6.00
Commercial Rate																			
Group I		6.81		6.59		6.59	6.39		6.20		6.01		6.00		6.00		6.00		6.00
Group II		9.43		10.16		10.16	9.86		9.57		9.29		9.29		9.29		9.29		9.29
Group III		-		11.36		11.36	11.02	1	0.69		10.37	1	5.86		15.86		15.86		15.86

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Commodity charges are for one unit of water (1 unit = 748 gallons).
- (2) Tier 2 Commercial Rate was eliminated as part of the 2014 Water Rate Study.
- (3) Irrigation tiers are based on seasonal allotments by meter size.
- (4) Permanent/Transitional Special Agricultural Water Rate is calendar year based (Jan 1st to Dec 31st).
- (5) An Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU) means the standard measurement of sewage discharged into the sewer system equal to the average discharge from a detached single family unit.
- (6) Water Supply Shortage Level 1 Rate.
- (7) Water Supply Shortage Level 2 Rate.

Table VII - Principal Water Consumers Current and Nine Years Ago

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 2022

Customer Name	Usage (AF)	% of Water Sold
The Bridges Club at RSF Inc (1)	593.4	2.94%
4S Ranch Master HOA ⁽²⁾	492.8	2.44%
Bando National Corporation (2)(3)	332.7	1.65%
Rancho Santa Fe Farms Golf Inc ⁽²⁾	264.3	1.31%
Del Mar Country Club ⁽²⁾	245.4	1.22%
Crosby Estate HOA ⁽²⁾	233.2	1.16%
La Costa Oaks Association ⁽²⁾	194.7	0.96%
La Costa Glen Carlsbad LLC ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	175.6	0.87%
Surf Cup Soccer Field (2)	138.4	0.69%
Cielo Homeowners Assn (1)	126.3	0.63%
Total top ten consumers	2,796.9	13.85%
Other consumers	17,393.7	86.15%
Total water billed	20,190.6	100.00%

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 2013

Customer Name	Usage (AF)	% of Water Sold
4S Ranch Master HOA	450.2	2.07%
Fairbanks Ranch Country Club	389.3	1.79%
Del Mar Country Club	304.7	1.40%
Crosby National Golf Club	286.3	1.31%
HCC Investors	285.8	1.31%
Rancho Santa Fe Farms Golf	231.3	1.06%
La Costa Oaks Association	196.8	0.90%
Crosby Estates HOA	162.2	0.74%
Continuing Life Communities	149.6	0.69%
La Costa Valley Master Assn.	149.5	0.69%
Total top ten consumers	2,605.7	11.97%
Other consumers	19,171.7	88.03%
Total water billed	21,777.4	100.00%

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Mainly potable water customer
- (2) Mainly recycled water customer
- (3) Previously named Crosby National Golf Club.
- (4) Previously named Continuing Life Communities.

Table VIII - Principal Wastewater (Sewer) Customers

Current and Two Years Ago

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 2022

Customer Name	Ar	nount Billed	% of Total Sewer Billed	
Cymer Inc	\$	293,395	5.38%	
4S Ranch Holdco LLC		277,203	5.08%	
Amante and Ravenna at 4S Ranch		198,204	3.63%	
Summit of Rancho Bernardo HOA		165,048	3.02%	
Bridgeport At 4S Ranch		124,962	2.29%	
Santaluz Family Apartments LP		105,933	1.94%	
Gianni at 4S Ranch		113,385	2.08%	
Dove Canyon Apartments		74,542	1.37%	
San Moritz at 4S Ranch HOA		75,509	1.38%	
Grifols Diagnostic Solutions		36,801	0.67%	
Total top ten customers		1,464,983	26.84%	
Other customers		3,993,179	73.16%	
Total Sewer billed	\$	5,458,162	100.00%	

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 2020

Customer Name	Ar	nount Billed	% of Total Sewer Billed		
Cymer Inc	\$	313,822	6.35%		
4S Ranch Holdco LLC		264,327	5.35%		
Amante and Ravenna at 4S Ranch		189,320	3.83%		
Summit of Rancho Bernardo HOA		174,256	3.53%		
Bridgeport At 4S Ranch		119,255	2.41%		
Gianni at 4S Ranch		111,443	2.26%		
Santaluz Family Apartments LP		89,493	1.81%		
Poway Unified School District		83,738	1.70%		
Dove Canyon Apartments		61,606	1.25%		
4S Regency Partners LLC 00760		78,087	1.58%		
Total top ten customers		1,485,346	30.07%		
Other customers		3,454,664	69.93%		
Total Sewer billed	\$	4,940,010	100.00%		

 Table IX - Property Tax and Special Assessment

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Figor		С					Not	Percent			
Fiscal Year Ended	Prop	Special Property Taxes ⁽²⁾ Assessment ⁽³⁾			Total Levy		Total Collection Thru 6/30 ⁽⁴⁾		Net collected at 6/30	Uncollected at 6/30	
2022	\$	4,157,765	\$ 1,029,837	\$	5,187,602	\$	5,247,821	\$	(60,219)	-1.16%	
2021		3,998,833	1,054,717		5,053,550		5,103,286		(49,737)	-0.98%	
2020		3,878,790	1,027,879		4,906,669		4,890,204		16,465	0.34%	
2019		3,670,386	1,417,674		5,088,059		5,103,906	>	(15,847)	-0.31%	
2018		3,578,486	1,417,716		4,996,202		4,973,806		22,396	0.45%	
2017		3,371,836	1,438,673		4,810,509		4,856,043		(45,534)	-0.95%	
2016		3,237,786	1,432,319		4,670,105		4,643,004		27,101	0.58%	
2015		3,065,704	1,436,411		4,502,115	N.	4,533,108		(30,993)	-0.69%	
2014		2,979,746	1,441,062		4,420,808		4,361,579		59,229	1.34%	
2013		2,885,797	1,443,461		4,329,258	♦	4,251,474		77,784	1.80%	

Source: County of San Diego Office of the Auditor Controller

- (1) Excludes Wastewater Service fees and Stand-by Charges collected on the county's tax roll.
- (2) Includes only current secured and unsecured charges. Excludes delinquent charges, which were reported in previous year.
- (3) Special Assessment includes special assessment debt with government commitment (RAD 96-1).
- (4) Includes monies collected for all outstanding years, and includes late charges and interest on delinquent payments collected.

Table X - Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

SECURED

Fiscal							
Year Ended	Real Property	Personal Property	Exemptions	Net Assessed Secured Value	Uns	Assessed ecured Value	Total Assessed Value
2022	\$ 26,419,545,022	\$ 19,958,978 \$	(303,262,519)	26,136,241,481	\$	335,348,712	26,471,590,193
2021	\$ 25,473,591,937	\$ 40,376,998 \$	(303,002,411)	25,210,966,524	\$	438,607,395	25,649,573,919
2020	24,494,325,764	37,689,822	(283,228,046)	24,248,787,540		370,522,672	24,619,310,212
2019	23,391,490,448	39,283,241	(271,258,202)	23,159,515,487		372,459,608	23,531,975,095
2018	22,371,096,064	48,645,131	(270,514,800)	22,149,226,395		281,799,829	22,431,026,224
2017	21,383,894,218	67,716,928	(259,092,644)	21,192,518,502		247,856,828	21,440,375,330
2016	20,566,012,446	83,195,335	(226,276,546)	20,422,931,235		211,765,389	20,634,696,624
2015	19,505,795,291	94,184,239	(219,022,211)	19,380,957,319		241,734,960	19,622,692,279
2014	18,192,814,739	126,126,709	(209,610,305)	18,109,331,143		227,878,909	18,337,210,052
2013	17,692,363,954	81,030,718	(203,823,254)	17,569,571,418		247,720,500	17,817,291,918

Source: Office of the Auditor Controller, County of San Diego

Note: The District receives its proportionate share of property taxes levied by the County of San Diego in accordance with Proposition 13. The District neither sets its own tax rate nor assesses a tax rate. The County of San Diego bills and collects the District's sewer service charges on behalf of the District.

Table XI - Ratios of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Gross Bonded Debt ⁽¹⁾	Add: Premium ⁽²⁾	Less: Reserve Funds ⁽³⁾	Net Bonded Debt	Total Secured Real Property ⁽⁴⁾	Debt to Total Secured Real Property	Population Estimate ⁽⁵⁾	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	Personal Income	As a Share of Personal Income
2022	\$ 5,457,755	\$ -	\$ 82,151.99	\$ 5,375,603	\$ 26,419,545,022	0.02%	86,614	\$ 62	\$ 6,055,791,038	0.09%
2021	6,300,863	-	247,578	6,053,286	25,473,591,937	0.02%	86,649	70	\$ 5,717,794,212	0.11%
2020	7,130,000	-	71,899	7,058,101	24,494,325,764	0.03%	87,084	81	\$ 5,379,178,680	0.13%
2019	9,765,000	22,870	1,438,918	8,348,952	23,391,490,448	0.04%	86,997	96	\$ 5,167,708,797	0.16%
2018	10,625,000	25,671	1,431,668	9,219,002	22,371,096,064	0.04%	86,478	107	\$ 4,987,791,606	0.18%
2017	11,670,000	28,471	1,435,593	10,262,879	21,383,894,218	0.05%	85,792	120	\$ 4,842,786,816	0.21%
2016	12,485,000	31,272	1,397,568	11,118,704	20,566,012,446	0.05%	85,010	131	\$ 4,690,851,800	0.24%
2015	13,270,000	34,072	1,398,953	11,905,119	19,505,795,291	0.06%	84,352	141	\$ 4,529,364,992	0.26%
2014	14,020,000	36,873	1,398,954	12,657,919	18,192,814,739	0.07%	83,368	152	\$ 4,194,623,309	0.30%
2013	14,765,000	39,674	1,428,025	13,376,649	17,692,363,954	0.08%	82,355	162	\$ 4,048,736,510	0.33%

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District, the Office of the Auditor Controller, County of San Diego, California Department of Finance, and California Department of Transportation

- (1) Gross Bonded Debt is a special assessment debt with government commitment. It is the outstanding balance of Reassessment District 96-1 Bond at the end of the fiscal year.
- (2) Premium was eliminated in fiscal year 2020 due to refinancing of the Reassessment District 96-1 Bond.
- (3) Reserve Funds decreased significantly in fiscal year 2020 due to refinancing of the Reassessment District 96-1 Bond.
- (4) Total Secured Real Property is the total secured value of land and Improvements as stated on County of San Diego Assessed Valuation report for each fiscal year, exclusive of personal property, exemptions and unsecured property.
- (5) Population estimate is based on California Department of Finance's Special District Population Benchmark based on 2010 census data and population growth estimates for San Diego County.

June 30, 2022

2021-22 Assessed Valuation: \$26,471,590,193

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Total Debt		District'	s Share of Debt
	as of 6/30/2022 %	Applicable (1)	as	of 6/30/2022
Metropolitan Water District	\$20,175,000	0.780%	\$	157,365
Mira Costa Community College District	291,380,000	16.031%	Ψ	46,711,128
Palomar Community College District	655,840,155	4.644%		30,457,217
Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2002-1	114,320,766	5.165%		5,904,668
Poway Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 2007-1	164,542,310	3.144%		5,173,210
San Marcos Unified School District	273,680,421	0.082%		224,418
Escondido Union High School District	79,639,809	1.522%		1,212,118
San Dieguito Union High School District	424,285,000	26.567%		112,719,796
Cardiff School District	23,045,019	4.426%		1,019,973
Encinitas Union School District	44,196,583	58.276%		25,756,001
Escondido Union School District	170,289,622	1.572%		2,676,953
Rancho Santa Fe School District	29,371,595	27.858%		8,182,339
Solano Beach School District School Facilitied Improvement District No. 2016-1	90,570,000	27.188%		24,624,172
Palomar Health District	408,228,082	6.720%		27,432,927
Poway Unified School District Community Facilities Districts	162,227,200	10.467-100%		151,597,618
San Dieguito Union High School District Community Facilities Districts	62,375,000	17.369-100%		29,381,626
Solana Beach School District Community Facilities District No. 2000-1	2,240,000	100.00%		2,240,000
City of Encinitas Community Facilities District No. 1	19,105,000	26.035%		4,973,987
Rancho Santa Fe Community Services District Community Facilities District No. 1	26,295,000	100.00%		26,295,000
Olivenhain Municipal Water District Assessment District No. 2019-96-1	5,470,000	100.00%		5,470,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	0,470,000	100.0070	\$	512,210,516
TOTAL DINEOT AND OVERLAIT ING TAX AND ACCESSIVENT DEBT			Ψ	0.2,2.0,0.0
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:	•			
San Diego County General Fund Obligations	\$245,340,000	4.367%	\$	10,713,998
San Diego County Pension Obligation Bonds	340,825,000	4.367%		14,883,828
San Diego County Superintendent of Schools General Fund Obligations	7,780,000	4.367%		339,753
Palomar Community College District General Fund Obligations	1,440,000	4.644%		66,874
Poway Unified School District Certificates of Participation	54,460,000	11.997%		6,533,566
Other School District General Fund Obligations	145,248,687	Various		4,390,364
City of Encinitas Certificates of Participation	35,460,000	36.91%		13,087,931
City of San Diego General Fund Obligations	561,794,528	0.256%		1,438,194
Other Cities' General Fund Obligations	2,395,000	Various		6,092
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$	51,460,600
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 204,695,000	0.107%	\$	219,024
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				-
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	563,890,140
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	563,890,140 (2)

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the district is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the overlapping district divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.93%
Combined Total Debt	2.13%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$11,309,941):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt 1.94%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Table XIII - Water System Revenue to Debt Service Ratio

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Water Sales	(1) Pro	perty Taxes	Capacity Charges	Other Non Operating (Revenues	(2)	Total Water System Revenues	Less: Cost of water sold	ss: Operations d Maintenance (3 Costs)	Net Water System Revenues	(4)	Debt Service Payment	(5)	Revenue to Debt Service Ratio	Pledged Revenue Debt Limit
2022	\$ 58,746,630	\$	4,242,794	\$ 1,530,925	\$ 2,640,036	(\$ 67,160,385	\$ 31,265,804	\$ 18,505,581	\$	17,389,000		\$ 4,451,579		3.91	125%
2021	59,402,103		4,027,357	2,754,730	7,047,634		73,231,824	30,601,983	17,883,079		24,746,762		4,450,079		5.56	125%
2020	52,307,718		3,863,252	3,200,022	1,345,972		60,716,964	27,188,350	18,112,974		15,415,640		4,453,579		3.46	125%
2019	50,100,343		3,714,060	1,474,830	1,779,546		57,068,779	25,532,687	16,223,249		15,312,843		4,457,329		3.44	125%
2018	55,471,127		3,557,919	620,224	533,766		60,183,036	27,578,413	16,487,251		16,117,372		4,513,537		3.57	125%
2017	47,262,098		3,414,858	1,761,723	474,085		52,912,764	24,568,729	15,906,059		12,437,976		4,716,802		2.64	125%
2016	42,496,997		3,268,438	1,482,945	452,463		47,700,843	21,979,036	13,743,834		11,977,973		4,681,052		2.56	115%
2015	46,222,403		3,066,946	1,792,125	509,070		51,590,544	23,634,844	12,955,907		14,999,793		4,945,400	(6)	3.03	115%
2014	49,974,282		2,896,741	4,944,025	600,298		58,415,346	25,074,331	12,991,402		20,349,613		4,207,351		4.84	115%
2013	44,313,834		2,806,377	1,960,514	355,319		49,436,044	24,157,374	10,589,240		14,689,430		3,874,676		3.79	115%

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Includes potable and recycled water sales and other water operating revenues. Excludes other operating revenues related to the District's Work for Other projects.
- (2) Includes investment income, gain on sale of capital assets, settlement payments from MWD lawsuit (2022 & 2021 only), and sale of District parcels (2022 & 2021 only). Excludes Wastewater (Sewer) revenues and unrealized gain and loses on investments.
- (3) Excludes Elfin Forest Recreational Reserve operations & other operating expenses related to the District's Work for Other projects.
- (4) Includes Total Water System Revenues less Cost of water sold and Operations and Maintenance Costs.
- (5) Debt Service Payments include Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015A, 2016A, Water Revenue Bonds Series 2009, and 2013 State Revolving Fund Loan. Excludes Wastewater Bonds.
- (6) Includes 2013 principal and interest paid for the 2013 State Revolving Fund Loan during fiscal year 2015 not due until July 1, 2015.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal												
Year Ended	Principal		Interest		Other (2)		Total		Amount Collected (3)		Percent Collected	
2022	\$	862,309	\$	113,983	\$	53,546	\$	1,029,837	\$	1,037,863	100.8%	
2021		844,142		131,835		78,740		1,054,717		1,067,741	101.2%	
2020		815,000		162,677		50,202		1,027,879		1,047,644	101.9%	
2019		915,294		473,591		28,789		1,417,674		1,410,387	99.5%	
2018		876,008		511,464		30,244		1,417,716		1,414,221	99.8%	
2017		844,112		548,651		45,911	` L	1,438,673		1,446,310	100.5%	
2016		804,478		581,889		45,952	•	1,432,319		1,434,925	100.2%	
2015		779,900		613,211		43,300		1,436,411		1,379,474	96.0%	
2014		746,576		647,046		47,440		1,441,062		1,454,689	100.9%	
2013		722,203		676,413		44,845		1,443,461		1,453,620	100.7%	

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) The Reassessment District (RAD) 96-1 Bond was refinanced in fiscal year 2020 resulting in a decrease to principal and interest. The District issued RAD 2019 96-1 bonds to refund and refinance the outstanding principal on the 2007 RAD 96-1 bonds.
- (2) Includes administration and delinquency management fees as well as fund credits.
- (3) As of June 30 of the fiscal year listed. Includes penalties and interest for delinquent payments.

Table XV - Net Outstanding Long-Term Debt by Type (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Water Revenue Bonds			Sewe	Sewer Revenue Bonds A			Note Pa	Note Payable				
Fiscal Year Ended	2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	2015 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	2009 Water Revenue Bonds	2006 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	2018 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	2021A Sewer Revenue Bonds	2021B Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	Limited Obligation Reassessment District 96-1 ⁽³⁾	2013 State Revolving Fund	2012 California Bank and Trust ⁽²⁾	Total Net Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2022	\$ 13,689,319	\$ 13,607,376	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ 4,796,400	\$ 3,513,900	\$ 5,457,755	\$ 11,162,925	\$ -	\$ 52,227,675	0.86%	603
2021	14,316,208	15,730,315	-	-	4,013,000	-	-	6,300,863	11,961,998	-	52,322,384	0.92%	604
2020	14,923,628	17,816,383	-	-	4,520,000	-	-	7,130,000	12,742,976	-	57,132,987	1.06%	656
2019	15,511,305	19,873,396	-	-	5,011,000	-	-	9,787,870	13,506,271	-	63,689,842	1.23%	732
2018	16,084,017	21,899,196	-	-	5,500,000	-	-	10,650,671	14,252,283	-	68,386,167	1.37%	791
2017	16,577,296	23,627,014	-	-	-	-	-	11,698,471	15,339,748	-	67,242,530	1.39%	784
2016	-	25,289,832	16,925,215	-	-	-	-	12,516,272	15,693,954	518,339	70,943,613	1.51%	835
2015	-	-	17,353,724	26,414,577	-	-	-	13,304,072	16,390,314	1,540,841	75,003,529	1.66%	889
2014	-	-	17,767,233	27,934,221	-	-	-	14,056,873	17,069,309	2,546,030	79,373,666	1.89%	952
2013	-	-	18,165,742	29,398,866	-	-	-	14,804,674	15,343,566	3,533,098	81,245,946	2.01%	987

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) FY 2012 and prior years include amortized bond issuance costs.
- (2) 2012 California Bank and Trust note was paid off in February 2017.
- (3) The Limited Obligation Reassessment District (RAD) 96-1 bonds were refinanced in September, 2019. The District issued the 2019 RAD 96-1 bonds to refund and refinance the outstanding principal on the 2007 RAD 96-1 bonds.

Table XVI - Demographic Statistics

SD County Current and Prior Nine Years

Year	Population Estimate	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate (2)
2022	86,614	6,055,791,038	69,917	3.2%
2021	86,649	5,717,794,212	65,988	7.7% (3)
2020	87,084	5,379,178,680	61,770	13.8% (3)
2019	86,997	5,167,708,797	59,401	3.7%
2018	86,478	4,987,791,606	57,677	4.0%
2017	85,792	4,842,786,816	56,448	4.3%
2016	85,010	4,690,851,800	55,180	4.7%
2015	84,352	4,529,364,992	53,696	5.2%
2014	83,368	4,194,623,309	51,444	6.4%
2013	82,355	4,048,736,510	49,162	7.8%

Source: California Department of Finance, California Department of Transportation, and Employment Development Department

- (1) Per capita personal income is for the San Diego County Region. Source: California Department of Transportation.
- (2) Estimate for the San Diego County Region as of June in respective FY. Source: California Employment Development
- (3) Covid-19 Crisis

Current and Ten Years Ago

SAN DIEGO COUNTY - FISCAL YEAR 2022

Employer Name	Number of Employees ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total County Employment
University of California San Diego (4)	47,327	3.12%
Naval Base San Diego	35,000	2.31%
County of San Diego	24,845	1.64%
Sharp HealthCare	19,000	1.25%
San Diego Unified School District	17,006	1.12%
Scripps Health	15,000	0.99%
City of San Diego	12,305	0.81%
Qualcomm Inc. (2)	11,800	0.78%
Kaiser Permanente San Diego	9,500	0.63%
San Diego State University	5,577	0.37%
Total Top Ten County Employers	197,360	13.02%
All Other County Employers	1,318,424	86.98%
Total County Employment (3)	1,515,784	100.00%

SAN DIEGO COUNTY - FISCAL YEAR 2012 (5)

Employer Name	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment
Federal Government	45,500	3.14%
State of California	42,900	2.96%
University of California San Diego	27,391	1.89%
County of San Diego	15,687	1.08%
Sharp HealthCare	15,231	1.05%
San Diego Unified School District	14,603	1.01%
Scripps Health	14,097	0.97%
Qualcomm Inc.	11,400	0.79%
City of San Diego	10,057	0.69%
Kaiser Permanente	7,731	0.53%
Total	204,597	14.11%
All Other County Employers	1,195,393	85.89%
Total County Employment (3)	1,399,990	100.00%

Source: San Diego Business Journal, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Company Websites

- (1) Numbers are based on most recent data available from Bureau of Labor Statistics, company websites, or PublicPay.ca.gov
- (2) 2018 San Diego Business Journal was the most recent data available for these companies
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics employment in June
- (4) US San Diego and UC San Diego Health numbers are combined starting in 2022
- (5) 2013 data was not available from the County of San Diego for 10-year comparison so 2012 is used instead

Table XVIII - Full-time Equivalent Employees by Activity

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees ⁽¹⁾										
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013	
Water Operations ⁽²⁾	36.00	35.00	37.00	34.00	36.00	34.00	31.00	36.00	38.00	39.00	
Wastewater and Recycled Operations (3)	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	
Elfin Forest Recreation Operations	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	
General and Administration					•						
General Manager	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	2.00	2.00	5.00	5.00	
Engineering	8.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	11.00	9.00	7.00	6.00	
Finance	8.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	13.00	14.00	
Human Resources	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	
Customer Service & Public Relations	16.00	14.00	16.00	15.00	16.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	-	-	
Total	87.00	84.00	88.00	83.00	86.00	81.00	79.00	82.00	78.00	78.00	

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Based on active full-time employees included in the District's payroll as of 6/30/2021, excludes temporary labor and interns.
- (2) Includes treatment plant operations at the David C. McCollom Water Treatment Plant.
- (3) Includes treatment plant operations at the 4S watewater treatment plant and water reclaimation facility.

Table XIX - Capital and Operating Indicators by Activity

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year ended June 30											
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Potable												
Service area (acres)	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0	31,123.0		
Miles of water main (1)	466.2	466.2	466.2	466.2	466.2	466.2	419.0	419.0	419.0	419.0		
Number of treated reservoirs in service	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	16.0		
Total treated reservoirs capacity (million gallons)	66.9	66.9	66.9	66.9	66.9	66.9	65.9	65.9	68.1	81.5		
Number of service connections	28,871.0	28,848.0	28,803.0	28,664.0	28,585.0	28,563.0	28,477.0	28,343.0	28,251.0	27,892.0		
Number of meters in service	28,713.0	28,696.0	28,657.0	28,504.0	28,431.0	28,393.0	28,295.0	28,161.0	28,082.0	27,714.0		
Potable water peak demand (million gallons) (2)	27.0	25.8	25.5	26.7	25.4	29.8	23.9	29.9	32.7	29.7		
Average treated water demand (MGD) (2)	17.4	17.4	15.3	15.0	17.3	18.9	14.4	17.5	19.7	18.6		
David McCollom treatment plant maximum capacity (MGD)	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0		
Average treatment plant production (MGD) (2)	17.6	20.8	18.1	17.7	21.4	18.7	13.9	17.1	22.3	12.8		
Sewer			•									
Service area (acres)	5,508.0	5,508.0	5,508.0	5,508.0	5,508.0	5,508.0	5,338.0	5,338.0	5,338.0	5,338.0		
Maximum system capacity (MGD)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Number of in-service equivalent dwelling units (3)	7,250.0	7,247.0	7,244.0	7,239.0	7,236.0	7,063.0	7,043.0	6,939.0	6,883.0	6,861.0		
Recycled												
Service area (acres)	10,638.0	10,638.0	10,638.0	10,638.0	10,638.0	10,637.8	10,567.0	10,567.0	10,567.0	10,567.0		
Miles of recycled water main ⁽⁶⁾	67.1	67.1	67.1	67.1	67.0	54.5	48.0	48.0	48.0	47.5		
Total recycled storage capacity (million gallons) ⁽⁴⁾	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	135.6	135.6	4.0	4.0	4.0		
4S WRF maximum capacity (MGD)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Average treatment daily plant flow (MGD)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Number of meters in service	314.0	314.0	308.0	295.0	293.0	288.0	278.0	273.0	260.0	252.0		
General Information												
Average years of service of employees (5)	8.5	9.1	8.6	10.0	9.3	9.1	9.5	10.1	10.2	10.5		

Source: Olivenhain Municipal Water District

- (1) Total miles for FY 2017 and beyond include hydrant laterals in GIS.
- (2) FY 2017 and beyond include selling of treatment capacity to Vallecitos Water District.
- (3) An equivalent dwelling unit means the standard measurement of water discharged into the sewer collection and treatment system equal to the average discharge from a detached single-family unit.
- (4) Recycled storage for FY 2016 and beyond includes Wet Weather Storage Pond storage capacity.
- (5) Based on the number of full-time equivalent employees as of June 30th.
- (6) Total miles for FY 2017 and beyond include laterals in GIS.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Olivenhain Municipal Water District, California (the "District"), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated , 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Directors Olivenhain Municipal Water District Encinitas, California Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California ______, 2022





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- Scope of Work
- Audit Responsibilities
- Approach to the Audit
- Accounting Changes
- Overview of Financial Statements
- Key Financial Indicators
- Audit Results



SCOPE OF WORK



SCOPE OF WORK

- Audit of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
 - Financial Section
 - Statement of Net Position
 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Position
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



AUDIT RESPONSIBILITIES



MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILTIES

- Responsible for the financial statements
- Present the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP)
- Adopt sound accounting policies
- Establish and maintain internal controls over financial reporting and compliance
- Provide evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements
- Fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error
- Prevent and detect fraud



AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILTIES

- Perform the audit in conformity with Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States
- Communicate with "Those Charged with Governance"
- Assess audit risk of internal control over financial reporting
- Determine the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements
- Render an opinion on the financial statements
- Issue recommendations to management, if any



APPROACH TO THE AUDIT



THE PUN GROUP'S AUDIT APPROACH FOR OLIVENHAIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

- Phase I Detailed planning
- Phase II Risk-based review of internal controls over systems and compliance
 - Financial reporting
 - Revenues billings, revenue recognition, and cash receipts
 - Expenses purchasing, accounts payable, and cash disbursements
 - Payroll and related liabilities
 - General IT controls
- Phase III Validation of account balances
- Phase IV Preparation of financial statements and issuance of audit opinions



ACCOUNTING CHANGES



IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

- In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.
- Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Comparative Summary Statements of Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021	\$ Diff	% Diff
Assets						_
Current Assets:						
Unrestricted assets	\$	93,308,859	\$	91,852,199	\$ 1,456,660	1.59%
Restricted assets		12,899,002		7,333,291	 5,565,711	75.90%
Total current assets		106,207,861		99,185,490	 7,022,371	7.08%
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets		375,023,442		381,987,256	(6,963,814)	-1.82%
Others		9,991,175		7,271,375	2,719,800	37.40%
Total noncurrent assets		385,014,617		389,258,631	 (4,244,014)	-1.09%
Total assets		491,222,478		488,444,121	2,778,357	0.57%
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension-related deferred outflows		1,016,228		3,585,712	(2,569,484)	-71.66%
Deferred amount on refunding		2,731,692		1,191,088	1,540,604	129.34%
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,747,920		4,776,800	(1,028,880)	-21.54%



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Comparative Summary Statements of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	\$ Diff	% Diff
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and deposits	8,709,858	8,908,329	(198,471)	-2.23%
Compensated absences, current	996,839	771,000	225,839	29.29%
Long-term debt, current	4,451,596	4,042,356	409,240	10.12%
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	158,941	211,991	(53,050)	-25.02%
Total current liabilities	14,317,234	13,933,676	383,558	2.75%
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	939,187	916,576	22,611	2.47%
Net pension liability	7,819,768	14,608,844	(6,789,076)	-46.47%
Long-term debt	47,776,080	48,280,027	(503,947)	-1.04%
Total noncurrent liabilities	56,535,035	63,805,447	(7,270,412)	-11.39%
Total liabilities	70,852,269	77,739,123	(6,886,854)	-8.86%
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension-related deferred inflows	6,995,887	425,243	6,570,644	1545.15%
Lease-related deferred inflows	9,796,852	7,350,346	2,446,506	33.28%
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,792,739	7,775,589	9,017,150	115.97%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	328,824,196	330,855,961	(2,031,765)	-0.61%
Restricted	7,727,859	7,121,300	606,559	8.52%
Unrestricted	70,773,335	69,458,948	1,314,387	1.89%
Total Net Position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$ (110,819)	-0.03%



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021		\$ Diff		% Diff	
Operating Revenues							
Water sales	\$ 57,747,541	\$	58,169,813	\$	(422,272)	-0.73%	
Sewer charges	5,480,925		5,127,136		353,789	6.90%	
Other operating revenues	 1,303,126		1,461,229		(158,103)	-10.82%	
Total operating revenues	64,531,592		64,758,178		(226,586)	-0.35%	
Operating Expenses							
Cost of purchased water sold	31,265,804		30,601,983		663,821	2.17%	
Pumping and water treatment	4,322,820		4,378,418		(55,598)	-1.27%	
Transmission and distribution	4,485,962		4,220,269		265,693	6.30%	
Sewer collection and treatment	2,170,341		2,085,237		85,104	4.08%	
Elfin Forest recreation reserve operations	428,174		415,386		12,788	3.08%	
Facilities maintenance	1,387,010		1,363,564		23,446	1.72%	
Customer services	2,067,655		2,348,700		(281,045)	-11.97%	
General and administrative	7,774,311		7,041,160		733,151	10.41%	
Other operating expenses	304,037		228,939		75,098	32.80%	
Depreciation and amortization	16,075,980		15,559,523		516,457	3.32%	
Total operating expenses	70,282,094		68,243,179		2,038,915	2.99%	
Operating (Loss)	 (5,750,502)		(3,485,001)		(2,265,501)	65.01%	



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

2022 2021 \$ Diff % Diff **Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)** Fair market value adjustment (2,467,642)(562,019)(1,905,623)339.07% Investment income 402,702 454,962 (52,260)-11.49% 4,242,794 4,027,357 215,437 5.35% Property taxes Capacity charges 1,530,925 2,754,730 (1,223,805)-44.43% -10.11% Benefit assessments 1,058,241 1,177,302 (119,061)Other nonoperating revenues 2,237,334 6,592,672 (4,355,338)-66.06% 91,195 -6.43% Interest expenses (1,327,814)(1,419,009)Other nonoperating expenses (606,602)469,945 -43.65% (1,076,547)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 5,069,938 11,949,448 (6,879,510)-57.57% **Income before capital contributions** 8,464,447 (9,145,011)-108.04% (680,564)Capital contributions 569,745 899,998 (330,253)-36.69% Changes in net position 9,364,445 -101.18% (110,819)(9,475,264)



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Comparative Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021	\$ Diff	% Diff
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers	\$	65,848,393	\$	64,151,113	\$ 1,697,280	2.65%
Payments for water		(30,910,730)		(30,375,537)	(535,193)	1.76%
Payments for services and supplies		(11,012,912)		(10,544,997)	(467,915)	4.44%
Payments for employee wages, benefits, and related costs	,	(12,569,780)		(12,477,619)	(92,161)	0.74%
Net cash provided by operating activities	,	11,354,971		10,752,960	602,011	5.60%
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Property tax assessment received		5,271,677		5,219,865	51,812	0.99%
SDCWA water rebate payment		2,102,804		2,039,332	63,472	3.11%
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		7,374,481	-	7,259,197	115,284	1.59%



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	\$ Diff	% Diff
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(9,025,441)	(11,289,144)	2,263,703	-20.05%
Proceeds from grants and capital contributions	260,005	(186,137)	446,142	-239.68%
Principal payments on long-term debt	(8,599,989)	(4,287,117)	(4,312,872)	100.60%
Proceeds from debt issuance	8,975,110	-	8,975,110	100.00%
Interest payments on long-term debt	(1,636,631)	(1,768,054)	131,423	-7.43%
Capacity charges received	1,552,833	2,777,662	(1,224,829)	-44.10%
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	595,875	2,033,750	(1,437,875)	-70.70%
Other capital financing receipts	1,125,345	881,819	243,526	27.62%
Other capital financing expenses paid	(699,549)	(133,443)	(566,106)	424.23%
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(7,452,442)	(11,970,664)	4,518,222	-37.74%
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	4,000,000	24,740,950	(20,740,950)	-83.83%
Purchase of investments	(9,061,033)	(37,279,742)	28,218,709	-75.69%
Investment income received	41,812	488,020	(446,208)	-91.43%
Net cash provided by investing activities	(5,019,221)	(12,050,772)	7,031,551	-58.35%
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,257,789	\$ (6,009,279)	\$ 12,267,068	-204.14%



KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Key Financial Indicators

	2022	2021		2020	2019
Current Ratio	_	 _	·	_	
Current Assets	\$ 106,207,861	\$ 98,915,490	\$	91,849,421	\$ 98,740,406
Current Liabilities	\$ 14,317,234	\$ 13,933,676	\$	16,678,476	\$ 15,277,287
Olivenhain MWD	7.42	7.10		5.51	6.46
Average of 10 Local Districts	n/a	5.42		6.39	6.33
Capital Condition Ratio					
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 567,338,861	\$ 556,962,450	\$	533,528,816	\$ 527,687,018
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 230,741,454	\$ 216,571,720	\$	204,189,400	\$ 191,043,044
Olivenhain MWD	40.67%	38.88%		38.27%	36.20%
Average of 10 Local Districts	n/a	45.12%		44.58%	43.78%
Pension Liability to Net Position Ratio					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,819,768	\$ 14,608,844	\$	13,760,678	\$ 12,602,286
Net Position	\$ 407,325,390	\$ 407,436,209	\$	398,071,764	\$ 394,682,641
Olivenhain MWD	1.92%	3.59%		3.46%	3.19%
Average of 10 Local Districts	n/a	10.65%		11.03%	10.62%
Water / Sewer Receivable % Change					
Water / Sewer Receivable - Current Year	\$ 9,453,946	\$ 10,717,152	\$	10,062,269	\$ 8,079,684
Water / Sewer Receivable - Prior Year	\$ 10,717,152	\$ 10,062,269	\$	8,079,684	\$ 9,801,577
Olivenhain MWD	-11.79%	6.51%		24.54%	-17.57%
Average of 10 Local Districts	n/a	8.69%		9.73%	-14.19%



Olivenhain Municipal Water District Key Financial Indicators

		2022 2021		 2020	2019		
Operating Margin	'	_		_	_		_
Operating Revenues	\$	64,531,592	\$	64,758,178	\$ 57,583,293	\$	55,753,170
Operating Expenses (minus depreciation)	\$	54,206,114	\$	52,683,656	\$ 49,298,110	\$	45,426,264
Olivenhain MWD		1.19		1.23	1.17		1.23
Average of 10 Local Districts		n/a		1.02	1.07		1.12
Water / Sewer Sales % Change							
Water / Sewer Sales - Current Year	\$	63,228,466	\$	63,296,949	\$ 55,383,041	\$	53,483,505
Water / Sewer Sales - Prior Year	\$	63,296,949	\$	55,383,041	\$ 53,483,505	\$	57,909,159
Olivenhain MWD		-0.11%		14.29%	3.55%		-7.64%
Average of 10 Local Districts		n/a		11.20%	2.20%		-5.74%



Olivenhain Municipal Water District GASB 68 – Sensitivity of NPL to Changes in Discount Rate CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Discount Rate		6.15%	7.15%	8.15%		
Proportionate share of net pension liability	pension liability \$ 15,848,851		\$ 7,819,768	\$	1,182,239	
		2022	2021	Change		
Fiduciary net position as % of total pension liability		87.14%	74.69%		12.45%	
Average of 10 local districts		n/a	71.85%			



AUDIT RESULTS



AUDIT RESULTS

Unmodified Opinion

- Financial statements are fairly presented in all material respects
- Significant accounting policies have been consistently applied
- Estimates are reasonable
- Disclosures are properly reflected in the financial statements

Other Results

- No disagreements with management
- No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal controls were noted
- No accounting issues





HQ - ORANGE COUNTY

200 E. Sandpointe Avenue Suite 600 Santa Ana, CA 92707

SAN DIEGO

4365 Executive Drive Suite 710 San Diego, CA 92121

BAY AREA

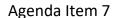
2121 North California Blvd. Suite 290 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

LAS VEGAS

1050 Indigo Drive Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145

PHOENIX

4742 North 24th Street Suite 300 Phoenix, AZ 85016





Memo

Date: November 9, 2022

To: Finance Committee

From: Rainy Selamat, Finance Manager

Via: Kimberly Thorner, General Manager

Subject: QUARTERLY REVIEW OF INVESTMENTS AND CASH REPORT (3rd QTR 2022)

Purpose

The purpose of this agenda is to provide a verbal report on the District's investment activities and cash information to the Finance Committee to comply with the annual investment policy approved by the Board.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Committee review and receive the attached report as presented.

Background

The attached reports are presented to provide information to the Finance Committee as required by the District's Annual Investment Policy, which was adopted by the Board at the December 2021 board meeting.

The purpose of the District's Investment Policy is to identify policies and procedures that shall govern the investment of all District funds. The ultimate goal of the policy is to enhance the economic position of the District while protecting its funds. These policies have been followed in making all investment decisions on behalf of the District.

The Annual Investment Policy also states that at least once each quarter, the District's Finance Manager shall provide an oral report on the District's investments for review and discussion.

Discussion

Staff will be available for discussion with the Committee during the meeting.

Attachment: DRAFT Monthly Cash and Investment Summary Report as of September 30, 2022.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District MONTHLY CASH AND INVESTMENT SUMMARY As of September 30, 2022

Active Deposits				_ <u>E</u>	Book Value
Checking Accounts Cash Restricted for Specific Use Petty Cash/Disaster Preparedness				\$	7,522,615 5,193,162 1,491
Total Active Deposits				\$	12,717,268
Deposits Not Covered by Investm	ent Policy				
Cash with Fiscal Agents					2,217,767
<u>Investments</u>	Face Value	Market <u>Value</u>	Current Yield		
<u> </u>				ф	0.000.000
LAIF CAMP - US Bank	\$ 8,269,088 22,664,169	8,162,627 22,664,169	1.51% 2.61%	\$	8,269,088 22,664,169
Money Market Funds	1,261,487	1,261,487	2.73%		1,261,487
Medium Term Notes	500,000	489,490	2.75%		497,940
Municipal Bonds	1,000,000	1,016,400	4.92%		1,216,760
U.S. Treasury Securities	13,000,000	12,730,560	2.41%		12,911,260
U.S. Agency Securities	33,426,111	30,281,966	0.74%		33,422,931
Total Investments	\$ 80,120,855	\$ 76,606,698	1.75%	\$	80,243,634
Total - All Deposits/Investments				-\$	95,178,669
·				 _	, ,
Maturity Analysis of Investments					
			<u>Percent</u>		<u>Balance</u>
Demand Deposits			40.1%	\$	32,194,743
Maturity within the next two months			0.0%		-
Maturity within three months and on	e year		16.3%		13,041,028
Maturity beyond one year			43.6%		35,007,862
Total Investments		_	100.0%	\$	80,243,634

Other Required Disclosures:

Accrued interest receivable as of 09/30/2022

Weighted Average Days to Maturity

\$ 148,624

470

The above investments are in accordance with the portfolio limitations in the Investment Policy approved by the Board in December 2021.

The District has sufficient funds on hand to meet the next 30 days' obligations.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District PORTFOLIO LIMITATIONS ANALYSIS PER INVESTMENT POLICY September 30, 2022

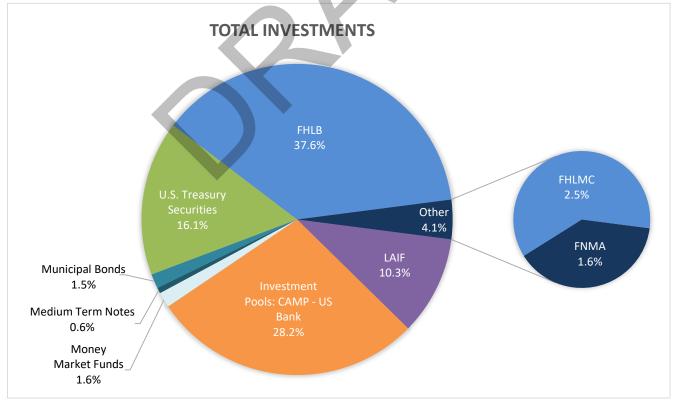
	Book <u>Value</u>	Percent	Permitted <u>Percent</u>		In <u>Compliance?</u>
LAIF	\$ 8,269,088	10.3%	50.0%	(1)	Yes
Investment Pools: CAMP - US Bank	22,664,169	28.2%	30.0%		Yes
Money Market Funds	1,261,487	1.6%	20.0%	(2)	Yes
Medium Term Notes	497,940	0.6%	30.0%	(3)	Yes
Municipal Bonds	1,216,760	1.5%	30.0%		Yes
U.S. Treasury Securities	12,911,260	16.1%	100.0%	(4)	Yes
U.S. Agency Securities	33,422,931	41.7%	50.0%		Yes
FHLB Federal Home Loan Bank	30,173,111	37.6%	_		
FNMA Fannie Mae	1,250,000	1.6%			
FHLMC Freddie Mac	1,999,820	2.5%			

Total Investments \$ 80,243,634 100%

Note:

(1) No more than 50% of the total value of all District Investments or \$40 million.

⁽⁴⁾ No limit.



^{*} Total may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ May not exceed 5% in any money market fund.

⁽³⁾ May not exceed 5% per issuer.

Olivenhain Municipal Water District MONTHLY INVESTMENTS DETAIL September 30, 2022

CTIVE DEPOS														Book Value
	California Bank and Trust fo													7,522,61
	California Bank and Trust fo	r Specifi	ic Purpo	ose										153,38
CAMP 2021A B	ond													5,039,7
Petty Cash/Disa	aster Preparedness													1,49
	Total - Active Deposits												_	12,717,26
	•												_	12,717,20
EPOSITS NOT	COVERED BY INVESTMI	ENT PC	DLICY											
Cash with Fis	cal Agents:													
	Union Bank - RAD 96-1 Ref													267,47
	Union Bank - 2015A Refund	ing Bon	d											607,82
	SRF Loan													856,56
	Union Bank - 2016A Refund	ing Bon	d											248,1
	Union Bank - 2021A WW Re	evenue l	Bond											80,63
	Union Bank - 2021B Refund													157,08
		J												. , .
	Total Deposits Not Cove	rod by	Invoct	mont Police	,								_	2,217,76
	Total Deposits Not Cove	ieu by	1114636	inent i one;	'									2,217,70
								Weighted						
		RATIN	NG		D.	ATE		Average						
								Days to		Stated	Current			
	M	oody's	S&P	Purchase	Maturity	Next Call	Next S-U	Maturity	Call	Coupon	Yield	Market Value	Face Value	Book Value
	<u></u>	oou, o			uturity	TTOXE GUIT	HOAL C C	matarity		Сопроп		Market Value	Tuoc value	Dook value
IVESTMENTS														
	US Bank Colif Accet Marris	Dram /C	AMD)		Domand			1			2.61%	\$ 22.664.460	\$ 22,664,169 \$	22 664 44
	US Bank Calif. Asset Mgmt	rigin (C	AIVIP)		Demand							\$ 22,664,169		
	ency Investment Fund (LAIF)				Demand			1			1.51%	8,162,627	8,269,088	8,269,0
First American C	Government 31846V567				Demand			1			2.73%	1,261,487	1,261,487	1,261,4
U.S. Treasury	Notes/Bills													
	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa		04/07/22	10/07/22			8		1.08%	1.08%	999,800	1.000.000	994,6
										$\overline{}$,,	
	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	06/02/22	12/01/22			63		1.55%	1.56%	1,990,480	2,000,000	1,984,6
	U.S.Treasury Notes	Aaa	-	02/09/22	12/15/22			77		1.63%	1.63%	996,990	1,000,000	1,007,3
912796X87	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	09/23/22	12/22/22			84		3.20%	3.22%	1,985,780	2,000,000	1,984,3
	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	07/14/22	01/12/23			105		2.66%	2.69%	990,960	1,000,000	986,9
912796XZ7	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	08/12/22	02/09/23			133		2.98%	3.02%	987,270	1,000,000	985,44
	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	08/18/22	02/16/23			140		3.05%	3.09%	986,690	1,000,000	985,0
	U.S.Treasury Bills	Aaa	-	09/29/22	03/30/23			182		3.91%	3.98%	1.962.200	2,000,000	1,961,78
												,,		
	U.S.Treasury Notes	Aaa	-	03/09/21	09/30/24			732		0.50%	0.57%	882,380	1,000,000	984,4
912828YH7	U.S.Treasury Notes	Aaa	-	03/09/21	02/28/26			1,248		1.50%	1.58%	948,010	1,000,000	1,036,68
								93	_	2.36%	2.41%	\$ 12,730,560	\$ 13,000,000 \$	12,911,26
												·,,.	† 10,000,000 †	,,
11 C Amamau C	Sa a comité a a													
U.S. Agency S				04/07/01	04/07/00	40/07/00		100	00	0.400/	0.4004	000 170	4.000.000	000 00
	FHLMC Callable	Aaa	AA+	01/27/21	01/27/23	10/27/22		120	28	0.13%	0.13%	988,170	1,000,000	999,82
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	09/02/20	08/25/23	Anytime		330	1	0.32%	0.33%	1,107,944	1,151,111	1,151,1
3130AS3J6	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	05/24/22	11/24/23	05/24/23		421	237	2.50%	2.56%	537,053	550,000	550,00
3130ARYU9	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	05/23/22	02/23/24	11/23/22	1	512	55	3.00%	3.06%	979,170	1,000,000	1,000,00
	FNMA Callable	Aaa	AA+	08/26/20	02/26/24	11/26/22	_	515	58	0.40%	0.42%	1,179,813	1,250,000	1,250,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/26/21	02/26/24	Anytime		515	1	0.22%	0.23%	943,340	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	06/03/21	06/03/24	12/03/22		613	65	0.40%	0.43%	466,460	500,000	500,0
			AA+					620	72	0.40%				999,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa		03/10/21	06/10/24	12/10/22					0.32%	930,570	1,000,000	
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	09/16/21	09/16/24	12/16/22		718	78	0.50%	0.54%	923,900	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	09/17/21	10/17/24	03/17/23		749	169	0.50%	0.54%	920,790	1,000,000	1,000,0
3130AKEW2	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	11/04/20	11/04/24	Anytime		767	1	0.43%	0.47%	1,835,180	2,000,000	2,000,0
	FHLB Step-up Callable	Aaa	AA+	08/18/21	02/18/25	11/18/22	02/18/23	873	50	0.35%	0.38%	915,010	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	05/27/21	02/27/25	11/27/22		882	59	0.66%	0.72%	911,160	1,000,000	1,000,00
	FHLMC Callable	Aaa	AA+	07/28/20	07/28/25	07/28/23		1,033	302	0.65%	0.72%	901,440	1,000,000	1,000,00
							10/15/00							
	FHLB Step-up Callable	Aaa	AA+	12/15/20	12/15/25	12/15/22	12/15/22	1,173	77	0.35%	0.39%	1,792,760	2,000,000	2,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	01/26/21	01/26/26	10/26/22		1,215	27	0.50%	0.57%	876,320	1,000,000	999,5
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	01/28/21	01/28/26	10/28/22		1,217	29	0.52%	0.59%	876,750	1,000,000	1,000,0
3130AKN69	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	01/28/21	01/28/26	01/28/23		1,217	121	0.50%	0.57%	876,150	1,000,000	1,000,00
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+		01/29/26	10/29/22		1,218	30	0.52%	0.59%	876,660	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/12/21	02/12/26	11/12/22		1,232	44	0.51%	0.58%	875,190	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Step-up Callable		AA+	02/12/21	02/24/26	11/12/22	None	1,244	56	0.70%	0.80%	1,760,300	2,000,000	2,000,0
		Aaa					None							
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/24/21	02/24/26	11/24/22		1,244	56	0.63%	0.71%	877,700	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/25/21	02/25/26	02/25/23		1,245	149	0.55%	0.63%	875,300	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/25/21	02/25/26	02/25/23		1,245	149	0.58%	0.66%	876,230	1,000,000	1,000,0
3130ALD76	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/25/21	02/25/26	11/25/22		1,245	57	0.70%	0.80%	879,940	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	02/25/21	02/25/26	02/25/23		1,245	149	0.63%	0.71%	877,630	1,000,000	998,5
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	03/23/21	03/23/26	10/23/22		1,271	24	1.00%	1.12%	867,136	975,000	975,0
			AA+		03/23/20		03/30/23		1					1,000,0
	FHLB Step-up Callable	Aaa		03/30/21		09/30/22		1,278		0.75%	0.84%	897,910	1,000,000	
	FHLB Step-up Callable	Aaa	AA+	04/14/21	04/14/26	10/14/22	04/14/23	1,293	15	0.75%	0.84%	895,310	1,000,000	1,000,0
	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	10/21/21	10/21/26	10/21/22		1,483	22	1.10%	1.26%	875,660	1,000,000	1,000,0
3130APL78	FHLB Callable	Aaa	AA+	10/28/21	10/28/26	10/28/22		1,490	29	1.38%	1.55%	885,020	1,000,000	1,000,0
								989	2,220	0.67%	0.74%	\$ 30,281,966	\$ 33,426,111 \$	33,422.9
								303	_,0	0.0170	J., 4/0	Ţ 00,201,000	,,,iii \$	55,722,3
Madius To	Natas													
Medium Term														
740816AJ2	Pres & Fellows of Harvard	Aaa	AAA	05/06/22	10/01/23	10/01/22		367	2	2.30%	2.35%	489,490	500,000	497,9
								367	1	2.30%	2.35%	\$ 489,490	\$ 500,000 \$	497,9
Municipal Bor														
	TEXAS ST PUB FIN AUTH	Aaa	AAA	10/30/20	10/01/25			1,098		5.00%	4.92%	1,016,400	1,000,000	1,216,7
								4.000	_	E 000/	4.92%	\$ 1,016,400	\$ 1,000,000 \$	1,216,7
882724RA7								1,098	_	5.00%				
882724RA7	Total Investments							470	-	1.68%	1.75%	\$ 76,606,698	\$ 1,000,000 \$ \$ 80,120,855 \$	
882724RA7	Total Investments DEPOSITS AND INVE								-					

Olivenhain Municipal Water District INVESTMENTS TRANSACTION September 30, 2022

PURCHASED

	DATE				Stated	Current		
Purchase	Maturity	Call	Step-Up	Investment Description	Coupon	Yield	Face Value	Book Value
09/23/22	12/22/22			U.S.Treasury Bills	3.200%	3.223%	2,000,000	1,984,335
09/29/22	03/30/23			U.S.Treasury Bills	3.907%	3.982%	2,000,000	1,961,780

MATURED / REDEEMED / CALLED

	DATE				Stated	Current		
Redemption	Maturity	Call	Step-Up	Investment Description	Coupon	Yield	Face Value	Book Value
09/08/22	09/08/22			U.S.Treasury Bills	0.720%	0.720%	1,000,000	996,520
09/29/22	09/29/22			U.S.Treasury Bills	1.029%	1.031%	1,000,000	994,894
09/22/22	09/22/22			U.S.Treasury Bills	1.585%	1.587%	2,000,000	1,992,128

Olivenhain Municipal Water District UNAUDITED CASH POSITION BY FUNDING SOURCES As of September 30, 2022

Water Funds (Potable & Recycled)	<u>Balance</u>
10050-100 Cash - Petty Cash Fund	1,491
10030-100 Cash - Capital and Equipment Fund	39,019,982
10010-100 Cash - Operating Fund	16,270,632
10060-100 Cash - Deposit Work for Other	108,703
10040-100 Cash - Rate Stabilization	12,054,594
14000-500 Restricted Cash - Capacity Fee Fund	5,348,734
Total Water Funds (Potable & Recycled)	72,804,136
Wastewater Funds	
10010-110 Wastewater - Operating Fund	2,934,175
10030-110 Wastewater - Capital Replacement Fund	9,410,356
10040-110 Wastewater - Rate Stabilization Fund	2,619,073
Total Wastewater Funds	14,963,604
Non Fiscal Agent Debt Service Cash	
14020-570 Cash non-agent - RAD 96-1	142,183
10070-561 Cash non-agent - Bond 2015A	621
10070-581 Cash non-agent - Bond 2016A	10,580
14020-521 Cash non-agent - Bond 2021A	5,039,779
Total Non Fiscal Agent Debt Service Cash	5,193,162
Debt Service Funds	
14030-510 SRF Loan - Fiscal Agent	856,562
14105-570 Redemption fund - RAD 96-1	218,612
14110-570 Reserve fund - RAD 96-1	48,867
14100-561 Redemption fund - Bond 2015A	607,829
14100-581 Redemption fund - Bond 2016A	248,172
14100-521 Redemption fund - CB&T 2021A	80,639
14100-522 Redemption fund - CB&T 2021B	157,086
Total Debt Service Funds	2,217,767
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	95,178,669



Memo

Date: November 9, 2022

To: Olivenhain Municipal Water District Board of Directors

From: Rainy Selamat, Finance Manager

Via: Kimberly Thorner, General Manager

Subject: ANNUAL REVIEW OF INVESTMENT POLICY FOR 2023 AND DISCUSS

PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE DISTRICT'S BOARD DESIGNATED FUND

BALANCES (RESERVES) POLICY FOR 2023

The District's Investment Policy is reviewed annually to ensure compliance with California Government Code sections that govern the investment of public funds. The District's Operating Fund, Capital and Equipment Fund, and Rate Stabilization Fund balances are reviewed annually when the District's financial audit is completed.

Investment Policy

The District's Investment Policy has been reviewed by Richard Babbe, Senior Managing Consultant at PFM Assets Management, to make sure the existing Policy is consistent with the California Government Code sections that govern the investment of public funds. A copy of PFM Asset Management report on the Policy is attached for review.

Board Designated Fund Balances (Reserves) Policy

Staff is proposing to add Pension Stabilization Funds to the District's Reserves Policy for Committee consideration to be consistent with the Pension Funding Policy adopted by the Board in June 2022.

Staff will be available during the meeting for discussion with the Committee.

Attachments: PFM Asset Management LL memorandum; Investment Policy; Board Designated Fund Balances (Reserves) Policy; Reserve Fund Balances.



October 17, 2022

Memorandum

To: Rainy Selamat, Finance Manager

Olivenhain Municipal Water District

From: Richard Babbe, CCM, Senior Managing Consultant

PFM Asset Management LLC

RE: Investment Policy Review

At your request, we reviewed the Olivenhain Municipal Water District's ("District") Investment Policy ("Policy") as part of the District's annual review process. The District's current Policy is comprehensive and is consistent with the current California Government Code ("Code") statutes regulating the investment of public funds.

Although no changes to the Policy are needed, I wanted to bring to your attention to two upcoming Code changes that were made as part of SB 1489 that will take effect January 1, 2023. The Bill clarifies how to calculate a security's maximum maturity at purchase, and it updates the quarterly reporting deadline.

Although the Code specifies the maximum maturities for the different investment types, it did not specify whether the maximum maturity was to be calculated from a security's trade or settlement date. Going forward, an investment's term or remaining maturity shall be measured from the settlement date to final maturity (rather than the commonly interpreted trade date). The Code further specifies that the forward settlement date of an investment cannot exceed 45 days from the time of investment. As new issue securities often have maximum maturities that exceed the maturity limit if calculated to trade date but not to settlement date, this change will provide added flexibility for agencies when considering new issue securities. As neither trade nor settlement date is referenced in the Policy, no changes are needed but we wanted you to be aware of this change.

Government Code 53646 (b)(1) currently states that quarterly reports shall be submitted within 30 days following the end of the quarter. To provide agencies with added flexibility, SB 1489 increases the reporting deadline to 45 days. As the reporting deadline is not referenced, no Policy changes are needed. It will be between you and your Board whether to change your internal reporting deadlines.

Please let me know if you have any questions or if you would like to discuss further.

INVESTMENT POLICY

I. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to identify policies and procedures that shall govern the investment of all District funds. The ultimate goal of this policy is to enhance the economic status of the District while protecting its funds. These policies shall be followed by the Treasurer in making all investment decisions on behalf of the District.

The Board of Directors of the District has delegated authority to invest funds on behalf of the District to its Treasurer for one (1) year. The Treasurer is required to provide a monthly report of all District investments to the Board. The Treasurer's authority to make investments for the District under this policy is limited to a one (1) year term expiring on December 31, 20222023. This authority may be renewed annually at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the District.

This investment policy is intended to guide the Treasurer in the investment of all District funds. These investment policies have four primary goals:

- 1. To ensure that all District investments comply with federal, state, and local laws governing the investment of all District funds;
- 2. To recognize that the primary objective of all District investments is to safeguard the principal invested;
- 3. To recognize that the second objective of all District investments is to meet the liquidity needs of the District; and
- 4. To maximize the return on all District investments keeping in mind that safeguarding the principal and providing liquidity are more important objectives than the return obtained.

II. SCOPE

This investment policy shall cover all funds and investment activities under the direct authority of the District, except for the employee's retirement and deferred compensation funds, checking and payroll accounts, and debt service construction and reserve funds held by trustee in accordance with the District's bond documents.

III. OBJECTIVES

A. <u>Safety.</u> It is the primary duty and responsibility of the Treasurer to protect and preserve the principal of all District funds and investments. Prior to investing any District funds, the investment

shall be evaluated by the Treasurer to ensure that capital losses are avoided whether from institution default, broker-dealer default, or erosion of the market value of the securities. The Treasurer shall evaluate, or cause a qualified professional to evaluate, each potential investment of District funds to verify that the issuer is financially strong and there is adequate security as collateral for each investment sufficient to protect the principal being invested. The Treasurer shall diversify District investments so as to reduce the exposure to principal loss.

- B. <u>Liquidity</u>. An adequate percentage of all District investments shall be maintained at all times in liquid short-term securities which can be converted to cash if necessary to meet the District's financial obligations. The Treasurer should consider the District's liquidity needs over the next year in determining the amount that should be maintained in short term instruments. Since all future cash requirements of the District cannot be anticipated, the Treasurer shall, at all times, invest a portion of all District investments in liquid short-term securities that are readily tradable so as to meet the ongoing liquidity needs of the District. These short-term securities shall be selected in a manner that minimizes market risk and provides for the anticipated needs of the District over the next year.
- C. Return on Investments. The Treasurer should invest all District funds in investments that maximize the return for the District keeping in mind that safeguarding the principal and providing liquidity are more important objectives than the return obtained. All investment decisions made by the Treasurer shall be, first, to ensure protection of the principal of all District funds and investments, second, to provide adequate liquidity for the District's future needs, and third, to maximize return where possible without jeopardizing the principal or creating liquidity problems for the District.
- D. <u>Market-Average Rate of Return.</u> The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout economic cycles, taking into account the District's risk and liquidity constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio, State laws limiting District investments, and ordinances or resolutions that restrict investments. To determine if the District is attaining its return objectives, the Treasurer will periodically review the portfolio's performance against an appropriate benchmark(s).
- E. <u>Diversification.</u> The investment portfolio shall be diversified to avoid incurring unreasonable and avoidable risks regarding specific security types or individual financial institutions. The amount invested by the Treasurer in a particular security at any time shall not

exceed the limitations contained in Section VII of this Investment Policy.

F. Prudence. The District adheres to the guidance provided by the "Prudent Investor Rule" California Government Code (Sec. 53600.3), which obligates a fiduciary to insure that investment decisions be made with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the agency, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the agency.

The Treasurer and all other individuals assigned to manage the District's investment portfolio, acting within the intent and scope of the investment policy and other written procedures and exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility and liability for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported monthly and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

- G. <u>Public Trust</u>: All participants in the investment process shall act as custodians of the public trust. Investment officials shall recognize that the investment portfolio is subject to review and evaluation by the Board. The overall program shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism that is worthy of the public trust. In a diversified portfolio it must be recognized that occasional measured losses are inevitable, and these losses must be considered within the context of the overall portfolio's investment return, provided that adequate diversification has been obtained.
- H. Risk Tolerance. The District recognizes that investment risks can result from issuer defaults, market price changes or various technical complications leading to temporary illiquidity. Portfolio diversification is employed as a way to control risk. The Treasurer is expected to display prudence in diversifying the District's investments as a way to minimize default risk. No individual investment transaction shall be undertaken by the Treasurer which jeopardizes the total capital position of the overall portfolio or which exceeds the investment limitations contained in Section VII of this policy. The Treasurer shall periodically establish guidelines and strategies to control risks of default, market price changes and illiquidity.

Risk will also be managed by subscribing to a portfolio management philosophy that helps to control market and interest rate risk by investing to ensure required liquidity and appropriate term. This philosophy also prohibits trading losses (for speculative purposes) unless there is a sudden need for liquidity and the need cannot be satisfied by any other means. Loss of principal will only be acceptable if economic gain can be conclusively demonstrated.

Controlling and managing risk is the foremost portfolio management objective. The District strives to maintain an efficient portfolio by providing for the lowest level of risk for a given level of return. This acceptable level of return has been quantified as a return that is equal to an appropriate benchmark(s) based on the weighted average of the District's portfolio depending on investments and maturities. In addition to these general policy considerations, the following specific policies will be strictly observed:

- 1. All book-entry transactions will be executed on a delivery-versus-payment basis.
- 2. A competitive bid process, when practical, will be used to place all investment purchases and to minimize investment costs.

IV. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

The investment of District money is delegated to the Treasurer by the Board of Directors for one year ending December 31, 20222023. The Treasurer may delegate the day-to-day operations of investing to his/her designee(s), but not the responsibility for the overall investment program. At least once each quarter, a sub-committee of the Board shall meet with the General Manager or his/her designee to review the District's portfolio and provide guidance for future investments. All transactions will be reviewed by the Treasurer on a regular basis to assure compliance with this Statement of Investment Policy and a monthly report shall be provided to the Board on all District investments.

V. REPORTING

Although it is no longer required for the Treasurer of –a local agency to annually render a statement of investment policy to the legislative body and submit a quarterly investment report to the legislative body (Government Code Section 53646 (b)), the District Treasurer and General Manager shall submit a monthly investment report to the Board of Directors. This report shall include: type of investment, issuer, date of maturity, the par and dollar amount invested on all securities, the total amount of all investments and monies held by the District, a description of any District funds being held or managed by other persons or entities, the coupon and current yield of all securities, a statement that there are or are not sufficient funds to meet the District's obligations for the next six (6) months, and accrued interest receivable. The monthly statement shall also

indicate the District's anticipated liquidity needs for the next six (6) months, the ability of the District's investments to meet these anticipated liquidity needs, and a monthly list of transactions, which is required under Government Code 53607 whenever investment authority is delegated by the Board. Additional items listed will also include average weighted average days to maturity, maturity date, purchase date, percentage distribution to each type of investment, and a statement indicating compliance or noncompliance of all District investments with this Statement of Investment Policy. All investments not complying with this investment policy shall be called to the attention of the Board during the first monthly meeting after an investment does not comply with this policy.

VI. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENT INSTRUMENTS

The District is governed by the California Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq. For all investment types, the purchase of zero coupon, inverse floaters, range notes, strips, mortgage derived interest-only strips, deep discount treasury bonds, or any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity is not permitted (Government Code Section 56301.6). Within the context of these limitations, the following investments are authorized:

A. <u>Local Agency Investment Fund</u>: The District may invest in the Local Agency Investment Fund established by the State Treasurer for the benefit of local agencies (Government Code Section 16429.1). The fund must have twenty-four hour liquidity. No more than 50% of the total value of all District investments or \$40,000,000 (whichever is lesser) may be invested in Local Agency Investment Fund.

The District may also invest bond proceeds in the Local Agency Investment Fund. Liquidity for bond proceeds, per fund regulations, is thirty calendar day increments from the date of the initial deposit.

- B. <u>Treasury Securities:</u> United States Treasury notes, bonds, bills, or certificates of indebtedness, or those for which the faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest (Government Code Section 53601(b)). These investments are considered the safest possible investment available. There is no maximum portfolio limit. Maximum investment maturities in Treasury Securities shall be restricted to five years.
- C. <u>Depository Accounts and Certificates of Deposit</u>: The District may invest in insured or collateralized certificates of deposits, saving accounts, market rate accounts, or other bank deposits insured by commercial banks, savings and loans, state or federal credit union in California (Government Code Section 53630 et seq). A written depository contract is required with all institutions that hold District deposits. Securities placed in a collateral pool must provide coverage for at least 110 percent of all deposits that are placed in the institution. Acceptable pooled collateral is governed by California Government Code Section 53651. Real

estate mortgages are not considered acceptable collateral by the District, even though they are permitted in Government Code Section 53651(m). All financial institutions are required to provide the District with a regular statement of pooled collateral. This report will state that they are meeting the 110 percent collateral rule (Government Code Section 53652(a)), a listing of all collateral with location and market value, plus an accountability of the total amount of deposits secured by the pool. Certificates of deposit, shall not exceed 5% per issuer of the value of all District investments at any time.

Deposits, up to the federal deposit limit, are allowable in any institution that insures its deposits with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), regardless of Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation ratings. The Treasurer, for deposits of up to federal insurance limit may waive collateral requirements. A maximum deposit of up to federal insurance limit may be deposited in any one institution without collateral. No bank shall receive District funds of greater than federal insurance limit if it has a Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation rating less than "A". Maximum investment maturity will be restricted to three (3) years.

In accordance with section 53638 of the California Government Code, any deposit shall not exceed the shareholder's equity of any depository bank, nor shall the deposit exceed the total net worth of any institution. No deposits shall be made at a state or federal credit union if a member of the Board of Directors or the General Manager or Treasurer serves on the Board of Directors or any committee appointed by the Board of Directors of the credit union.

- D. <u>Placement Service Deposit</u>: The District may invest in insured deposit placed with a private sector entity that assists in the placement deposits with eligible financial institutions located in the United States (Government Code Section 53601.8). The full amount of the principal and the interest that may be accrued during the maximum term of each deposit shall at all times be insured by federal deposit insurance. Placement Service Deposit, shall not exceed 5% per issuer of the value of the District's investments at any time. The maximum investment maturity will be restricted to three years.
- E. <u>Negotiable Certificates of Deposit:</u> Negotiable certificates of Deposits issued by a national or a State-chartered or a State or Federal association or by a federally licensed or State-licensed branch of a foreign bank (Government Code Section 53601(i)). Maximum investment maturity is restricted to two years for notes rated "AA-" or higher and five years for "AAA" rated notes. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, shall not exceed 5% per issuer of the value of all District investments at any time.
- F. <u>Commercial Paper</u>: Investment is limited to the highest grade of stand alone or enhanced ("prime") commercial paper as rated by Moody's Investor

Service, Standard & Poor's Corporation, or Fitch Financial Services (A1/P1/F1) issued only by a general corporation that is organized and operating within the United States, and having total assets in excess of \$500 million and has debt other than commercial paper that is rated "A" or higher by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch (Government Code Section 53601(h)). The maximum investment maturity for commercial paper shall be restricted to 270 days. Purchases of commercial paper shall not exceed 20% the total value of all District investments at any time and shall not exceed 5% per issuer of all District investments at any time.

- G. <u>Medium Term Notes</u>: Medium term notes are corporate or bank notes with a maximum remaining maturity of 5 years or less. Investment is limited to "AA-" rated or higher notes, from a nationally recognized rating service like Moody's Investor Service or Standard and Poor's Corporation. All such notes shall be solely from corporations organized and operating in the U.S. or banks licensed in the U.S. or any state and operating in the United States. Permissible types of notes include fixed rate and variable rate. Maximum investment maturity is restricted to two years for notes rated "AA-",or higher and five years for "AAA" rated notes. Medium term notes shall not exceed 5% per issuer of all District investments at any time.
- H. <u>Agencies</u>: The District is permitted to invest in federal agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations, participations, or other instruments, including those issued and fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by federal agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises (Government Code 53601(f)). Maximum maturity is limited to 5 years. The amount invested in agencies shall not exceed 50% of all District investments at any time.
- I. Money Market Funds: Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies that are money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1 and following) (Government Code 53601(I)(2)). Investments are limited to those money market funds that invest in U.S. Treasuries, Federal Agency obligations, and repurchase agreements relating to such obligations. Funds must have the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating by not less than two nationally recognized rating services, or have an investment adviser registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience managing money market funds with assets under management in excess of \$500,000,000. No more than 5% of the value of all District investments shall be invested in any fund and no more than 20% of the value of all District investments may be invested in all money market funds combined. Any fund shares purchased will not include any type of commission.
- J. <u>Banker's Acceptances</u>: Bankers' acceptances are bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank (Government Code 53601(g)). Purchases of banker's acceptances may not exceed 180 days maturity

as per Government Code Section 53601 (g). Maximum portfolio exposure will be limited to 20% of the total value of all District investments at any time and single issuer holdings to no more than 3% per issuer. Banker's acceptances shall <u>not</u> be purchased by the Treasurer without the prior approval of the Board.

K. Repurchase Agreements and Reverse Repurchase Agreements: A Repurchase Agreement is a purchase of securities by the District under an agreement with another party who will repurchase these securities on or before a specified date and for a specified amount and the other party delivers the underlying securities to the District by book entry, physical delivery, or by thirdparty custodial account. A Reverse Repurchase Agreement means a sale of securities by the District under an agreement where the District will repurchase the securities on or before a specified date. While Repurchase Agreements and Reverse Repurchase Agreements are permitted by state law (Government Code 53601(j)), the Treasurer shall not purchase any securities under a Repurchase Agreement or a Reverse Repurchase Agreement unless it has first been approved by the Board of Directors of the District. State law prohibits Repurchase Agreements unless the underlying value of the securities covering the Repurchase Agreement are valued at least 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities and this value must be adjusted no less than quarterly. Collateral for repurchase agreements is limited to obligations of the United States government and its agencies. Reverse Repurchase Agreements are only permitted by state law where the security being sold by the District has been owned and fully paid for by the District for a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to sale, The agreement may not exceed a term of 90 days unless the agreement includes a provision guaranteeing a minimum earning or spread for the entire period between the sale of a security and the final maturity date.

The amount invested repurchase agreements shall not exceed 20% of all District investments at any time. The amount invested in reverse repurchase agreements shall not exceed 10% of the base value of the District's portfolio at any time.

- L. <u>Local Government Investment Pool</u>: Shares of beneficial interest issued by a joint powers authority organized pursuant to Government Code Section 6509.7 that invests in the securities and obligations authorized in the Government Code(Government Code 53601(p)). Investments are limited to pools that seek to maintain a constant net asset value and which are rated "AA" or better. Local Government Investment Pools shall not exceed 30% of the value of all District investments at any time.
- M. <u>Municipal Bonds:</u> The Treasurer is authorized to invest in registered treasury notes or bonds of any of the 50 United States payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency or authority of any of the 50 United States. Such securities must have ratings from at least two of three ratings as follows: "A1"

by Moody's Investors Service, or "A+" by Standard & Poor's, or "A+" by Fitch Ratings; or as otherwise approved by the Board; or

Registered general obligation treasury notes or bonds of any of the 50 United States. Such securities must have ratings from two of three rating agencies as follows: at least "A3" by Moody's Investors Service, or "A-" by Standard & Poor's, or "A-" by Fitch Ratings; or as otherwise approved by the Board; or

Adjustable rate registered treasury notes or bonds of any of the 50 United States, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency or authority of any of the 50 United States. Such securities must have ratings from at least two of three rating agencies as follows: "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service, or "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's, or "F-1+" by Fitch Ratings; or as otherwise approved by the Board; or.

Adjustable rate notes or bonds warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within the State of California with a minimum rating of either "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service, or "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's, or "F-1+" by Fitch Ratings, including bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by either the local agency, a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency, or of any local agency within this state; or.

Taxable or tax-exempt bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within the State of California with a minimum rating of either "A1" by Moody's Investors Service, or "A+" by Standard & Poor's, or "A+" by Fitch Ratings (the minimum rating shall apply to the local agency, irrespective of any credit enhancement), including bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by either the local agency, a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency, or of any local agency within this state.

The amount invested in municipal securities shall not exceed 5% per issuer of all District investments at any time.

N. <u>Permitted Investments Without Board Approval</u>: The Treasurer is authorized to invest District funds in federally insured or collateralized depository accounts, the Local Agency Investment Fund, the California Asset Management Pool (CAMP), treasury securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, medium term notes, agencies and money market funds meeting all requirements of this investment policy for the particular investment being purchased without prior Board approval. All other investments such as banker's acceptances, Repurchase Agreements, Reverse Repurchase Agreements, and

investments in the San Diego County Investment Pool shall only occur with prior approval of the Board. The Treasurer shall ensure that all investments made on behalf of the District meet all of the minimum requirements contained in this Investment Policy.

VII. PORTFOLIO LIMITATIONS

Following is a listing of potential authorized investments with corresponding limitations on the amount of the District's portfolio that may be invested in each authorized investment at any given time:

Investment Description	Percentage Limitation	Dollar Limitation			
Local Agency Investment Fund	50%	\$40,000,000			
Treasury Securities	None	-			
Certificates of Deposit, Placement Service Deposits and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	30%	Placement service deposits may be made up to FDIC limit per financial institution. No more than 5% per issuer			
Local Government Investments Pools (such as CAMP)	30%	-			
Commercial Paper	20%	No more than 5% per issuer			
Medium Term Notes	30%	No more than 5% pe issuer			
Agencies	50%	-			
Depository Accounts, Money Market Funds	20%	No more than 5% in any money market fund			
Investments Pools	30%	-			
Municipal Bonds	30%	No more than 5% per issuer			
Bankers Acceptances	20%	No more than 3% per issuer with prior approval of the Board			
Repurchase Agreements	20%	With the prior approval of the Board			
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	10%	With the prior approval			

The weighted average days to maturity of the total portfolio shall not exceed the liquidity requirements of the District for the next six months based upon ongoing staff analyses.

In the event a security held by the District is subject to a rating change that brings it below the minimum credit ratings specified by the Policy, the Treasurer shall notify the Board at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting along with the Treasurer's recommended course of action. The course of action to be followed will be decided on a case-by-case basis by the Board, considering such factors as the reason for the rate drop, prognosis for recovery or further rate drops, and the market price of the security.

In the event that the percentage limits attributable to each security type are violated due to a temporary imbalance in the portfolio, the Treasurer will make a determination as to the appropriate course of action. The appropriate course of action may be to liquidate securities to rebalance the portfolio or to hold the securities to maturity in order to avoid a market loss. Portfolio percentages are in place to ensure diversification of the investment portfolio and as such a small temporary imbalance would not violate this basic tenet. When a portfolio percentage is exceeded the Treasurer will report the violation in the Treasurers Report at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting, with detail of the strategy determined to address the imbalance, for Board ratification. However, the Treasurer shall meet the portfolio percentages required by this investment policy at the end of each month, unless waived by the Board.

VIII. BOND PROCEEDS, BOND RESERVE FUNDS AND BOND SERVICE FUNDS

Investment of bond proceeds and amounts held in bond reserve and service funds are to be made in accordance with the related bond indentures.

IX. INTERNAL CONTROLS

Internal controls shall be designed to prevent losses of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation of third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets or imprudent action by employees and officers of the District. Controls deemed most important include: control of collusion; separation of duties and administrative controls; custodial safekeeping; clear delegation of authority; management review and approval of investment transactions; specific limitations regarding securities losses and remedial action; written confirmation of telephone transactions; minimizing the number of authorized investment officials; documentation of transactions and strategies; and code of ethic standards.

Existing procedures require all wire transfers initiated by the Finance Department be reconfirmed by the appropriate financial institution. In addition, the

District's signatory resolution specifies authorized signers and number of required signatures for different disbursement transactions. Proper documentation obtained from confirmation and cash disbursement wire transfers is required for each investment transaction. Timely bank reconciliations are conducted to ensure proper handling of all transactions.

The investment portfolio and all related transactions are reviewed and balanced to appropriate general ledger accounts by the Finance Department on a monthly basis. A listing of all investment transactions is provided on a monthly basis to the Board of Directors for their approval. Current policy also requires that the Treasurer's approval be obtained for the purchase or sale of securities other than transfers to/from investment pools or money market funds.

An independent analysis by an external auditor shall be conducted annually to review internal controls, account activity and compliance with policies and procedures.

X. QUALIFIED BANKS AND SECURITIES DEALERS

The District shall conduct business only with nationally or state chartered banks, savings and loans or credit unions that are licensed and operating in the United States or a state of the United States, and registered investment securities dealers. The District's staff will investigate all institutions that wish to conduct business with the District prior to any District investment in the institution. All banks shall have a minimum rating of "A" by Moody's or Standard and Poor. A list will be maintained by the Finance Manager of approved institutions and security broker/dealers. A bank rating service will be used by staff to verify financial information provided by a financial institution or dealer. Annually, the Treasurer shall transmit a copy of the current Statement of Investment Policy to all approved dealers. The dealer is required to return a signed statement indicating receipt and understanding of the District's Investment Policies. Primary dealers of the Federal Reserve may provide substitute certification language at the discretion of the Treasurer.

XI. ETHICS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Additionally the Treasurer and the Finance Manager are required to annually file applicable financial disclosures as required by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC). All officers and employees involved in the investment of public funds are required to comply with the District's Conflict of Interest Code. The Treasurer and any District employees or agents evaluating any investment for the District shall disclose any interest owned or held in any institution or investment being considered by the District prior to the investment.

XII. BOARD DISCRETION

The District recognizes that this policy consists of guidelines designed to protect District funds and to provide liquidity for the on-going District operations. The Board of Directors may timely approve, on an individual basis, investments which would otherwise not be in accordance with this policy, in the event of unforeseen circumstances, so long as the investment is permitted by state law.

XIII. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY

To protect against potential losses caused by the collapse of a security dealer, all book-entry securities owned by the District, including repurchase agreement collateral previously approved by the Board, shall be kept in safekeeping with "perfected interest" by a third party bank trust department, acting as agent for the District under the terms of a custody agreement executed by the bank and by the District. All book-entry securities will be received and delivered using standard delivery-versus-payment procedures.

XIV. INTEREST EARNINGS

All monies earned and collected from investments authorized in this policy shall be allocated monthly to various fund accounts based on the cash balance in each fund as a percentage of the entire pooled portfolio.

XV. PROHIBITED INVESTMENTS

The Treasurer shall not invest any funds of the District in inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage derived interest-only strips at any time. The Treasurer shall not invest any funds of the District in any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity, except as authorized by Code. (Gov't Code §53601.6).

XVI. INVESTMENT PÜRCHASES

Any investments that the Treasurer purchases for the District that are not purchased directly from the issuer shall be purchased either from an institution licensed by the State of California as a broker/dealer or from a member of a federally registered securities exchange, from a national or state-chartered bank, from a savings association or a federal association, or from a brokerage firm designated as a primary government dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank. (Gov't Code §53601.5)

XVII. QUARTERLY REPORTS

At least once each quarter, the District's Finance Officer shall provide an oral report to the Finance Committee, comprised of the District's treasurer and one board member, evaluating the safety of all District investments and advising the committee of any investments of the District that represent a credit risk.

XVIII. TREASURER'S AUTHORITY AND REVIEW OF INVESTMENT POLICY

The Authority of the Treasurer to make investment decisions on behalf of the District shall automatically expire on December 31, 2022-2023 unless renewed or extended by formal action of the Board of Directors of the District. This investment policy shall be presented to the Board of Directors of the District by no later than December 31, 2022-2023 and annually thereafter.



Board Designated Fund Balances (Reserves) Policy

This Policy represents public affirmation of the Board's commitment to financial prudence and careful stewardship of community assets. This Policy shall cover the District's Operating Fund, Capital and Equipment Fund, and Rate Stabilization Fund for water (potable and recycled) and wastewater (sewer) operations. These Funds are designated by the District's Board to carry out specific purposes, ensuring prudent management of the District's financial resources, and are used by District staff as parameters within which the Board expects staff to operate.

This Policy has three primary goals:

- To provide adequate funding to meet the District's short-term and long-term plans and commitments to its customers.
- To minimize adverse multi-year budgetary impacts from anticipated and unanticipated expenditures, thus avoiding future rate fluctuations.
- To preserve the financial stability of the District against present and future uncertainties in an ever-changing environment.

Operating Fund, Capital and Equipment Fund, and Rate Stabilization Fund balances will be reviewed annually when the District's financial audit is completed. At that time, staff will present to the Board a recommendation on the handling of these Funds.

Water - Operating Fund

Purpose: To ensure cash resources are available to pay for day-to-day water

operations, including payments for purchased water and debt service payments and to provide funding in case of operating emergencies and

unforeseen circumstances.

Target Balance: A minimum balance equal to 60 days of approved annual water operating

and maintenance expenditures in the budget shall be maintained in this fund. The maximum amount in this fund shall not exceed 120 days of approved annual water operating and maintenance expenditures in the budget. Operating Fund balance in excess of the 120-day maximum balance will be transferred into other Fund(s), with Board approval, as long as fund balances are below their maximum amount stated in this Policy. Any excess over the maximum amount shall be reported to the Board at the first monthly regular Board meeting after the excess occurs with a staff recommendation as to the handling of the excess funds. A cash balance below the minimum target balance shall also be reported with specific notes

to the Board on a regular basis.

Methodology: Due to the timing difference between the dates when cash is collected and

spent, the District is required to maintain sufficient cash on hand to meet its day-to-day cash disbursements, such as payroll, water purchases, debt service payments, and to provide funding for emergency operating expenditures due to unforeseen situations, such as natural disasters or any

other unanticipated expenses that will result in an unexpected increase in

the District's expenditures.

Use of Funds: To pay for day-to-day water operating and maintenance expenditures and

any unexpected expenses or emergencies due to the timing difference

between cash being collected and spent.

Contributions: Additions to this fund come from any excess in water operations (revenues

over expenses.) When water revenue is not sufficient to meet the District's debt service coverage requirements, funds will be transferred from the Rate Stabilization Fund into the Operating Fund. The adequacy of this fund will be

reviewed annually after the financial audit is completed.

Water - Capital and Equipment Fund

Purpose: To provide funding for the District's water capital infrastructure

improvements and replacements approved by the Board and included in the 10 Year Capital Spending Plan. The District also has Debt Management Policy that provides guidelines on how Capital Improvement Programs should

be funded.

Target Balance: A minimum balance equals to one (1) year of the average approved capital

expenditures over the next ten years in the District's 10 Year Capital

Spending Plan shall be maintained in this fund. A maximum balance equals to five (5) years of the average approved capital expenditures over the next ten years in the District's 10 Year Capital Spending Plan. Any excess over the maximum amount in this fund shall be reported to the Board at the first regular monthly Board meeting after the excess occurs. Staff will provide a recommendation on the handling of these excess funds. Any cash balance below the minimum target balance shall also be reported with specific notes

to the Board on a regular basis.

Methodology: The District follows a 10 Year Capital Spending Plan which outlines water

infrastructure improvements and replacements planned for the next ten

years.

Use of Funds: To construct, improve, and replace water capital infrastructures and to

purchase capital items approved by the Board and included in the District's

Budget.

Contribution: Water Rates and Capacity Fees. The District will make annual contributions

from water rates and capacity fees to this fund to provide funding for District water capital infrastructure improvements and replacements included in the 20 Year Capital Spending Plan. Any excess over the maximum amount in this

fund shall be reported to the Board at the first regular monthly Board

meeting after the excess occurs. Staff will provide a recommendation on the

handling of these excess funds.

Water - Rate Stabilization Fund

Purpose: To protect the District's financial stability and to secure the District's ability

to pay for its financial obligations, including debt service installment payments when revenue shortfalls occur due to weather conditions,

economic shortfalls, changes in state and federal legislation, or other future

uncertainties, enabling the District to avoid the need for rate spikes.

Target Balance: A minimum of 25% of the average estimated Net Water Sales over two (2)

fiscal years approved in the District's budget shall be maintained in the Rate

Stabilization Fund. The maximum amount in the Rate Stabilization Fund shall not exceed 50% of the average estimated Net Water Sales over two fiscal years approved in the District's budget. Net Water Sales are defined as total revenues from water operations less water purchase expenses. Any excess over the maximum amount in this fund shall be reported at the next regular Board Meeting with staff's recommendation on the handling of these excess funds.

Methodology:

The District relies on water commodity revenues to pay for costs to deliver water and provide service to its customers. This fund allows for financial flexibility to manage water sales fluctuations due to uncontrollable conditions such as prolonged wet or dry weather, enabling the District to stabilize rates from year to year.

Use of Funds:

To mitigate the immediate need to raise water rates in the event of cash flow reductions from operations so that the District has the ability to meet its debt service payments.

Contributions:

Any excess from the Water Operating Fund after annual contributions to the Capital and Equipment Fund is made for that year. Contributions to this fund can only be made with Board approval. Adequacy of this fund will be reviewed by District staff during budget process. By maintaining an adequate balance in this fund, the District can experience years when revenues fluctuate (e.g., due to drought or wet weather) without the need to raise rates. By decreasing this fund, the District becomes less stable and, therefore, more vulnerable to future rate increases. The Board must determine the level of risk it is willing to assume for the Rate Stabilization Fund as part of the budget process.

Water - Pension Stabilization Fund

Purpose:

To secure the District's ability to have a consistent annual Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) payment to California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS), including Additional Discretionary Payment(s) while achieving its pension funding goal with no rate spikes. The funding goal of a defined benefit pension plan is 100%, which is to fund the long-term cost of benefits provided to the plan members.

Target Balance:

A minimum of one (1) year average of Projected Future Employer Contributions for UAL Payment over the next 5 fiscal years based on the most current CalPERS annual actuarial report for Classic and PEPRA plans shall be maintained in this fund. A maximum of two (2) years average of Projected Future Employer Contributions for UAL Payment over the next 5 fiscal years included in the most current CalPERS annual actuarial report for Classic and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plans.

Methodology:

The funding goal of a defined benefit pension plan is 100%, which is to fund the long-term cost of benefits provided to plan members. The District relies on water revenues which are subject to external and uncontrollable factors such as weather conditions, federal and state mandates, and economic uncertainty to sustain operations. This fund allows the District to continue funding its pension liability during temporary budget shortfalls, such as prolonged wet or dry weather, thus avoiding rate spikes.

Use of Funds:

To mitigate the immediate need to use other available reserves to fund the District's pension obligations and to comply with the District's Pension Funding Policy. In the event that a District's pension plan achieves a "superfunded" status (funding level exceeds 100%), District staff will report to the Board and provide a recommendation to the Board on the handling of these excess funds after the most recent CalPERS actuarial report is released and the District's financial audit is completed.

Contributions:

Any excess from the Water Operating Fund after annual contributions to the Capital and Equipment Fund is made for that year. Contributions to this fund can only be made with Board approval. Maintaining adequate balance in this fund reflects the Board's commitment to achieve a fully funded pension plan in a timely manner when revenues fluctuate from year to year. Adequacy of this fund will be reviewed by District staff annually, after the most current CalPERS actuarial report is released and the District's financial audit is completed.

Wastewater - Operating (Revenue) Fund

Purpose: The District receives the majority of its wastewater service revenues in

December and April at the same time when customers pay their property tax bills. Because of the timing difference between revenues and expenditures, the District must have cash resources available to pay for day-to-day wastewater operations and maintenance, debt service, and operating

emergencies.

Target Balance: A minimum of 180 days of annual wastewater operations and maintenance

expenditures approved by the Board in the District's budget shall be maintained in this fund. The maximum in this fund shall not exceed 365 days of annual wastewater operations and maintenance expenditures approved by the Board in the District's budget. After the annual financial audit is completed, any excess over the maximum amount, with Board approval, will be transferred to the Wastewater Capital and Equipment Fund and/or Rate Stabilization Fund as long as the fund balance is below their maximum amount. Any excess over the maximum amount shall be reported to the Board at the first regular Board Meeting with staff's recommendation on the handling of these excess funds. Any cash balance below the minimum target balance shall also be reported with specific notes to the Board on a regular

basis.

Methodology: Wastewater service charges are collected through the County Tax Collector's

office at the same time that property tax bills are paid by sewer customers (the majority of which are collected on December 31 and April 30). Due to the timing of these receipts, the District needs to have sufficient cash on hand to pay for day-to-day Wastewater operating and maintenance

expenses.

Use of Funds: These funds will be used to pay for wastewater (sewer) operating and

maintenance expenditures approved by the Board, wastewater debt service

payments, and for any operating emergencies or unanticipated

expenditures.

Contributions: Additions to this fund are a result of net income from Wastewater operations

(revenue over expenses) after annual cash transfers to the Wastewater Capital and Equipment Fund and Wastewater Rate Stabilization Fund.

Wastewater - Rate Stabilization Fund

Purpose: To protect the District's financial resources against economic shortfalls or an

unexpected increase in expenditures, including sewage spill clean-up costs, a penalty imposed by the Regional Water Quality Control Board when sewage spills occur, or an emergency repair to damaged sewer facilities following natural disasters or other unforeseen emergencies. These conditions can

lead the District to operating deficits.

Target Balance: A minimum of 25 percent of annual Wastewater operating and maintenance

expenditures approved by the Board shall be maintained in this fund. A maximum equal to 100 percent of annual Wastewater operating and maintenance expenditures approved by the Board. Any excess over the maximum amount in this fund shall be reported at the next regular Board meeting with staff's recommendation on the handling of these excess funds.

Methodology: This fund will be available to minimize the need for sewer rate increases as

well as for spending changes during the fiscal year. It can also be used to

stabilize wastewater rates and charges from year to year.

Use of Funds: These funds will be used to mitigate the immediate need to raise wastewater

rates and charges in the event of cash flow reductions from wastewater service revenues so that the District has the ability to meet its sewer debt

service coverage ratio.

Contributions: Contributions to this fund can only be made with Board approval and are

reviewed by District staff during the budget process. By maintaining an adequate balance in this fund, the District can avoid operating deficits due to major unexpected expenditures without the need to raise sewer rates and charges and to secure the District's ability to pay its sewer debt service obligations. When revenues are not sufficient to meet the District's annual debt service payment, funds will be transferred from the Wastewater- Rate

Stabilization Fund into this fund.

Wastewater - Capital and Equipment Fund

Purpose: To provide funding for the District's Wastewater (sewer) Capital

Improvement Program as identified in the District's 10 Year Capital Spending Plan. The District follows its Debt Management Policy to fund its Wastewater

(sewer) Capital Improvement Program.

Target Balance: A minimum balance of two years' average of planned capital expenditures of

the approved 10-year Wastewater Capital Spending Plan spending shall be maintained in this fund. The maximum in this fund shall not exceed five years' average of planned capital expenditures of the approved 10-Year Wastewater Capital Spending Plan. Any excess over the maximum amount in this fund shall be reported to the Board at its next regular Board meeting with staff's recommendation on the handling of these excess funds. Any cash balance below the minimum target balance shall also be reported with

specific notes to the Board on a regular basis.

Methodology: The District follows a 10 Year Wastewater Capital Spending Plan which has a

list of wastewater infrastructure improvements and replacements for the

next ten years

Use of Funds: The funds will be used to improve, acquire, and replace Wastewater

infrastructures in the 10 Year Wastewater Capital Spending Plan.

Contribution: Wastewater (sewer) service charges, wastewater capacity fees, and

wastewater annexation fees. Net operating income from wastewater operations collected from user charges will be transferred to Wastewater Capital and Equipment Fund annually to provide funds for Wastewater

Capital Improvement Program.

Wastewater - Pension Stabilization Fund

Purpose: To secure the District's ability to have a consistent annual Unfunded Accrued

Liability (UAL) payment to California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS), including Additional Discretionary Payment(s) while achieving its pension funding goal. The funding goal of a defined benefit pension plan is 100%, which is to fund the long-term cost of benefits provided to the plan

members.

Target Balance: A minimum of one (1) year average of Projected Future Employer

Contributions for UAL Payment over the next 5 fiscal years based on the most current CalPERS annual actuarial report for Classic and PEPRA plans shall be maintained in this fund. A maximum of two (2) years average of Projected Future Employer Contributions for UAL Payment over the next 5

fiscal years included in the most current CalPERS annual actuarial report for Classic and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plans.

Methodology:

The funding goal of a defined benefit pension plan is 100%, which is to fund the long-term cost of benefits provided to plan members. The District relies on water revenues which are subject to external and uncontrollable factors such as weather conditions, federal and state mandates, and economic uncertainty to sustain operations. This fund allows the District to continue funding its pension liability during revenue shortfalls.

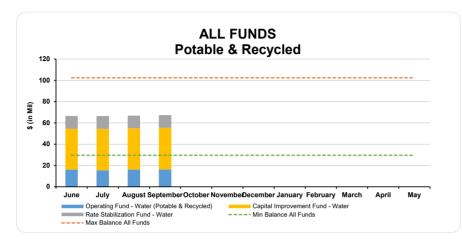
Use of Funds:

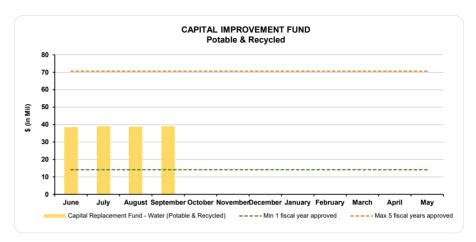
To mitigate the immediate need to use other available reserves to fund the District's pension obligations and to comply with the District's Pension Funding Policy. In the event that a District's pension plan achieves a "superfunded" status (funding level exceeds 100%), District staff will report to the Board and provide a recommendation to the Board on the handling of these excess funds after the most recent CalPERS actuarial report is released and the District's financial audit is completed.

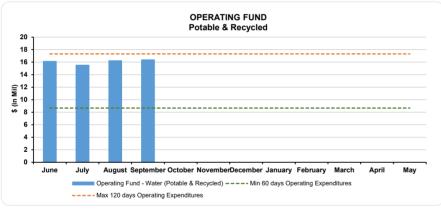
Contributions:

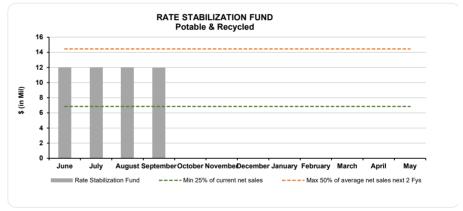
Any excess from the Wastewater Operating (Revenue) Fund after annual contributions to the Capital and Equipment Fund is made for that year. Contributions to this fund can only be made with Board approval. Maintaining adequate balance in this fund reflects the Board's commitment to achieve a fully funded pension plan in a timely manner when revenues fluctuate from year to year. Adequacy of this fund will be reviewed by District staff annually, after the most current CalPERS actuarial report is released and the District's financial audit is completed.

POTABLE & RECYCLED Fund Balance Analysis

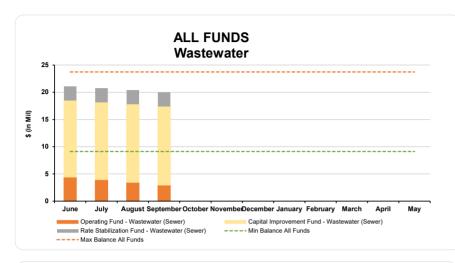


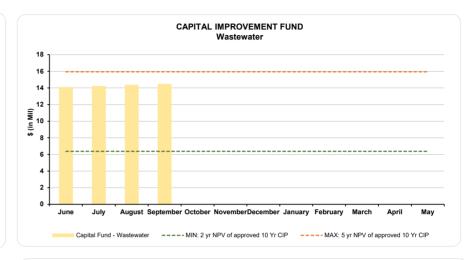


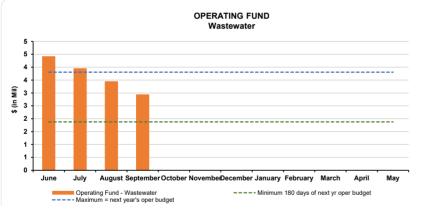


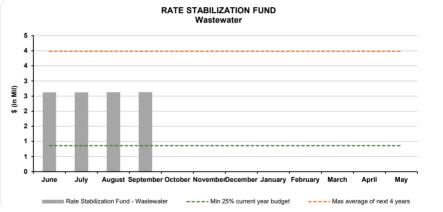


WASTEWATER Fund Balance Analysis













Memo

Date: November 9, 2022

To: Finance Committee

From: Rainy Selamat, Finance Manager

Via: Kimberly Thorner, General Manager

Subject: REVIEW STAFF'S REPORT ON DISTRICT PENSION PLANS FUNDING STATUS

WITH CALPERS AND DISCUSS STAFF'S RECOMMENDED PENSION FUNDING

PLANS FOR 2022

A copy of staff's presentation is attached for discussion and consideration by the Committee.

Staff will make a presentation to the Committee and be available for discussion at the meeting.

Attachment: Presentation

ANNUAL REVIEW OF PENSION FUNDING STATUS

2022



Purpose

- Review and report the District's pension funding status to the Board after OMWD financial audit is completed with the most current CalPERS actuarial report
- Staff's report is based on CalPERS' Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2021
 - Required contributions for fiscal year July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024.

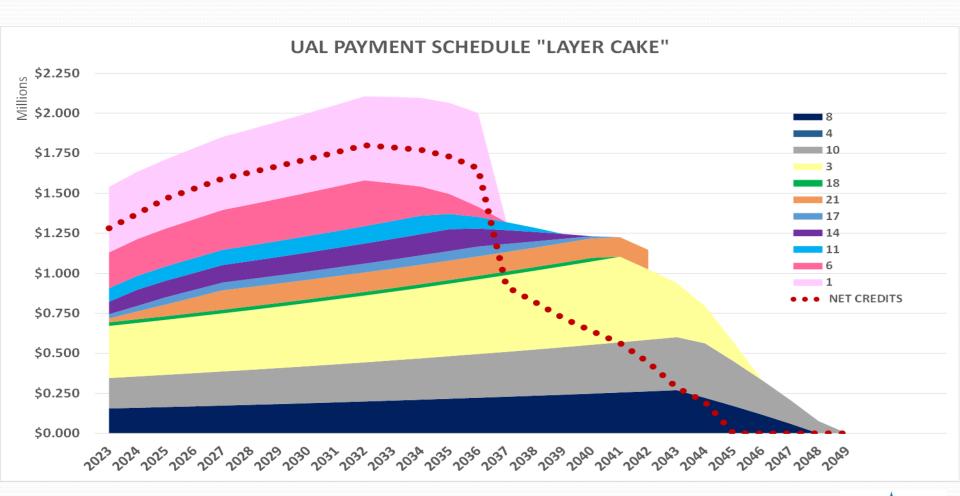
Timing of CalPERS Reports vs. Contributions to CalPERS

- Every August, CalPERS releases a new actuarial report, based on values as of June 30th of the previous fiscal year.
- The required contributions are due to be paid two years after the new released report
- For examples:
 - The Required Contributions for fiscal year 2022 (July 1, 2021 to June 30, 22) were paid to CalPERS in July 2021 was based on CalPERS' Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2019
 - The Required Contributions for fiscal year 2023 (July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023) paid to CalPERS in July 2022 was based on CalPERS's Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2020
- Additional Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) payment, ie.
 Additional Discretionary Payment (ADP) made after the cut-off date (in April of each year) will be adjusted separately
 - The District of \$485,000 on June 28, 2021.

Component - Pension Contributions

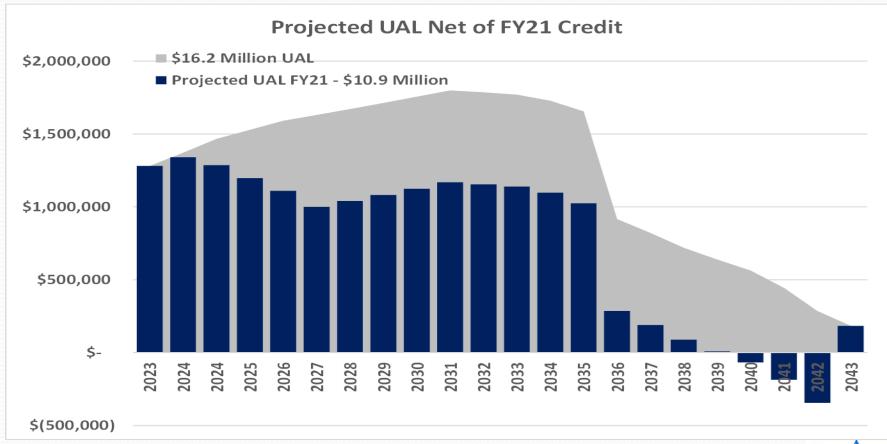
- Normal Cost
 - As a percentage of total active payroll. The calculations are based on CalPERS actuarial assumptions on demographic (mortality, retirement, termination, disability) and economic (future investment earnings, inflation, and salary growth rates)
 - Employees pay 8% of Normal Cost (Fixed Max %)
 - Employer pay the remaining (~ 13%)
- Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)
 - A **minimum** dollar amount billed by CalPERS each year based on a 20 year or less amortization schedule
 - The District prepays this amount in July of each year

UAL Layer Cake – presented to the Board in April 2022





Projected UAL @06/30/21 (presented to the Board in April 2022)





Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions since the PY's Valuation (FY 20)

- On November 17, 2021, CalPERS Board adopted new actuarial assumptions on termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumption for public agencies
 - Impact: an increase to the required contribution for FY 2023-24 from 11.6% to 13.34%
- CalPERS Board adopted a new asset portfolio as part of its Asset Liability Management Process
 - Impacts: a reduction in CalPERS discount rate from 7% to 6.8% and a change in the price inflation assumption to 2.3%

Updated UAL @ 06/30/21- Classic

CALPERS ACTUARIAL VALUATION - June 30, 2021 Miscellaneous Plan of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District CalPERS ID: 7505210944

Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVB)	\$64,311,632	\$68,959,317
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability (AL)	57,897,331	62,213,836
Plan's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	41,912,549	51,909,629
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) - (3)]	15,984,782	10,304,207
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	72.4%	83.4%



Actuarial Valuation as of 06/30/21

Funding History

The table below shows the recent history of the actuarial accrued liability, share of the pool's market value of assets, unfunded accrued liability, funded ratio, and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
06/30/2012	\$31,441,149	\$22,625,378	\$8,815,771	72.0%	\$5,283,146
06/30/2013	34,526,611	26,306,710	8,219,901	76.2%	5,638,988
06/30/2014	39,388,054	31,865,061	7,522,993	80.9%	5,691,711
06/30/2015	41,569,707	32,254,101	9,315,606	77.6%	5,664,840
06/30/2016	44,640,192	32,334,569	12,305,623	72.4%	5,076,491
06/30/2017	48,015,640	35,772,067	12,243,573	74.5%	5,018,358
06/30/2018	52,009,563	37,853,859	14,155,704	72.8%	5,230,406
06/30/2019	55,279,567	40,368,634	14,910,933	73.0%	4,968,187
06/30/2020	57,897,331	41,912,549	15,984,782	72.4%	4,631,209
06/30/2021	62,213,836	51,909,629	10,304,207	83.4%	4,281,996

Updated UAL @ 06/30/21 -PEPRA

CALPERS ACTUARIAL VALUATION - June 30, 2021 PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan of the Olivenhain Municipal Water District CalPERS ID: 7505210944

Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVB)	\$5,214,618	\$6,991,579
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability (AL)	1,310,963	2,007,986
Plan's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	1,184,160	2,100,772
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) - (3)]	126,803	(92,786)
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	90.3%	104.6%



Volatility of employer contributions

Maturity Measures History

Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio
06/30/2017	0.51	0.80	7.1	9.6
06/30/2018	0.50	0.78	7.2	9.9
06/30/2019	0.51	0.66	8.1	11.1
06/30/2020	0.52	0.56	9.1	12.5
06/30/2021	0.52	0.46	12.1	14.5

Maturity Measures History

Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio
06/30/2017	0.00	N/A	0.2	0.2
06/30/2018	0.00	N/A	0.3	0.4
06/30/2019	0.00	N/A	0.4	0.5
06/30/2020	0.00	N/A	0.4	0.5
06/30/2021	0.00	N/A	0.7	0.7

Actuarial Valuations Preview of 06/30/22



Two Key Stats

PERF return for FY 2021-22 is -6.1% (Expected return: 6.8%)

Estimated PERF funded status as of 6/30/22 is **72%**

Total Net Investment Returns Over Time

30 year	7.7%
20 year	6.9%
10 year	7.7%
5 year	6.7%
1 year	-6.1%

(As of fiscal year ending 6/30/22)

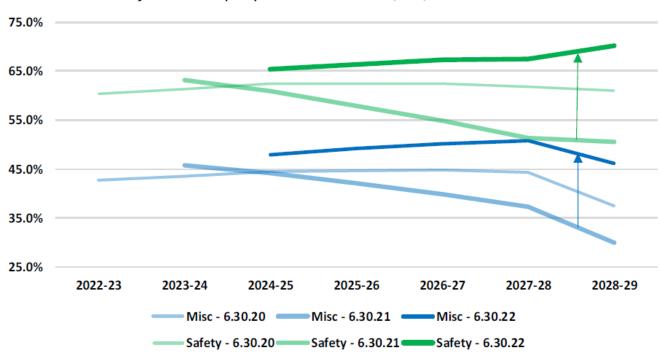


Contributing Macroeconomic Themes

- Labor market is tight, putting pressure on wages
- Supply chain constraints and higher commodity prices pushing inflation higher
- Federal Reserve is raising rates to cool the economy
- Economic activity is slowing

Projected Contribution Rates — Sample Plan

Projected Employer Rates from 6/30/2022 Estimates





2021-22 PERF Investment Returns

\$440 Billion Assets Under Management, as of June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year 2021-22 By Asset Class

Asset Class	Return
Public Equity	-13.1%
Private Equity ¹	21.3%
Income	-14.5%
Real Assets ¹	24.1%
Liquidity	0.3%

¹ Private asset valuations are lagged one quarter and reported as of March 31, 2022



Discussion



OMWD Pension Funding Policy

- Make regular annual Additional Discretionary Payment (ADP) of \$311,000 before December 31st
 - To reduce UAL and long-term savings
- Implement a 13-year Fresh Start
 - To re-amortize UAL over a shorter time
 - To level the District's annual UAL payments
- Fund the District's Pension Stabilization Fund
 - To be used as emergency source of funds to pay for additional amortization bases (future new layer in UAL Layer Cake) during difficult budgetary or economic times
 - To be used to pay for future ADP, if needed
 - The Board has full discretion

Staff's Recommendations

- Make a \$311,000 Additional Discretionary Payment (ADP) before December 31, 2022 in accordance with adopted Pension Funding Policy
- Modify the amortization schedule of the District's Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) over a period of 13 years or a 13-year "Fresh Start"
- Result:
 - A reduction (saving) in the District's UAL Payment of \$148,840 from \$1,184,077 to \$1,035,237
- Funding:
 - A \$715,000 transfer from Water (Potable and Recycled) Operating Fund to Pension Stabilization Fund – Water
 - \$311,000 of this amount will be used to make \$311,000 ADP in 2022
 - Additional \$500,000 in ADP has been planned and included in the District's LRFP in each fiscal year since Fiscal year 2020-21.
 - A \$71,000 transfer from Sewer Operating Fund to Pension Stabilization Fund - Sewer

Questions

